

# Diffraction @ CDF

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The Future of QCD at the Tevatron  
Fermilab, 20-22 May 2004



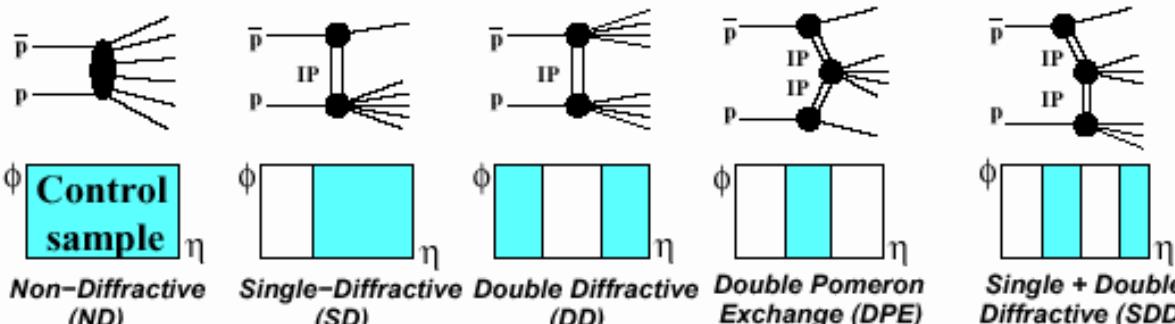
# Diffraction@CDF in Run I

16 papers

□ Elastic scattering PRD 50 (1994) 5518

□ Total cross section PRD 50 (1994) 5550

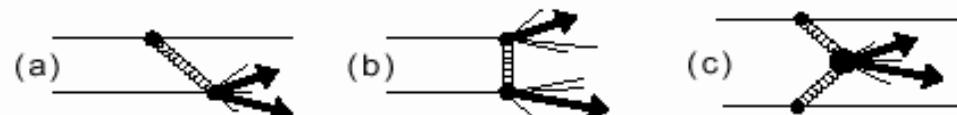
□ Diffraction



**SOFT diffraction**

**HARD diffraction**

PRL references



**with roman pots**

JJ	84 (2000) 5043
JJ	88 (2002) 151802

W	78 (1997) 2698	JJ	74 (1995) 855	JJ	85 (2000) 4217
JJ	79 (1997) 2636	JJ	80 (1998) 1156		
b-quark	84 (2000) 232	JJ	81 (1998) 5278		
J/ $\psi$	87 (2001) 241802				

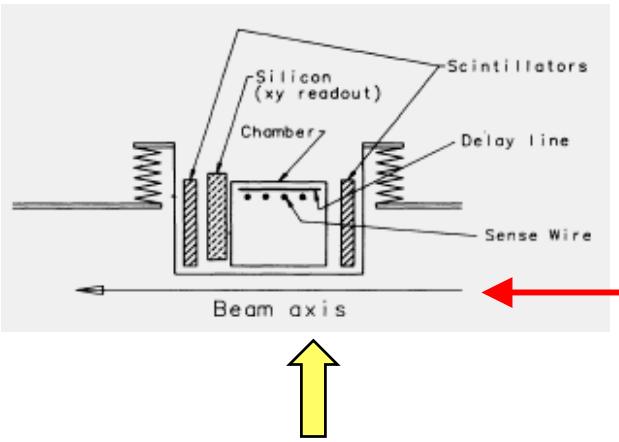
# Run I

Run #	Dates	$\text{pb}^{-1}$	Physics
1-0	1988-89	$\sim 5$	Elastic, Diffractive & Total x-sections
1-A,B	1992-95	$\sim 120$	Rapidity Gaps
1-C	1995-96	$\sim 10$	Roman Pots

# Run 1-0 (1988-89)

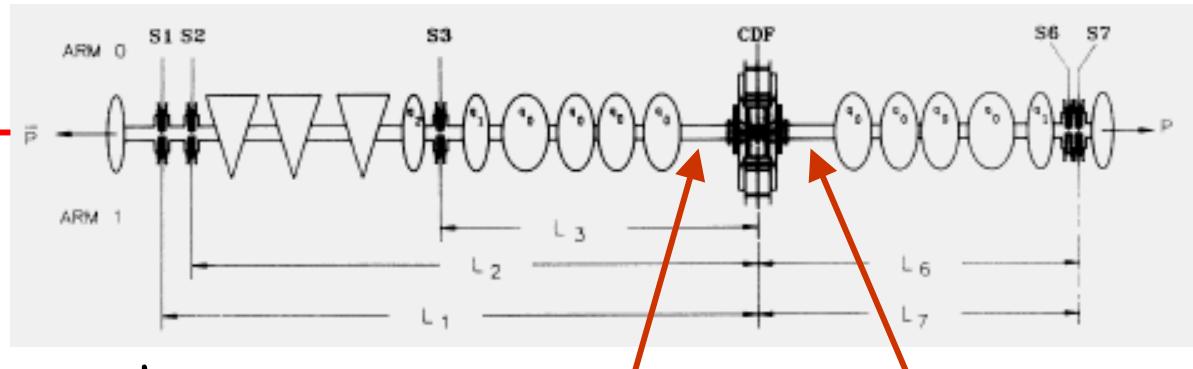
Elastic, single diffractive, and total cross sections  
@ 546 and 1800 GeV

## Roman Pot Spectrometers



### Roman Pot Detectors

- Scintillation trigger counters
- Wire chamber
- Double-sided silicon strip detector



Additional Detectors  
Trackers up to  $|\eta| = 7$

## Results

- Total cross section
- Elastic cross section
- Single diffraction

$$\sigma^{\text{tot}} \sim S^\varepsilon$$

$d\sigma/dt \sim \exp[2\alpha' \ln s] \rightarrow$  shrinking forward peak

**Breakdown of Regge factorization**

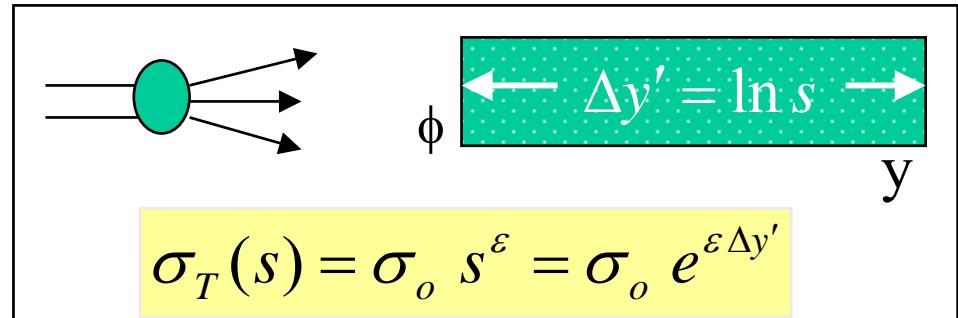
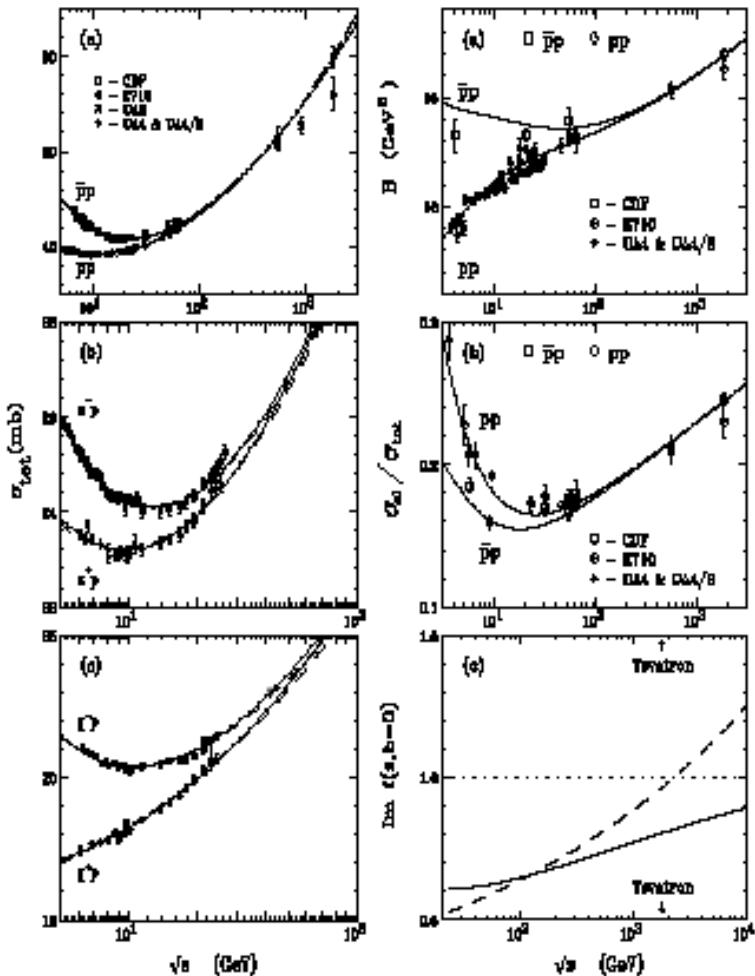
# Total & Elastic Cross Sections

(Run I-0)

## Total and Elastic Cross Sections

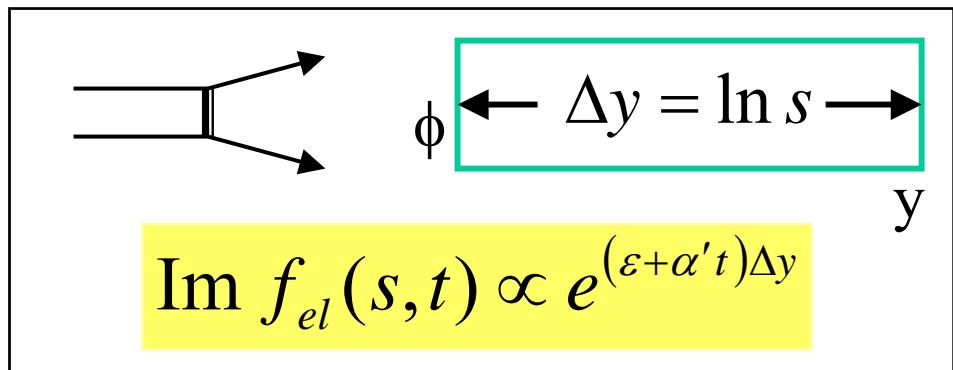
Covolan, Montanha and Goulianos, Phys. Lett. B 389 (1996) 176

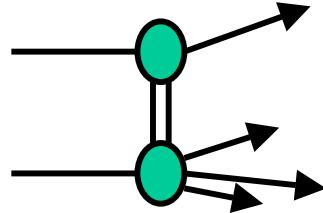
$$\alpha_F = 1 + \varepsilon (\Rightarrow 0.104) + 0.25t \quad \alpha_{F/\pi} = 0.68 + 0.82t \quad \alpha_{\pi/\rho} = 0.46 + 0.92t$$



The exponential rise of  $\sigma_T$  is a QCD aspect expected in the parton model

(see E. Levin, An Introduction to Pomerons, Preprint DESY 98-120)





