

QCD ASPECTS OF HADRONIC DIFFRACTION

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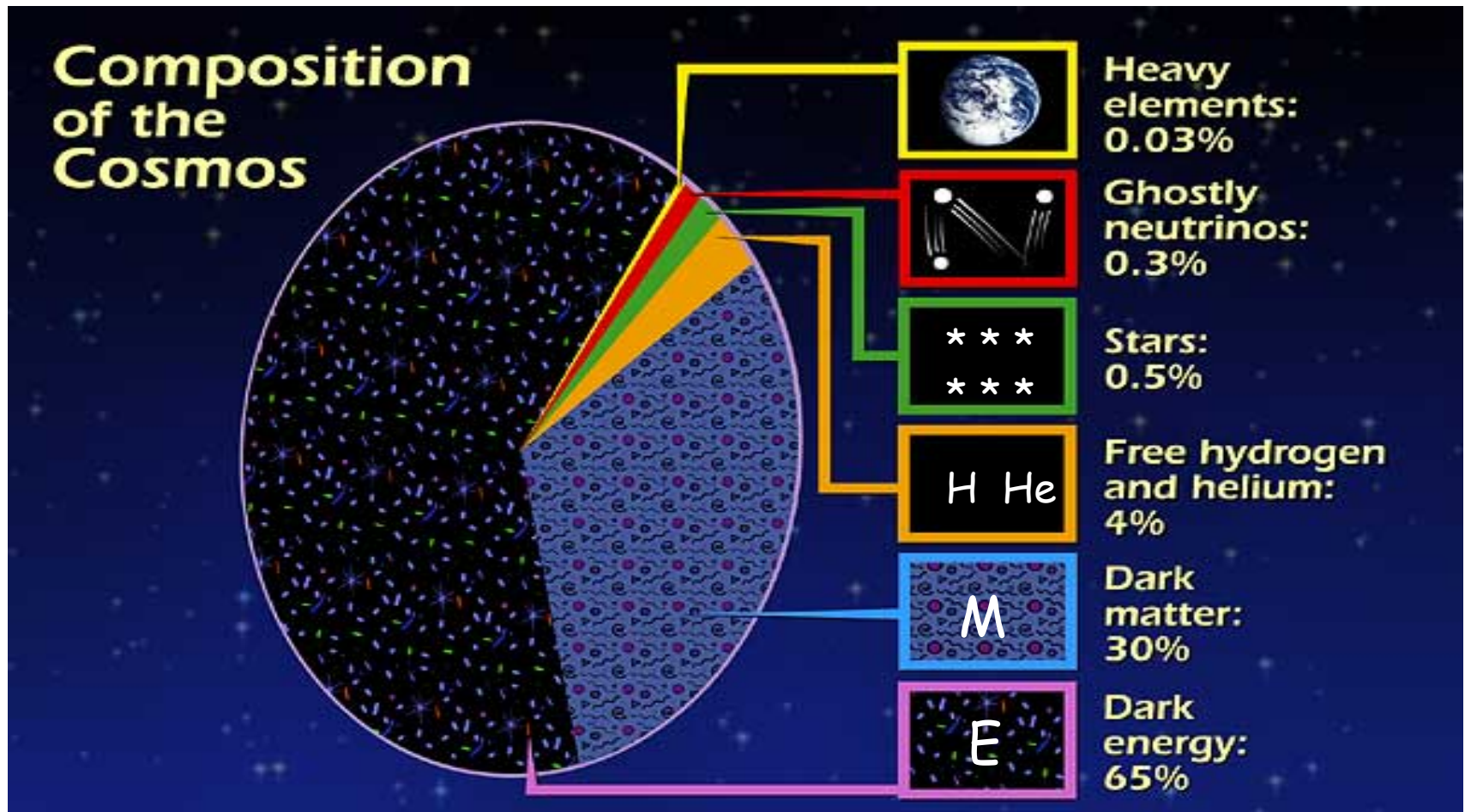
High Energy Physics Seminar

University of Connecticut
7 February 2005

- CDF results
- Comparison with HERA
- QCD aspects
- Tev2LHC



What is Dark Energy?



Rapidity Gaps

Bj, PRD 47 (1993) 101: regions of (pseudo)rapidity devoid of particles

Non-diffractive interactions

Rapidity gaps are formed by multiplicity fluctuations.

From Poisson statistics:

$$P(\Delta y) = e^{-\rho \Delta y} \left(\rho = \frac{dn}{dy} \right)$$

(ρ =particle density in rapidity space)

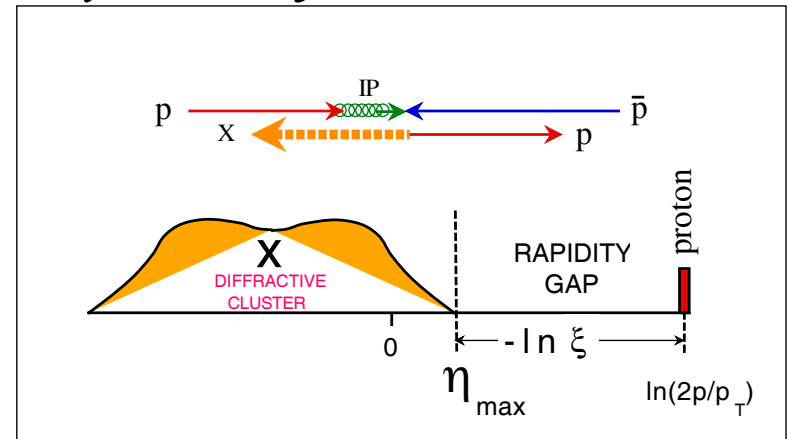
Gaps are exponentially suppressed

Diffractive interactions

Rapidity gaps at $t=0$ grow with Δy .

$$\xi \equiv \Delta p / p$$

$$\Delta y \approx -\ln \xi = \ln s - \ln M^2$$



$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Delta y} \right)_{t=0} \sim e^{2\varepsilon \Delta y} \Rightarrow \frac{d\sigma}{dM^2} \sim \frac{1}{(M^2)^{1+\varepsilon}}$$

2ε : negative particle density!