# Soft Diffraction (Run I-0)

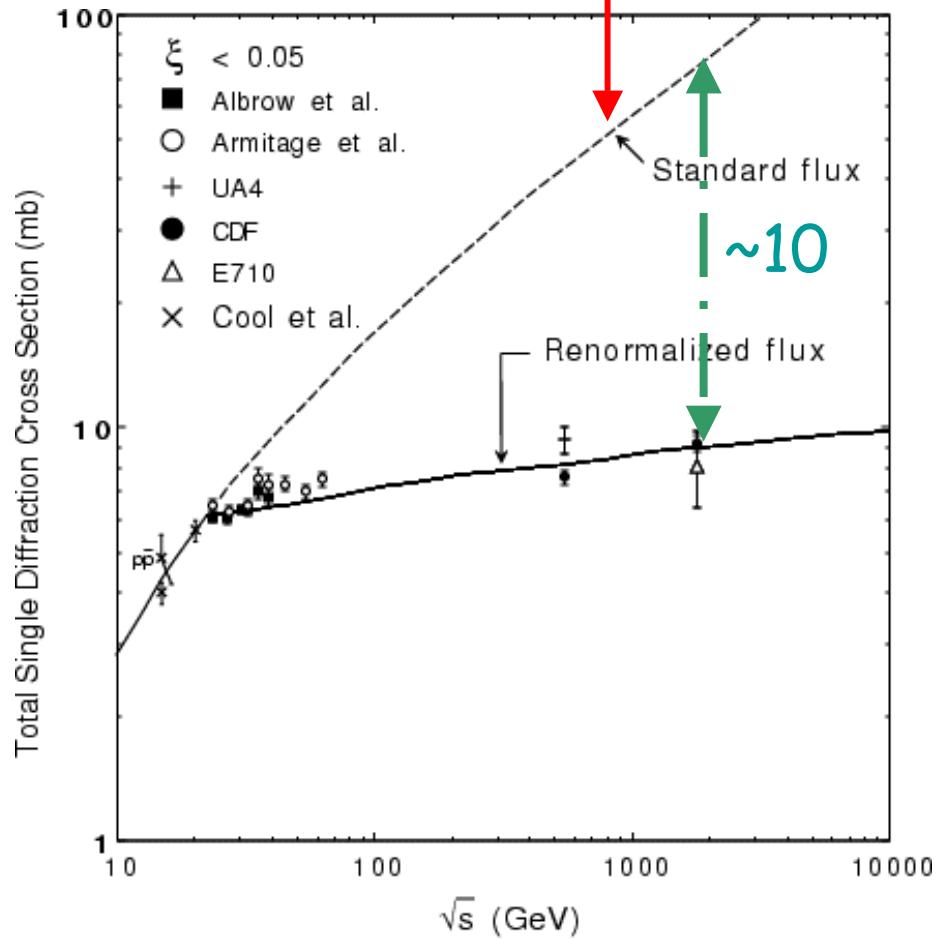
$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{SD}}{dt d\xi} = f_{IP/p}(t, \xi) \cdot \sigma_{IP-\bar{p}}(M_X^2)$$

$$\sigma_{SD} \sim s^{2\varepsilon}$$

- ❖ Unitarity problem:  
With factorization  
and std pomeron flux  
 $\sigma_{SD}$  exceeds  $\sigma_T$  at  
 $\sqrt{s} \approx 2 \text{ TeV}$ .
- ❖ Renormalization:  
normalize the pomeron  
flux to unity

KG, PLB 358 (1995) 379

$$\int_{\xi_{min}}^{\xi_{max}} \int_{t=-\infty}^{\infty} f_{IP/p}(t, \xi) d\xi dt = 1$$

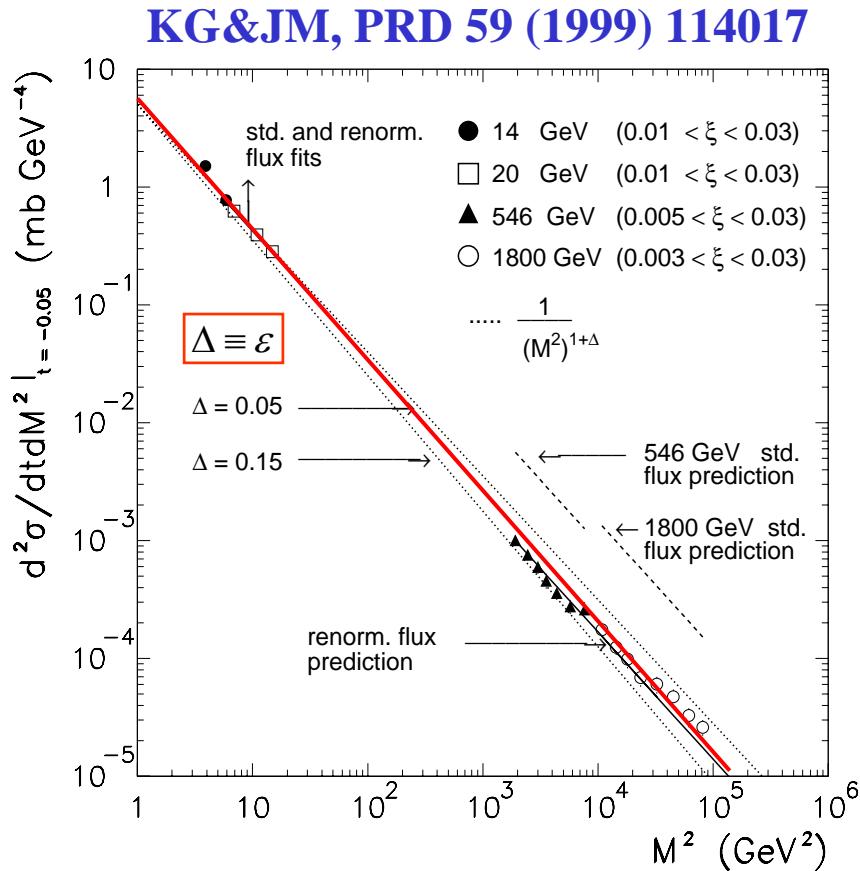


# M<sup>2</sup>-scaling

Factorization breaks  
down in favor of  
M<sup>2</sup>-scaling

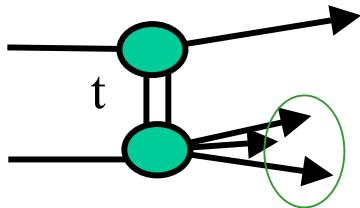
renormalization

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dM^2} \propto \frac{s^{2\varepsilon}}{(M^2)^{1+\varepsilon}}$$



# QCD Basis for Renormalization

(KG, hep-ph/0205141)



2 independent variables:  $t, \Delta y$

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dt d\Delta y} = C \bullet F_p^2(t_1) \bullet \left\{ e^{(\varepsilon + \alpha' t)\Delta y} \right\}^2 \bullet \kappa \bullet \left\{ \sigma_o e^{\varepsilon \Delta y'} \right\}$$

color factor

$$\kappa = \frac{g_{IP-IP-IP}(t)}{\beta_{IP-p-p}(0)} \approx 0.17$$

Gap probability

$$\sim e^{2\varepsilon \Delta y} \rightarrow$$

$$\int_{\Delta y_{\min}}^{\Delta y = \ln s} s^{2\varepsilon \Delta y} \approx s^{2\varepsilon}$$

Renormalization removes the s-dependence  $\rightarrow$  M<sup>2</sup>-SCALING

# $\kappa$ and $\varepsilon$

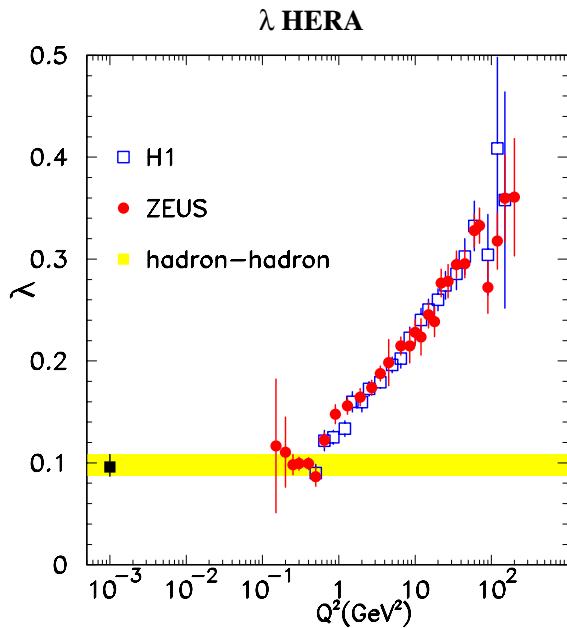
Experimentally:

KG&JM, PRD 59 (114017) 1999

$$\kappa = \frac{g_{IP-IP-IP}}{\beta_{IP-p}} = 0.17 \pm 0.02, \quad \varepsilon = 0.104$$

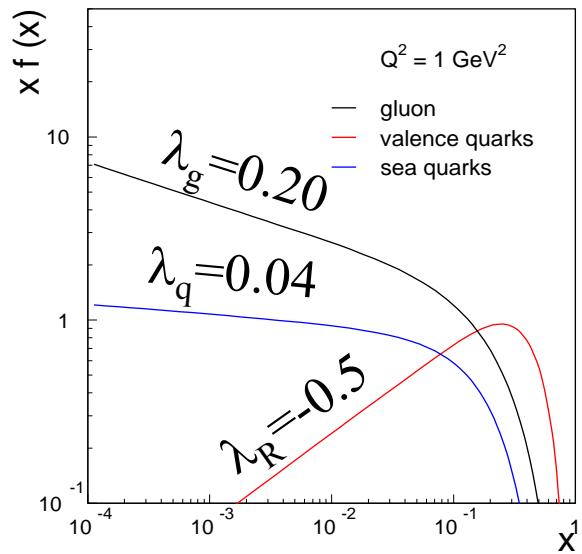
Color factor:  $\kappa = f_g \times \frac{1}{N_c^2 - 1} + f_q \times \frac{1}{N_c} \frac{Q^2}{Q^2} = 1 \approx 0.75 \times \frac{1}{8} + 0.25 \times \frac{1}{3} = 0.18$

Pomeron intercept:  $\varepsilon = \lambda_g \cdot w_g + \lambda_q \cdot w_q = 0.12$



$$x \cdot f(x) = \frac{1}{x^\lambda}$$

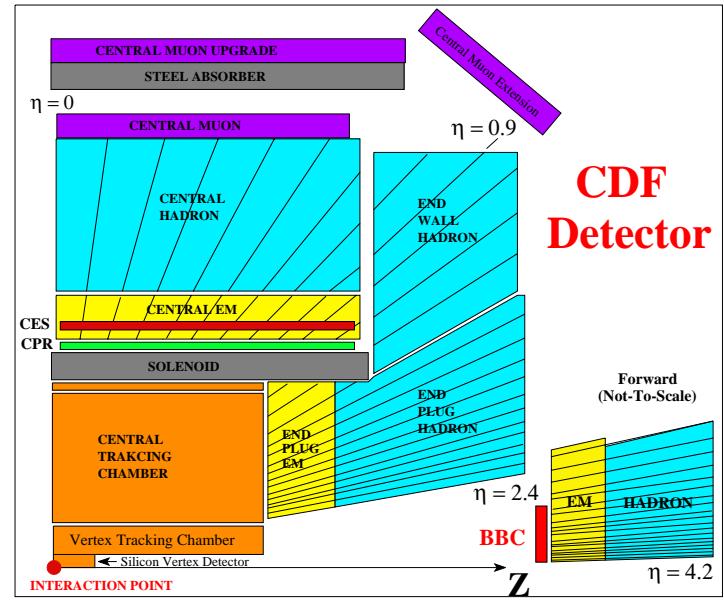
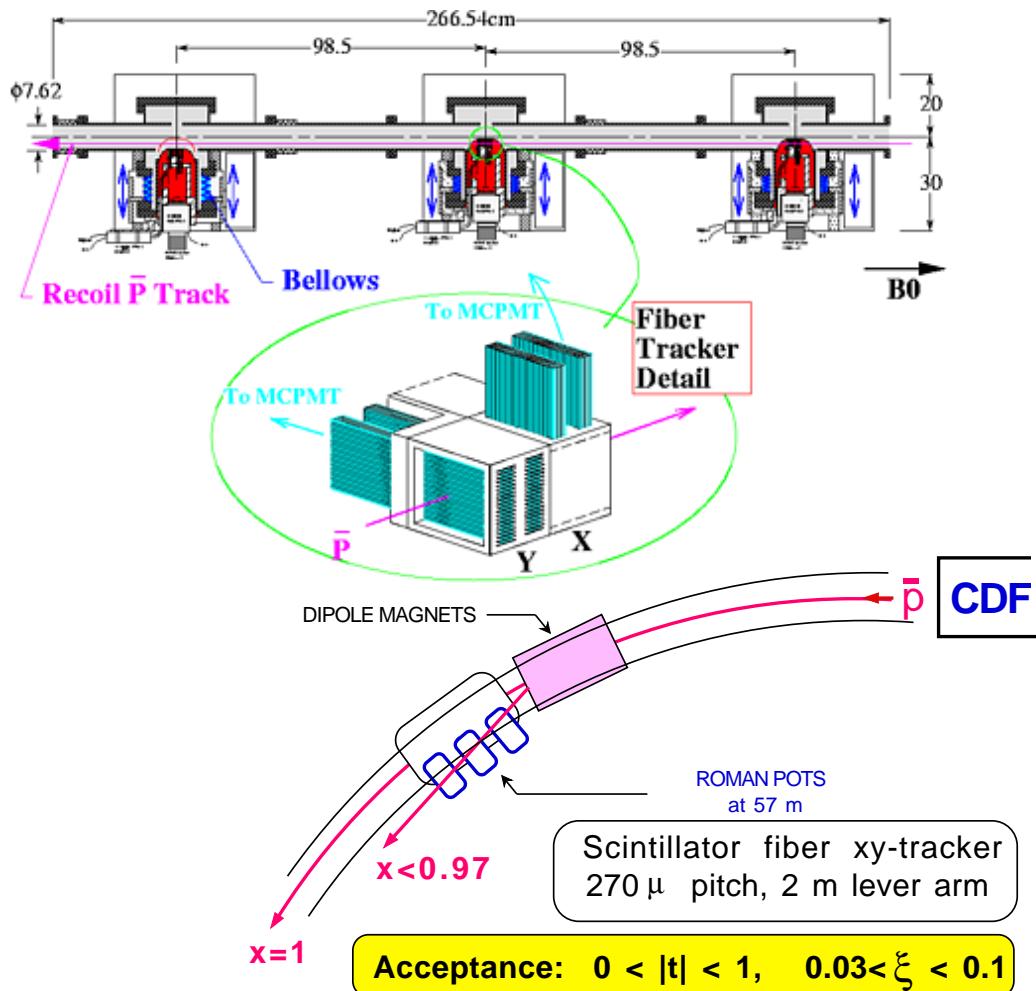
$f_g$ =gluon fraction  
 $f_q$ =quark fraction



# Run-IC

# CDF-I

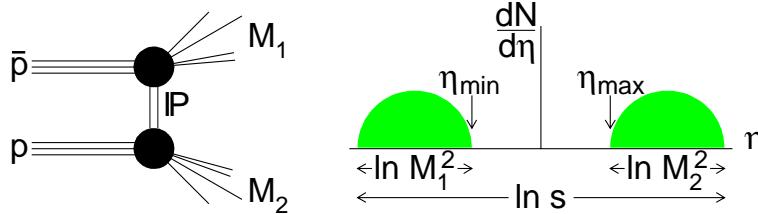
# Run-IA,B



## Forward Detectors

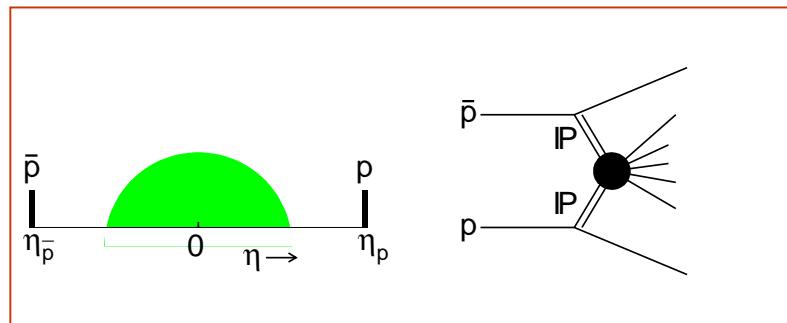
BBC  $3.2 < \eta < 5.9$   
 FCAL  $2.4 < \eta < 4.2$

# Soft Central and Double Gaps



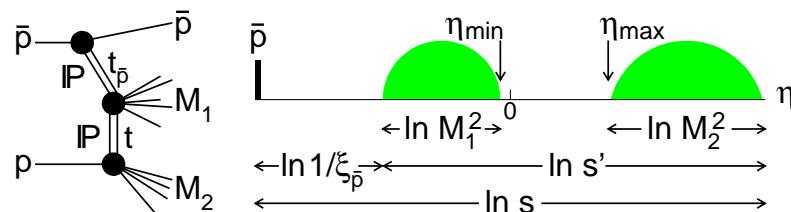
## □ Double Diffraction Dissociation

➤ One central gap



## □ Double Pomeron Exchange

➤ Two forward gaps

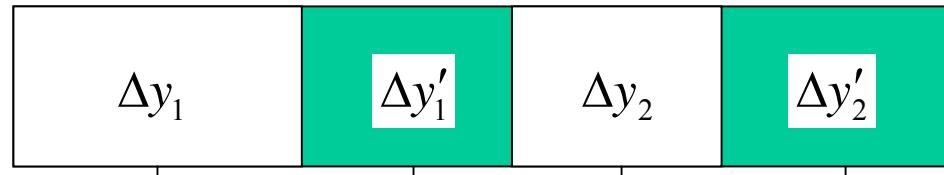
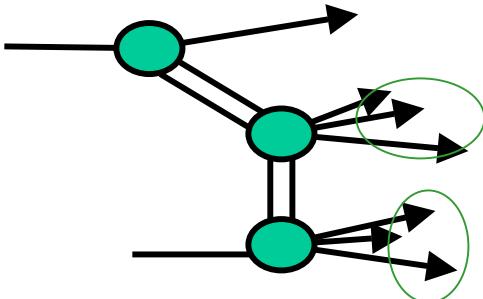


## □ SDD: Single+Double Diffraction

➤ One forward + one central gap

# Generalized Renormalization

(KG, hep-ph/0205141)



5 independent variables

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} t_1 \\ y'_1 \\ \Delta y = \Delta y_1 + \Delta y_2 \\ t_2 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\frac{d^5 \sigma}{\prod_{i=1-5} dV_i} = C \times F_p^2(t_1) \prod_{i=1-2} \left\{ e^{(\varepsilon + \alpha' t_i) \Delta y_i} \right\}^2 \times \kappa^2 \left\{ \sigma_o e^{\varepsilon (\Delta y'_1 + \Delta y'_2)} \right\}$$

Gap probability                                      Sub-energy cross section  
 $\sim e^{2\varepsilon \Delta y}$                               (for regions with particles)

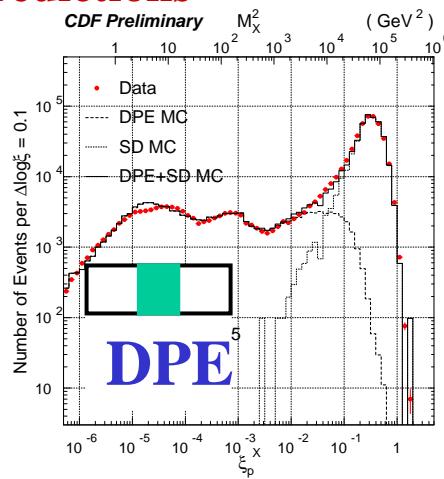
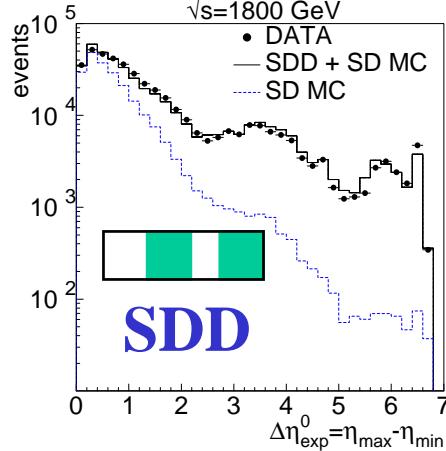
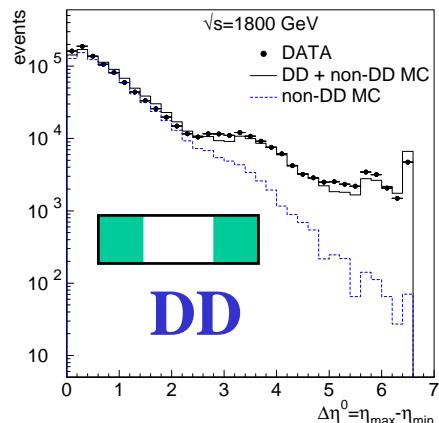
color factors

$$\int_{\Delta y_{\min}}^{\Delta y = \ln s} s^{2\varepsilon \Delta y} \approx s^{2\varepsilon}$$

Same suppression as for single gap!

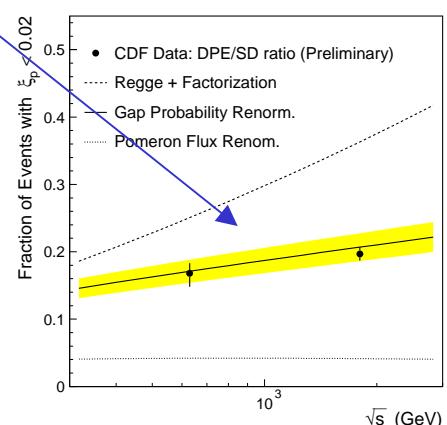
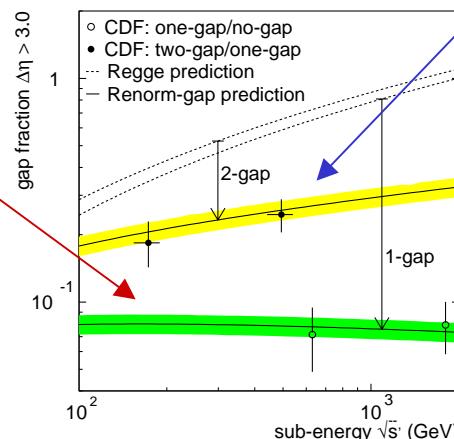
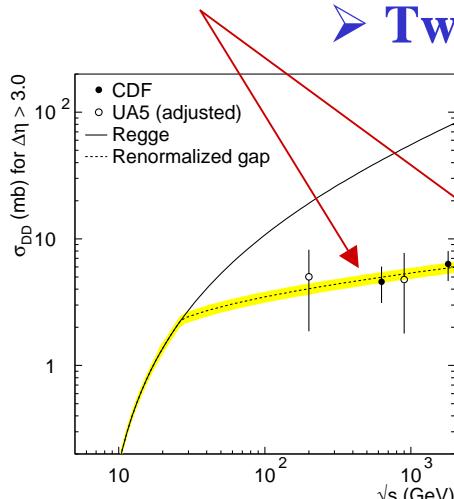
# Central & Double-Gap Results