Forty Years of Diffraction

<http://physics.rockefeller.edu/dino/my.html>

✚ 1960's BNL: first observation of $pp \rightarrow pX$

✚ 1970's Fermilab fixed target, ISR, SPS
→ Regge theory & factorization

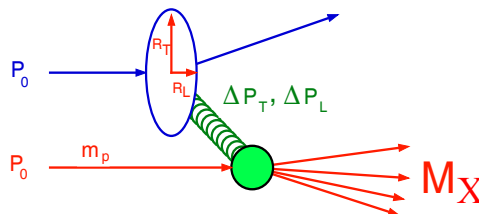
Review: KG, Phys. Rep. 101 (1983) 169

✚ 1980's UA8: diffractive dijets \Rightarrow hard diffraction

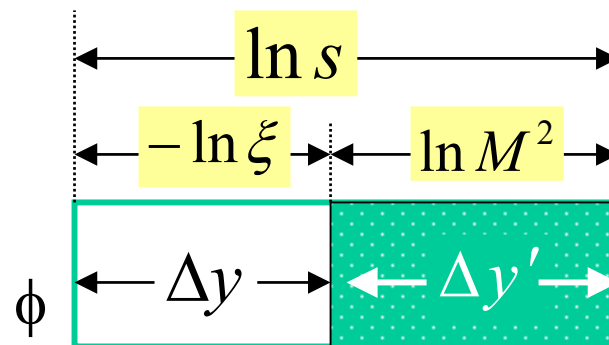
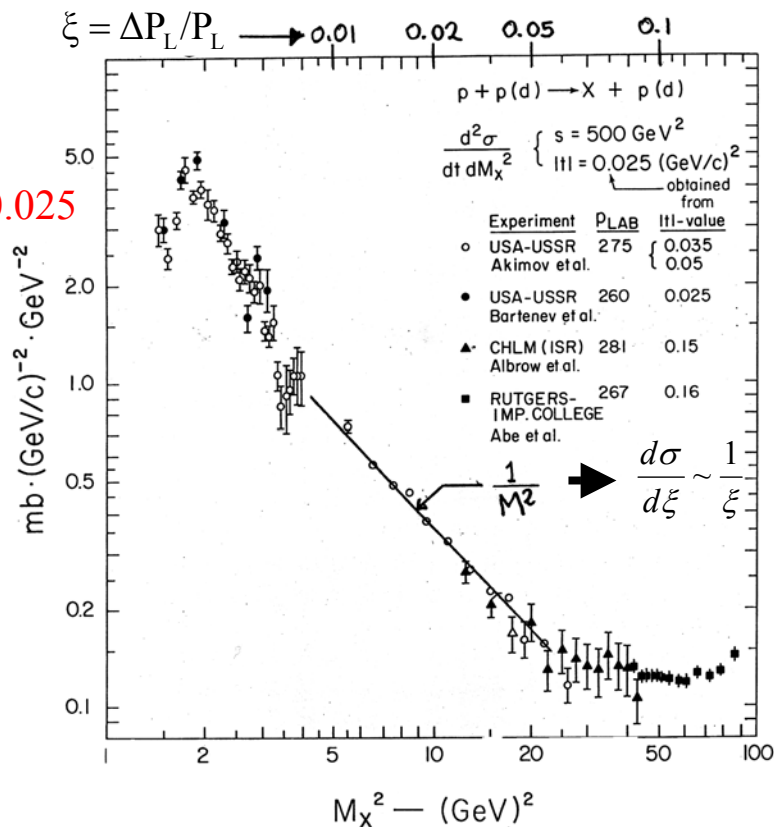
✚ 1990's Tev Run-I: Regge factorization breakdown
Tev/ HERA: QCD factorization breakdown

✚ 21st C Multigap diffraction: restoration of factorization
Ideal for diffractive studies @ LHC

The First 20 Years



$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dt dM^2} \Big|_{t=0.025}$$



$$\xi = \frac{\Delta p_L}{p_L} = \frac{M^2}{s}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dM^2} \sim \frac{1}{M^2} \Leftrightarrow \frac{d\sigma}{d\Delta y} \propto \text{constant}$$