Differential shapes agree with Regge predictions

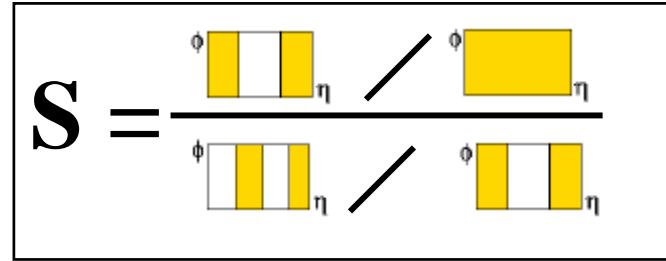
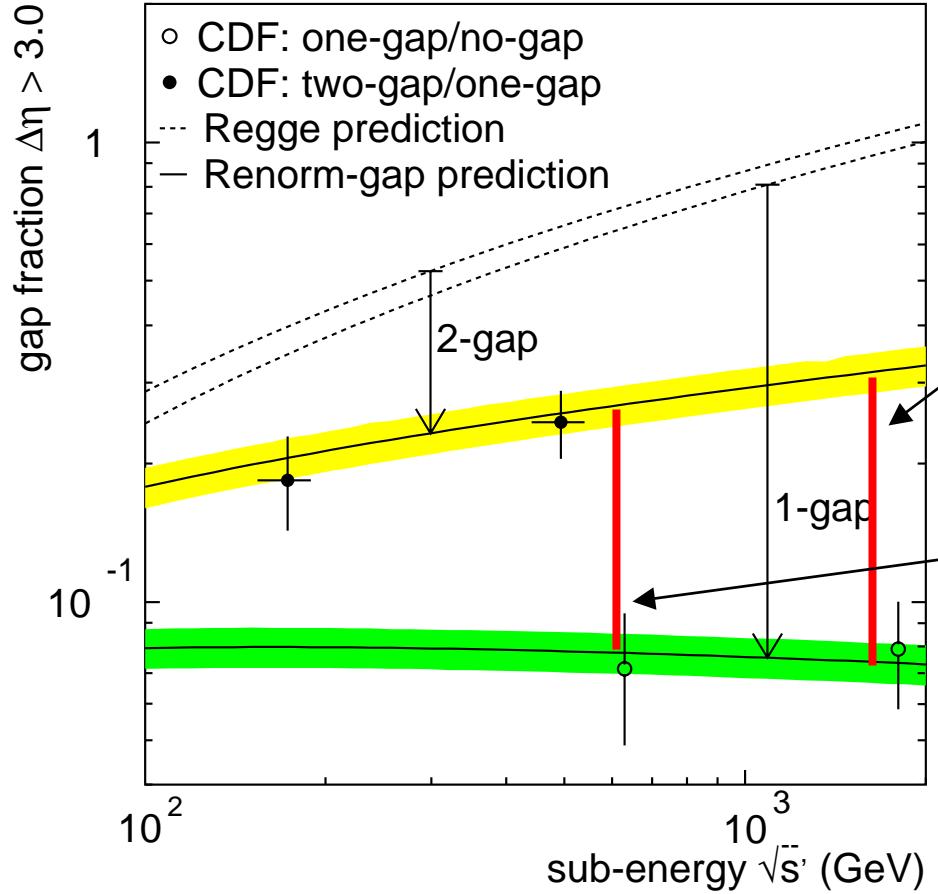


➤ One-gap cross sections are suppressed

➤ Two-gap/one-gap ratios are  $\approx \kappa = 0.17$



# Soft Gap Survival Probability



$$S_{2\text{-gap}/1\text{-gap}}^{1\text{-gap}/0\text{-gap}}(1800 \text{ GeV}) \approx 0.23$$

$$S_{2\text{-gap}/1\text{-gap}}^{1\text{-gap}/0\text{-gap}}(630 \text{ GeV}) \approx 0.29$$

# Soft Diffraction Conclusions

## Experiment:

- $M^2$  - scaling
- Non-suppressed double-gap to single-gap ratios

## Phenomenology:

- Generalized renormalization
- Obtain Pomeron intercept and triple-Pomeron coupling from inclusive PDF's and color factors

Soft diffraction is understood ! (?)

# Hard Diffraction

- Diffractive Fractions
- Diffractive Structure Function
- Factorization breakdown and restoration
- DSF from inclusive PDF's
- Hard diffraction conclusions

# Diffractive Fractions

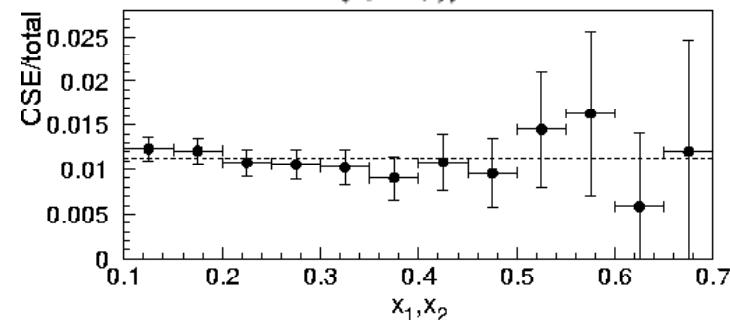
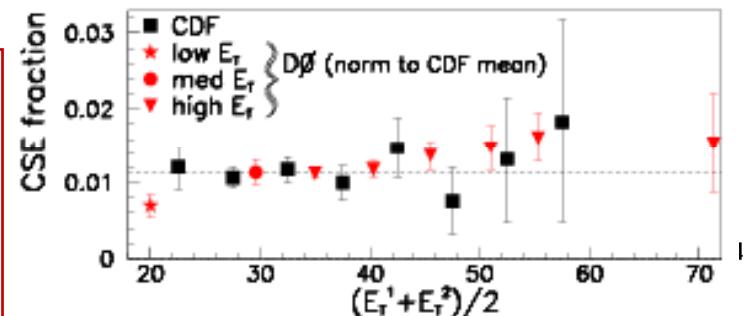
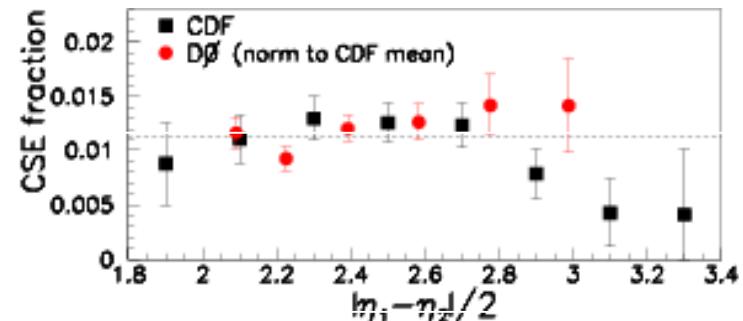
$\bar{p}p \rightarrow X + \text{gap}$   
SD/ND fraction at 1800 GeV

X	Fraction(%)
W	1.15 (0.55)
JJ	0.75 (0.10)
b	0.62 (0.25)
J/ $\psi$	1.45 (0.25)

- All SD/ND fractions  $\sim 1\%$
- Gluon fraction  $f_g = 0.54 \pm 0.15$
- Suppression by  $\sim 5$  relative to HERA  
 $\rightarrow$  gap survival probability  $\sim 20\%$

Factorization OK @ Tevatron  
at 1800 GeV (single energy)

$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \text{Jet} + \text{gap} + \text{Jet}$   
DD/ND gap fraction at 1800 GeV



# Diffractive Structure F'n

$$\bar{p} + p \rightarrow \bar{p} + Jet + Jet + X$$

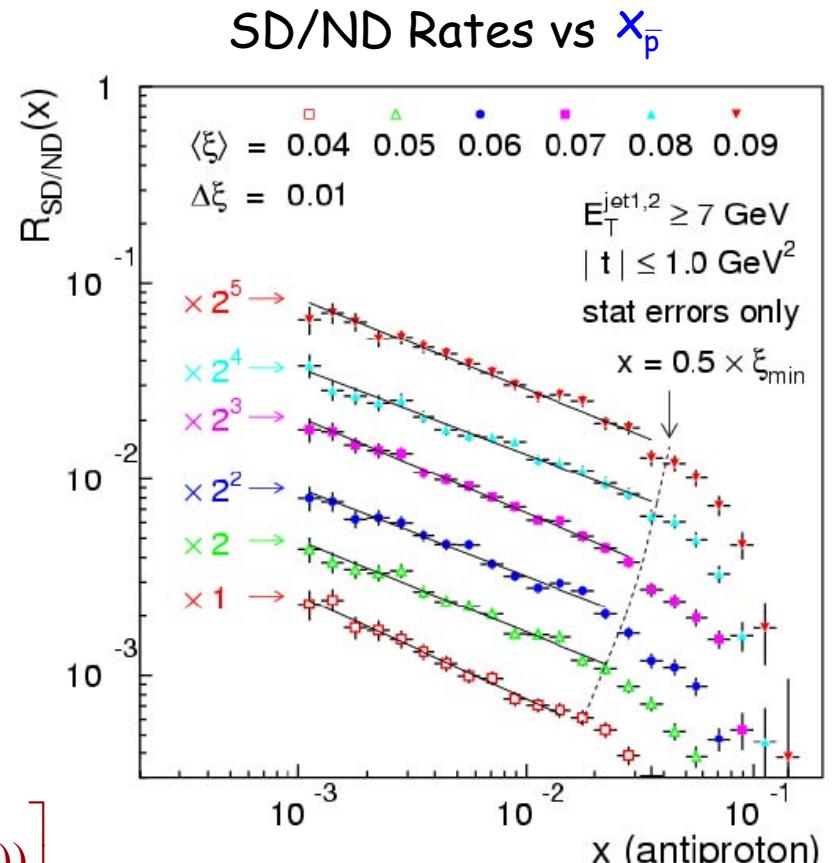
- Measure ratio of SD/ND dijet rates as a f'n of  $x_{\bar{p}}$

$$x_{\bar{p}} \equiv p_{g,q}/p_{\bar{p}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{2(3)} E_T^i \cdot e^{-\eta^i}}{\sqrt{s}}$$

$$R_{\frac{SD}{ND}}(x_{\bar{p}}) \approx R_0 \cdot x_{\bar{p}}^{-0.45}$$

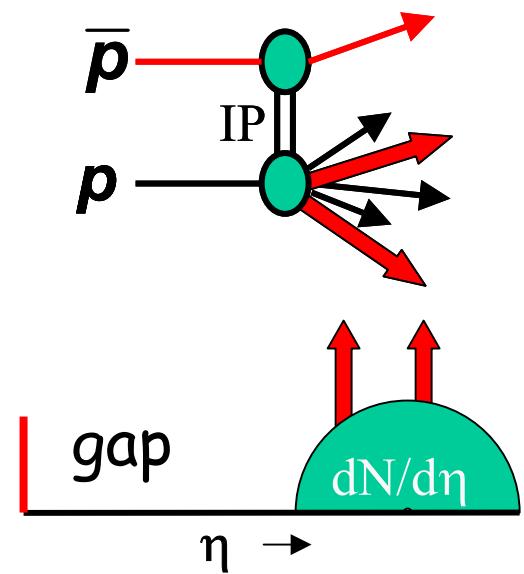
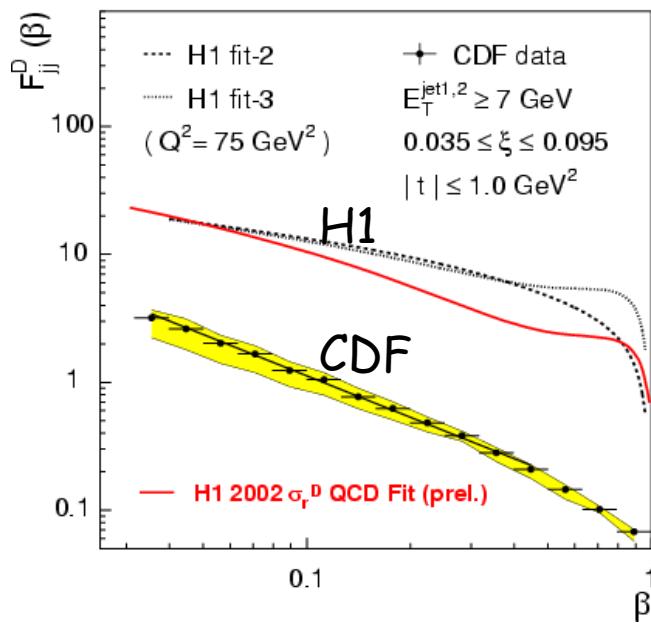
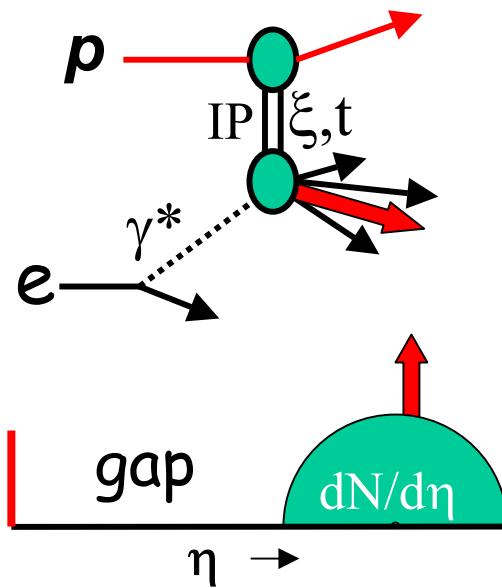
- In LO-QCD ratio of rates equals ratio of structure fn's

$$F_{jj}(x_{\bar{p}}) = x_{\bar{p}} \left[ g(x_{\bar{p}}) + \frac{C_F}{C_A} \sum (q_i(x_{\bar{p}}) + \bar{q}_i(x_{\bar{p}})) \right]$$



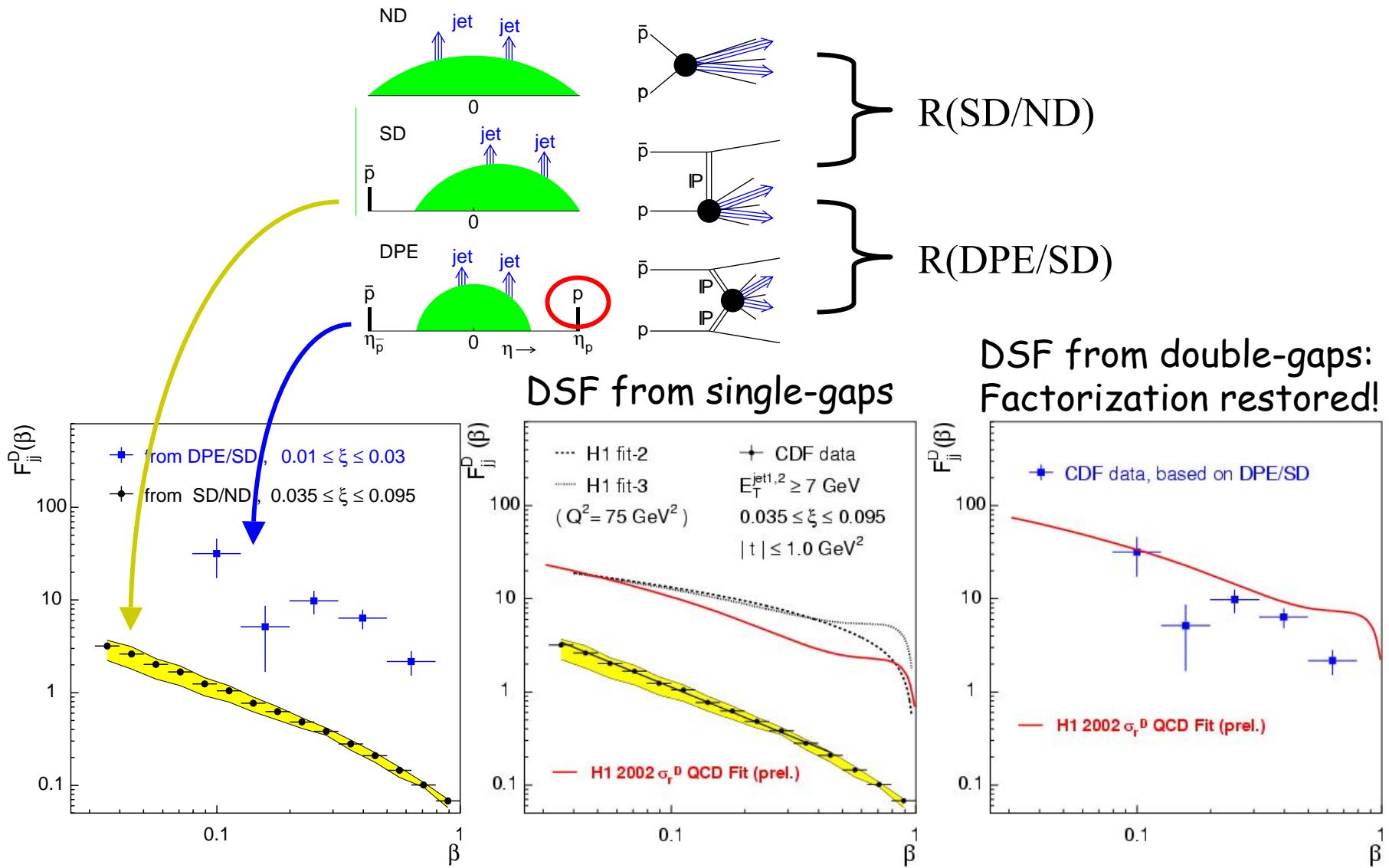
# Breakdown of QCD Factorization

HERA The clue to understanding the Pomeron → TEVATRON

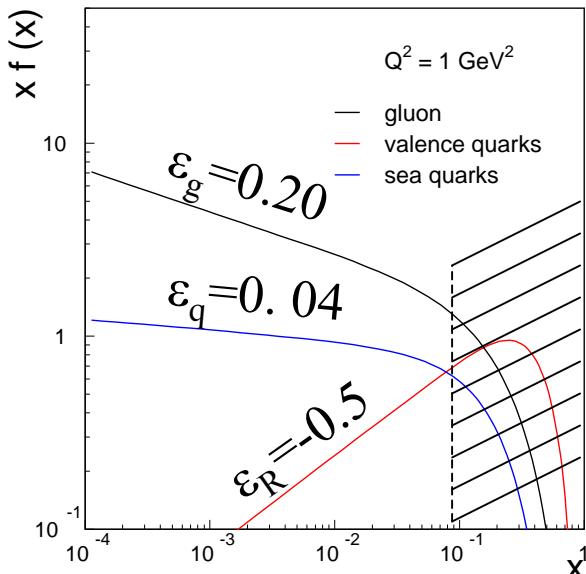


$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 F_2(Q^2, x) & \xrightarrow{\hspace{10cm}} & F_{JJ}(E_T^{\text{Jet}}, x) \\
 F_2^D(Q^2, \beta, \xi, t) & \xrightarrow{\hspace{10cm}} & \text{???} \xrightarrow{\hspace{10cm}} F_{JJ}^D(E_T^{\text{Jet}}, \beta, \xi, t)
 \end{array}$$

# Restoring Diffractive Factorization



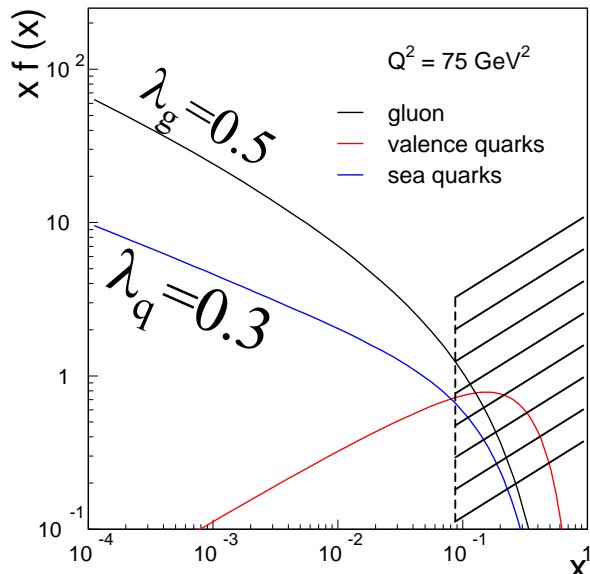
# DSF from Inclusive pdf's (KG)



$$x \cdot f(x) = \frac{1}{x^\varepsilon}$$

Power-law region

$$\begin{aligned}\xi_{\max} &= 0.1 \\ x_{\max} &= 0.1 \\ \beta &< 0.05\xi\end{aligned}$$



$$F^D(\varrho^2, x, \xi) \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+\varepsilon}} \cdot F(\varrho^2, x) \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+\varepsilon}} \cdot \frac{C(\varrho^2)}{(\beta\xi)^{\lambda(\varrho^2)}} \Rightarrow \frac{A_{NORM}}{\xi^{1+\varepsilon+\lambda}} \cdot \kappa \cdot \frac{C}{\beta^\lambda}$$

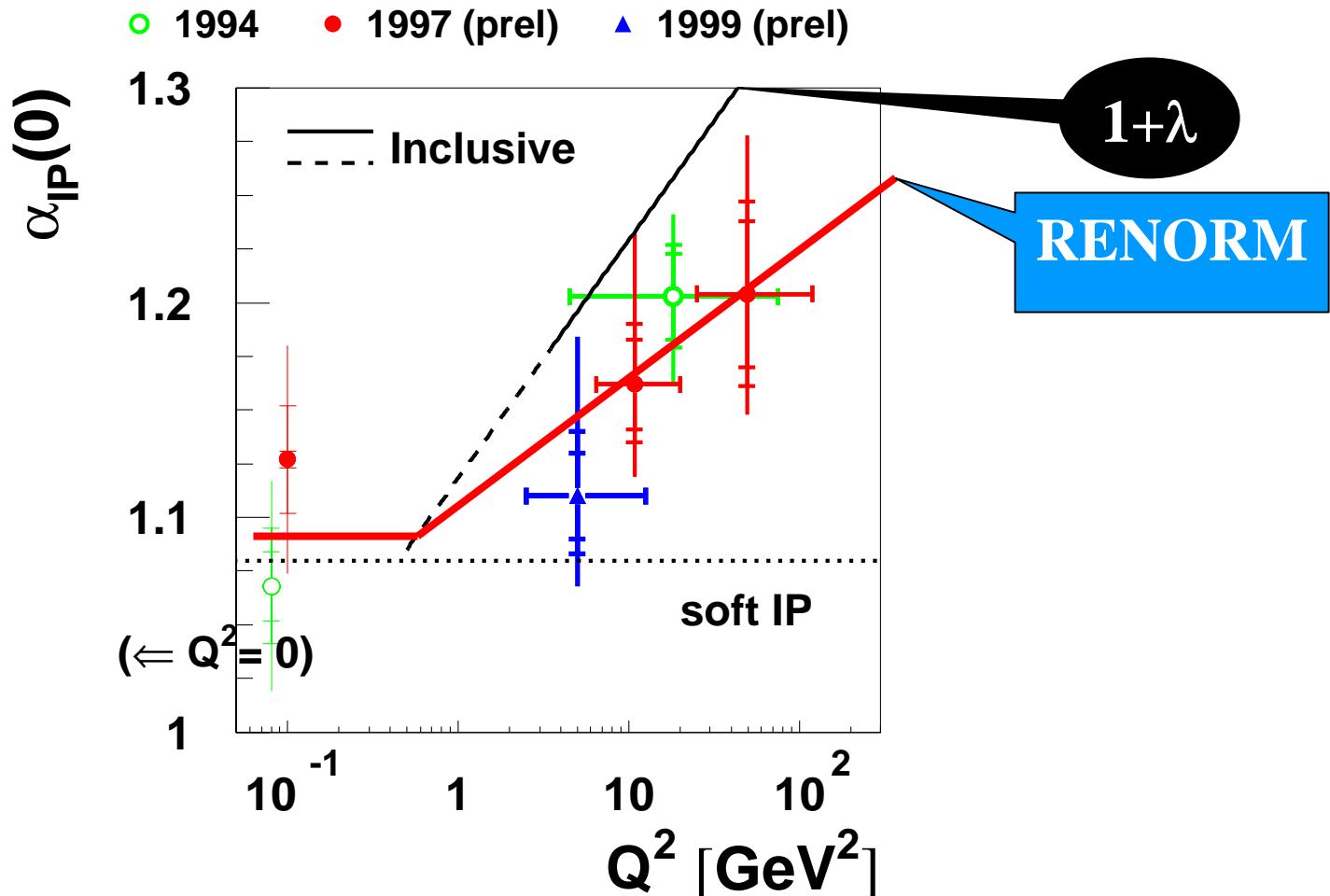
HERA(no RENORM):  $R_{DIS}^{DDIS}(x) \xrightarrow{\text{fixed } \xi} \text{constant}$