KG, Phys. Rep. 101 (1983) 171

POMERON: color singlet w/vacuum quantum numbers

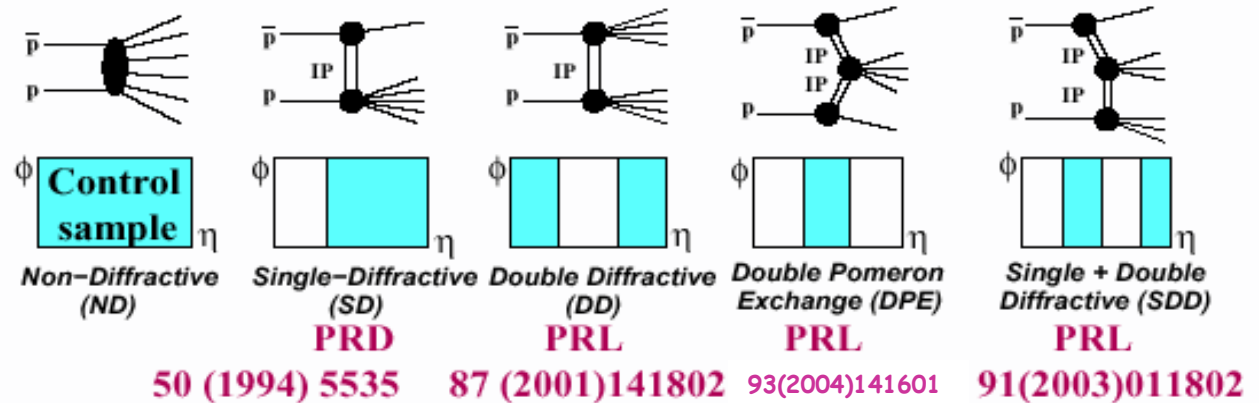
The Last 20 Years

Diffraction@CDF in Run I

16 papers

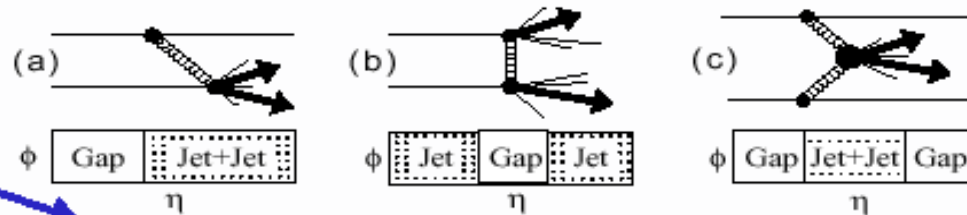
- ❑ Elastic scattering PRD 50 (1994) 5518
- ❑ Total cross section PRD 50 (1994) 5550
- ❑ Diffraction

SOFT diffraction



HARD diffraction

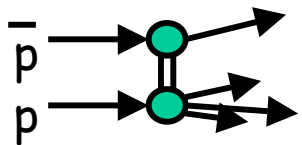
PRL references



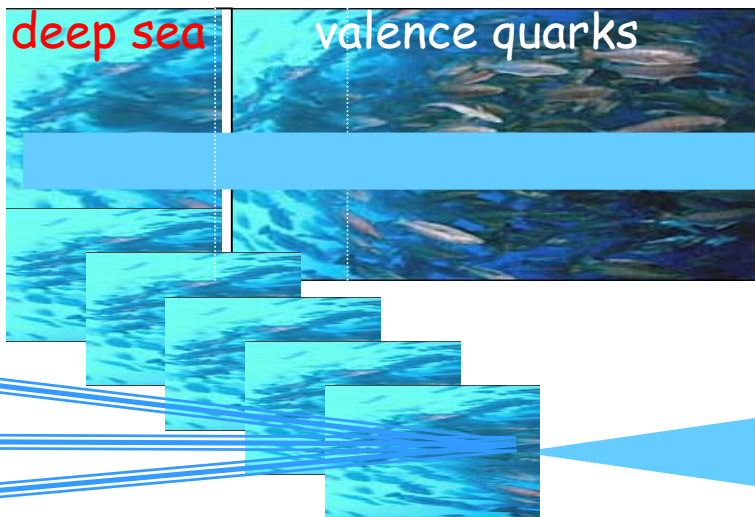
with roman pots

JJ	84 (2000) 5043
JJ	88 (2002) 151802

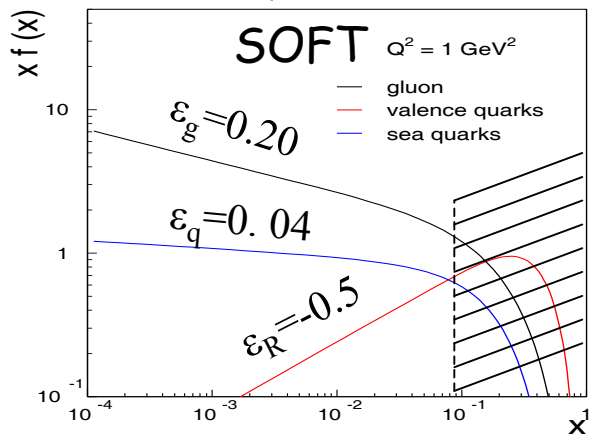
W	78 (1997) 2698	JJ	74 (1995) 855	JJ	85 (2000) 4217
JJ	79 (1997) 2636	JJ	80 (1998) 1156		
b-quark	84 (2000) 232	JJ	81 (1998) 5278		
J/ ψ	87 (2001) 241802				