$$2\varepsilon_{DDIS} = \varepsilon + \lambda(Q^2)$$

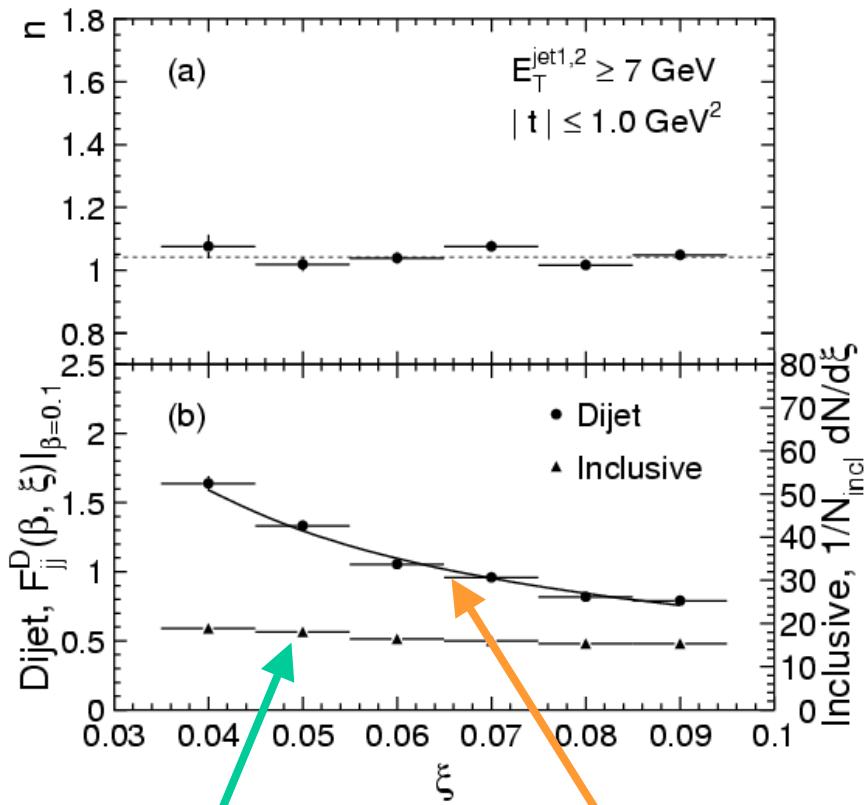
TEVATRON (RENORM) :  $R_{ND}^{SD}(x) \propto x^{-(\varepsilon + \lambda)}$

# Pomeron Intercept from H1

H1 Diffractive Effective  $\alpha_{IP}(0)$   $\alpha_{IP}(t) = 1 + \varepsilon + \alpha' t$



# $\xi$ -dependence: Inclusive vs Dijets

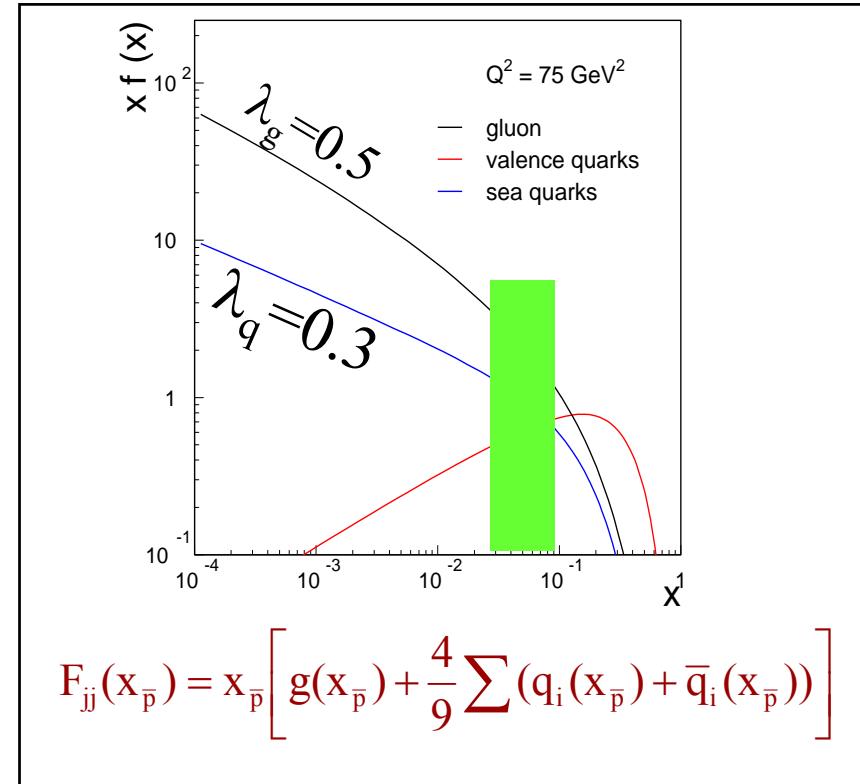


$$\frac{d\sigma_{\text{incl}}}{d\xi} \propto \text{constant}$$

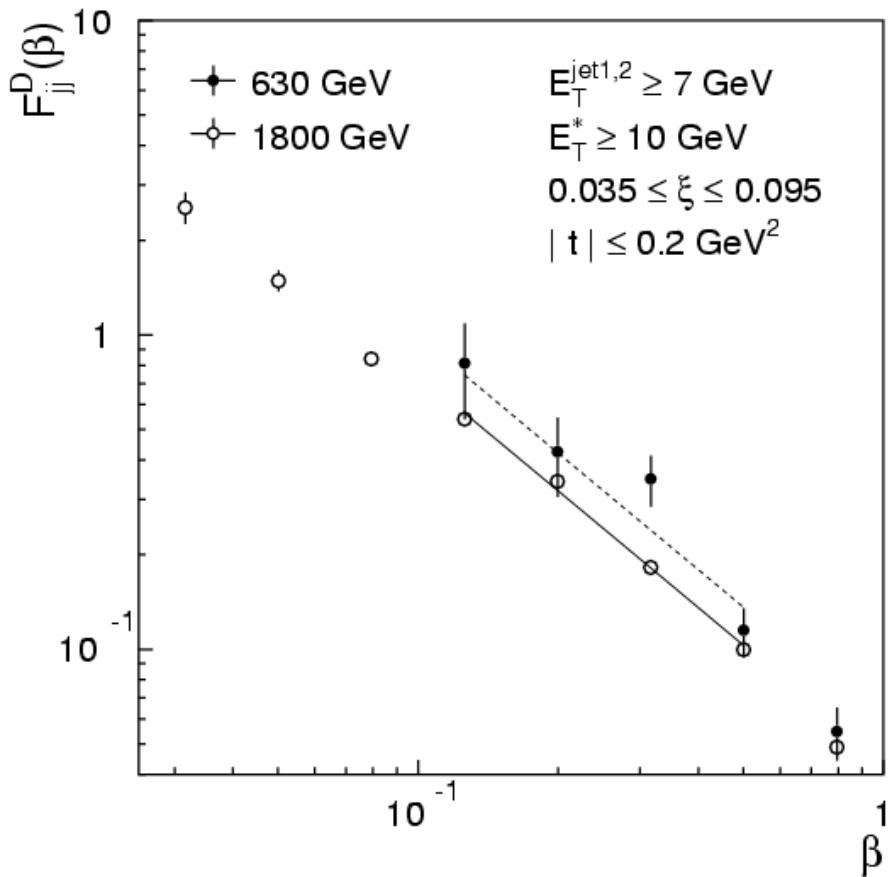
Pomeron+Reggeon

$$F_{jj}^D(\beta, \xi) \propto \frac{1}{\beta^n} \cdot \frac{1}{\xi^m} \quad (n = 1.0 \pm 0.1, \quad m = 0.9 \pm 0.1)$$

Pomeron dominated



# Energy Dependence of $F_{JJ}^D$



## Phenomenological Models:

- Renormalization  
Phys. Lett. B 358, 379 (1995).
- Gap survival probability, e.g.  
Eur.Phys. J. C 21, 521 (2001).
- Soft color interactions  
Phys. Rev. D 64, 114015 (2001).

$$R_{630/1800}(\text{predicted}) \sim 1.5 - 1.8$$

$$R_{630/1800} = 1.3 \pm 0.2(\text{stat}) + 0.4 / -0.3(\text{syst})$$

# Hard Diffraction Conclusions

Diffraction appears to be a low- $x$  exchange subject to color constraints

# Summary of Run I Results

## SOFT DIFFRACTION

- $M^2$  - scaling
- Non-suppressed double-gap to single-gap ratios

## HARD DIFFRACTION

- Flavor-independent SD/ND ratios
- Factorization breakdown and restoration

✓ Universality of gap prob. across soft and hard diffraction

# Run II Diffractive Program

## ■ Single Diffraction

- $\xi$  and  $Q^2$  dependence of  $F_{jj}^D$
- Process dependence of  $F^D(W, b, J/\psi, \dots)$

## ■ Double Diffraction

- Jet-Gap-Jet:  $\Delta\eta^{\text{gap}}$  for large fixed  $\Delta\eta^{\text{jet}}$

## ■ Double Pomeron Exchange

- $F_{jj}^D$  on p-side vs  $\xi$ -pbar

Also:

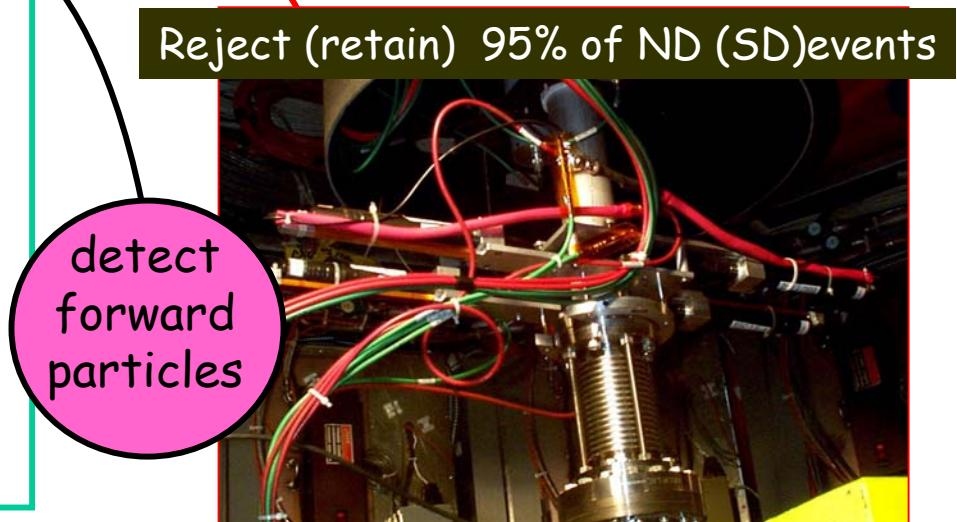
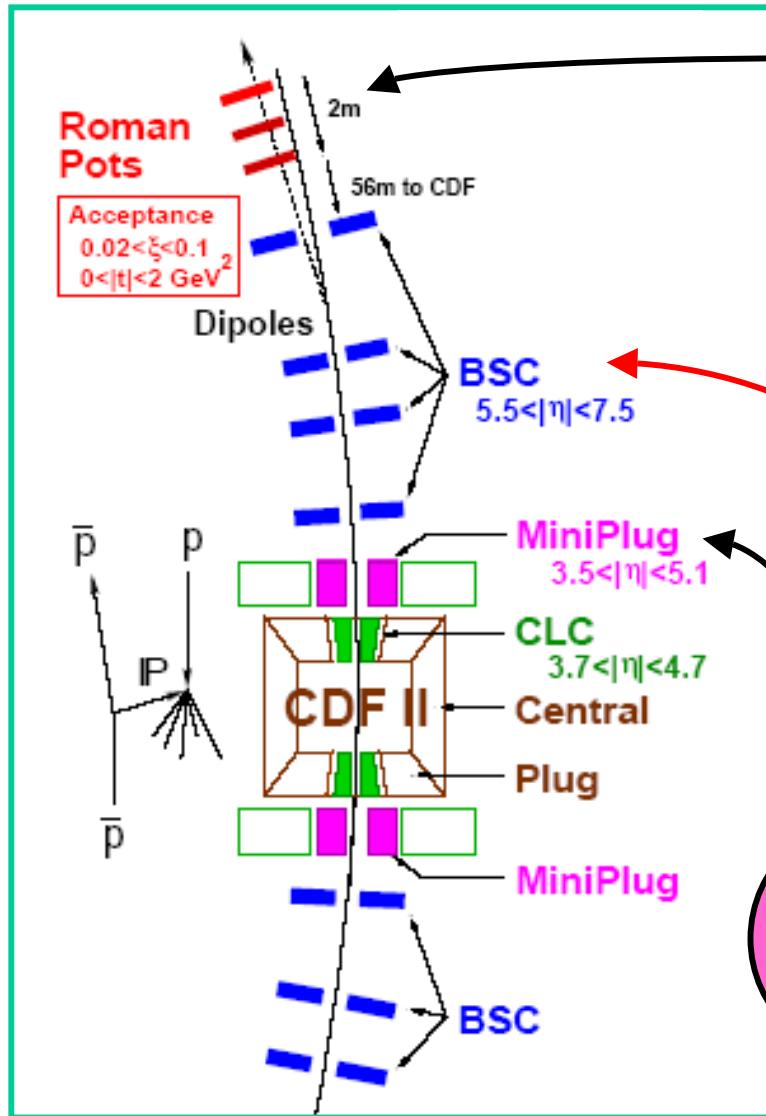
## Exclusive central production

- Dijets,  $\chi_c$ , low mass states, Higgs(!)(?)...

## Other

- Open to suggestions

# CDF-II

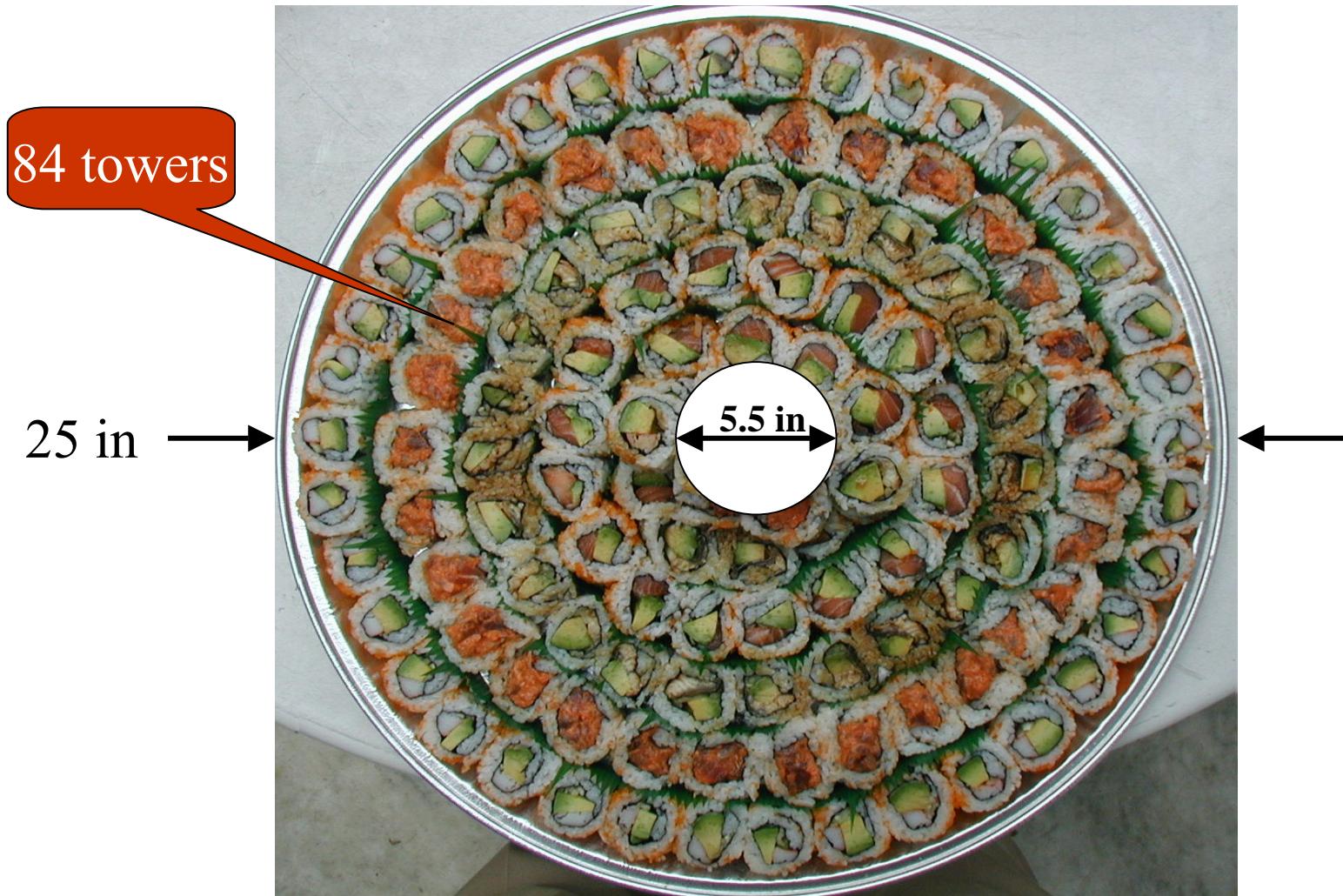


# MiniPlug Calorimeter

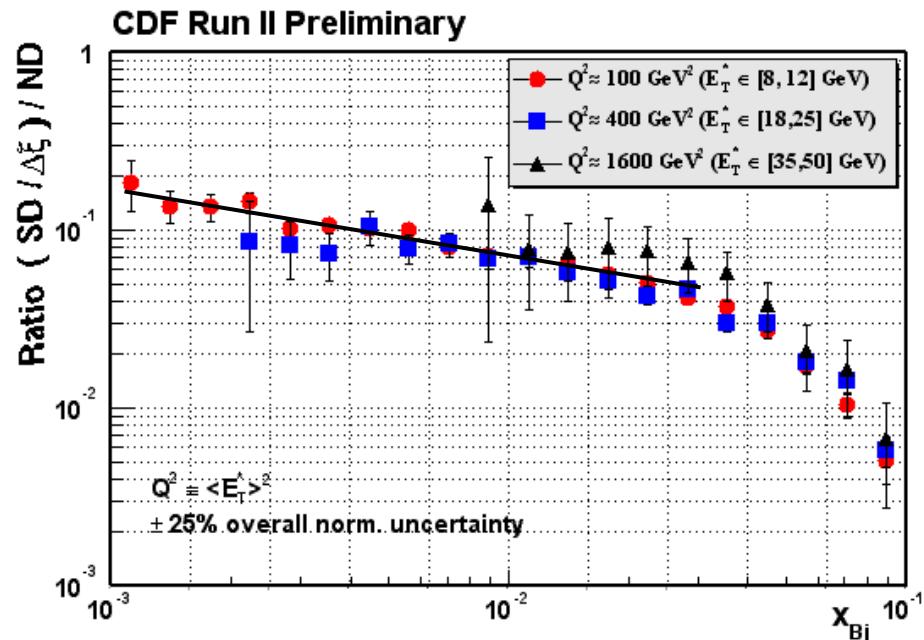
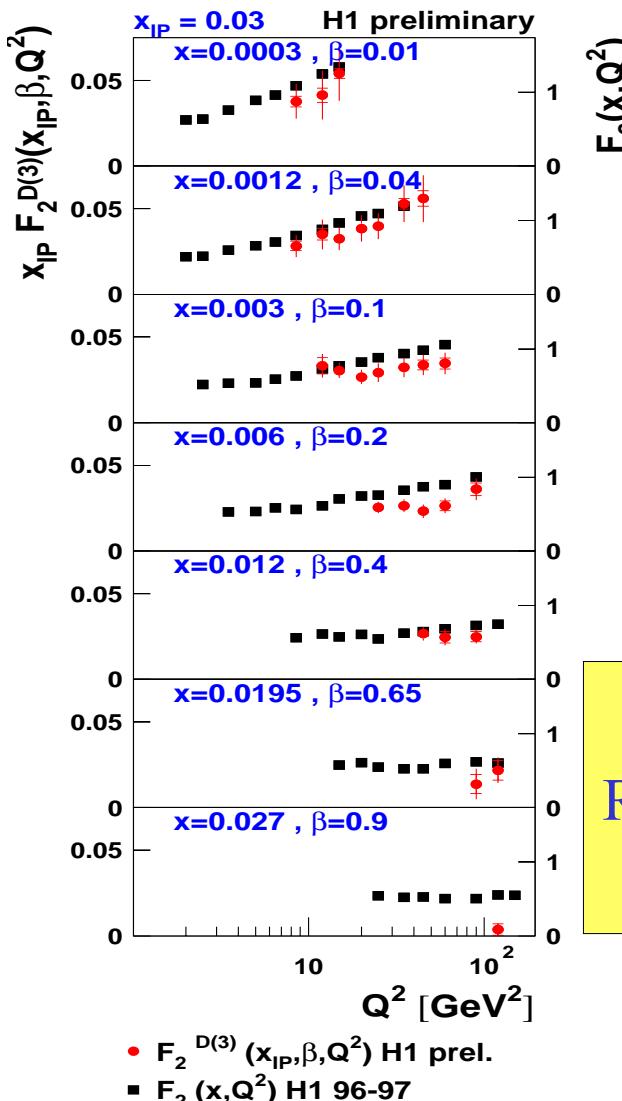


About 1500 wavelength shifting fibers of 1 mm dia. are 'strung' through holes drilled in  $36 \times \frac{1}{4}$ " lead plates sandwiched between reflective Al sheets and guided into bunches to be viewed individually by multi-channel photomultipliers.

# Artist's View of MiniPlug



# $Q^2$ dependence of DSF

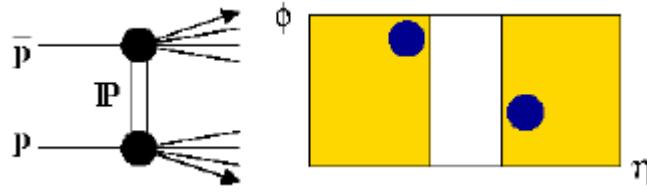


$$R \left( \frac{F^D(Q^2, x, \xi)}{F(Q^2, x)} \right) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sim \text{no } Q^2 \text{ dependence} \\ \sim \text{flat at HERA} \\ \sim 1/x^{0.5} \text{ at Tevatron} \end{cases}$$

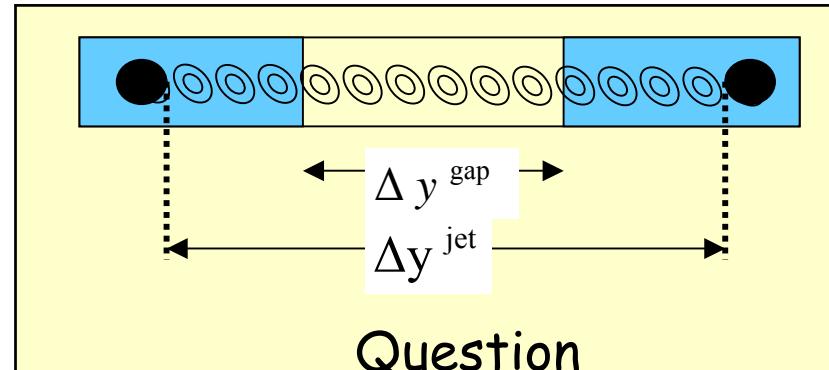
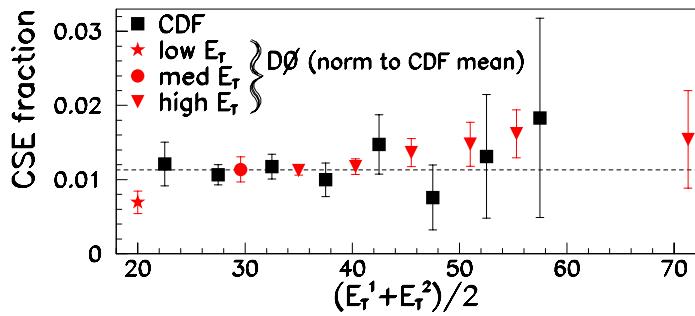
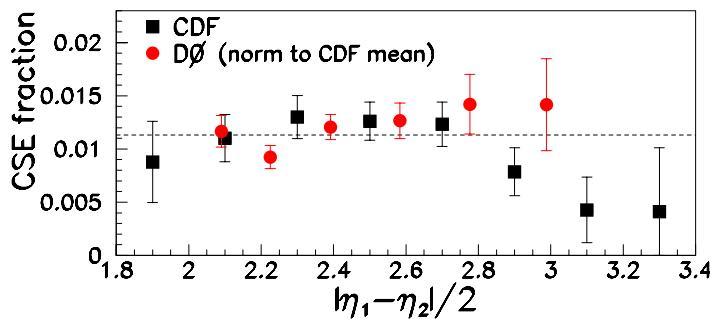
Pomeron evolves similarly to proton  
 except for renormalizartion effects

# Hard Double Diffraction

$\bar{p} + p \rightarrow \text{Jet} + \text{Gap} + \text{Jet}$

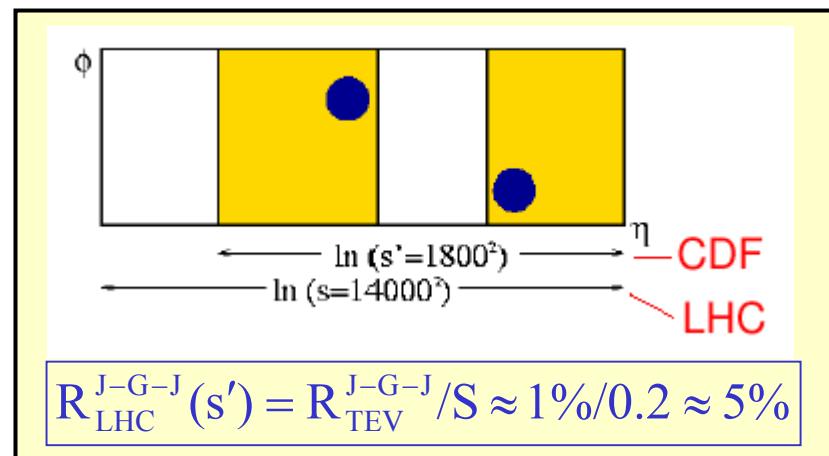


Run I Results



Question

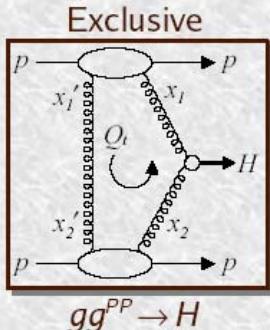
$$\Delta y^{\text{gap}} \xleftarrow{???)} \Delta y^{\text{jet}}$$



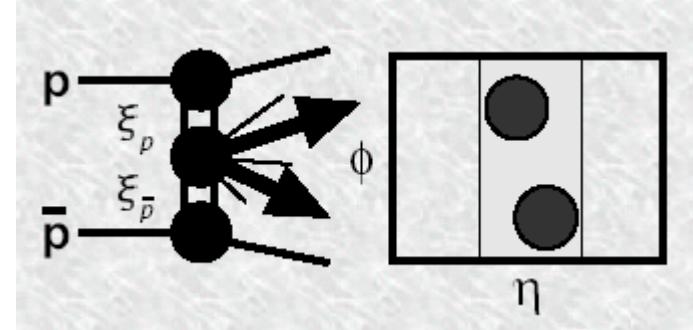
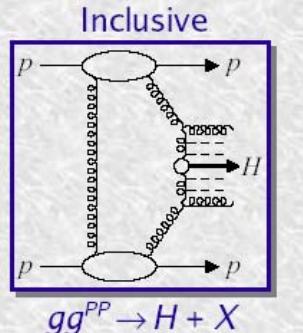
# Exclusive Dijets in DPE

Interest in diffractive Higgs production

Calibrate on exclusive dijets



Khoze, Martin,  
Ryskin  
Eur. Phys. J.  
C23, 311 (2001),  
C26, 229 (2002)



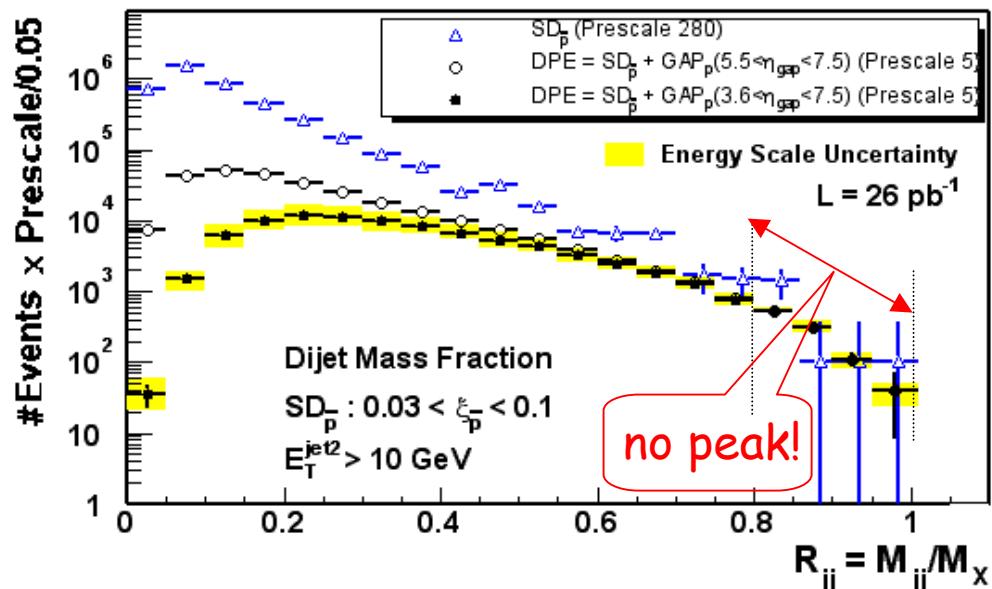
Dijet mass fraction

$$R_{jj} = \frac{M_{jj}^{\text{cone}}}{M_X}$$

$E_T^{\text{jet}}$	$\sigma_{\text{DPE}}^{\text{excl jj}}(R_{jj} > 0.8)$
10 GeV	$970 \pm 65 \pm 272 \text{ pb}$
25 GeV	$34 \pm 5 \pm 10 \text{ pb}$

Upper limit for excl DPE-jj  
consistent with theory

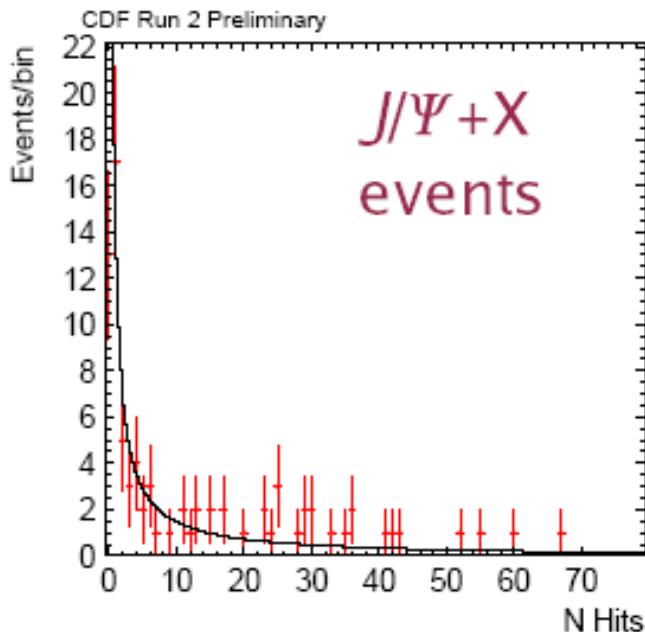
CDF Run II Preliminary



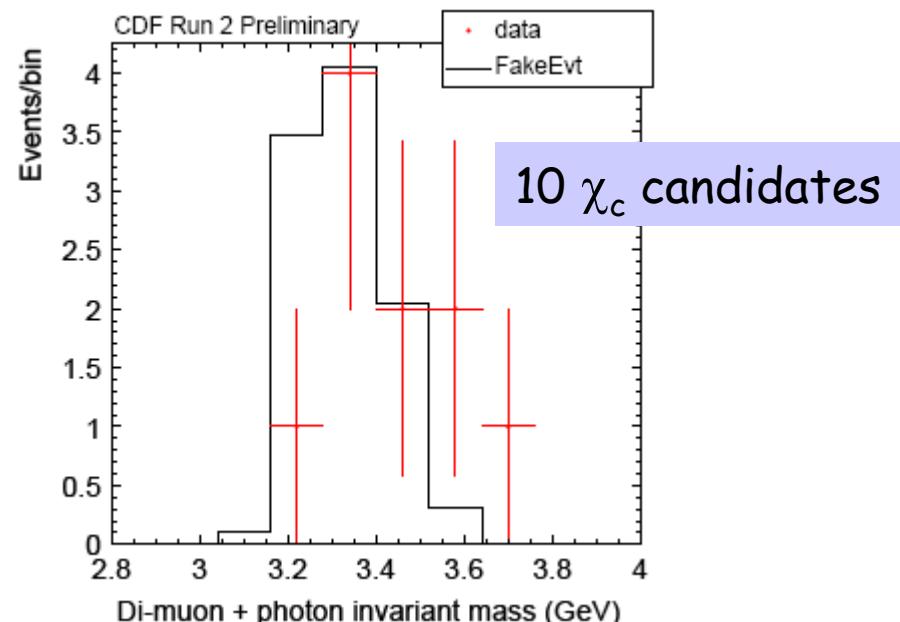
# Search for Exclusive $\chi_c$ @CDF

$$\bar{p} + p \rightarrow \bar{p} + \chi_c (\rightarrow J/\psi + \gamma) + p$$

- Events are triggered on dimuons
- Select muons with  $P_T > 1.5$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 0.6$
- Reject cosmic rays using time of flight information
- Select events in  $J/\psi$  mass window



$J/\Psi + X$   
events



10  $\chi_c$  candidates

No positive identification of  $\chi_c$  events  
Cross section upper limit comparable to KMR prediction

# Merits/Problems/Needs

## Merits of CDF Run II diffractive program

- Measuring  $\xi$  with calorimeters → full acceptance  
→ overlap rejection
- BSC gap triggers → can take data at high luminosities

But:

- BSC gap rejects some diffractive events from MP spillover
- Useful rates too low for many processes, e. g. exclusive b-bbar

Need:

- Low luminosity runs for calibrations:
  - $\xi$ -roman pot vs  $\xi$ -calorimeter
  - BSC gap trigger vs roman pot trigger

Also need:

- \$\$\$ to instrument MPs from current 84 to all 256 channels for EM/hadron discrimination and better jet definition

# CONCLUSION

## Run II

- CDF has a comprehensive Run II diffractive program
- Modest upgrades & special runs are desirable
  - Full MiniPlug instrumentation
  - Low luminosity ( $\sim 10^{30}$ ) runs for calibrations
  - Data run at 630 GeV

## Beyond Run II

- Can think of improvements, but of no compelling diffractive physics that cannot be done in Run II