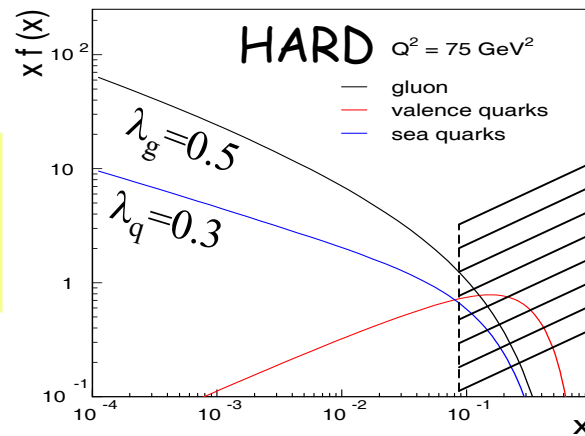
Diffraction in QCD



Derive diffractive from inclusive PDFs and color factors



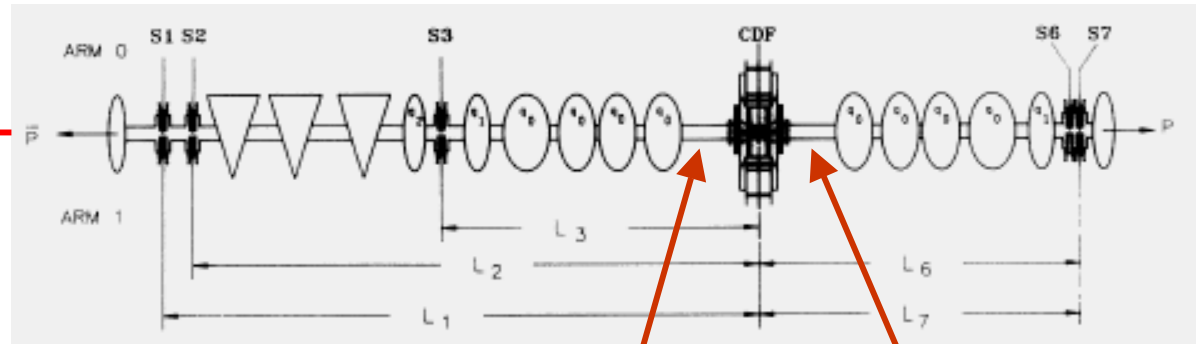
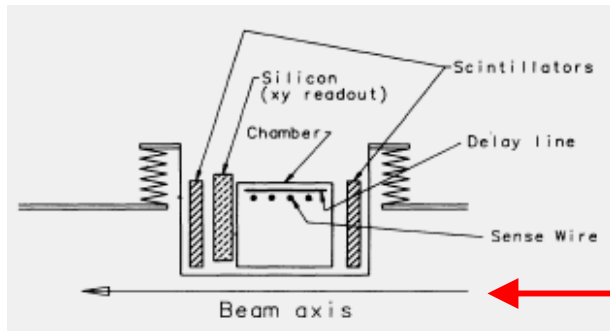
$$x \cdot f(x) = \frac{1}{x^\epsilon \text{ (or } \lambda)}$$



CDF in Run I-0 (1988-89)

Elastic, single diffractive, and total cross sections
@ 546 and 1800 GeV

Roman Pot Spectrometers



Roman Pot Detectors

- Scintillation trigger counters
- Wire chamber
- Double-sided silicon strip detector

Additional Detectors
Trackers up to $|\eta| = 7$

Results

- Total cross section
- Elastic cross section
- Single diffraction

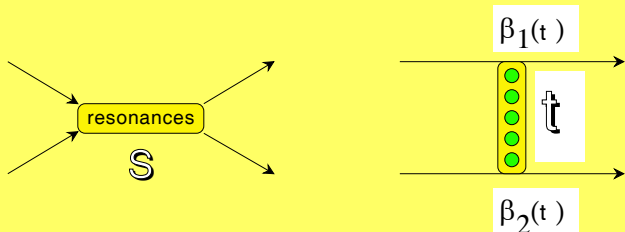
$$\sigma^{\text{tot}} \sim s^\epsilon$$

$$d\sigma/dt \sim \exp[2\alpha' \ln s] \rightarrow \text{shrinking forward peak}$$

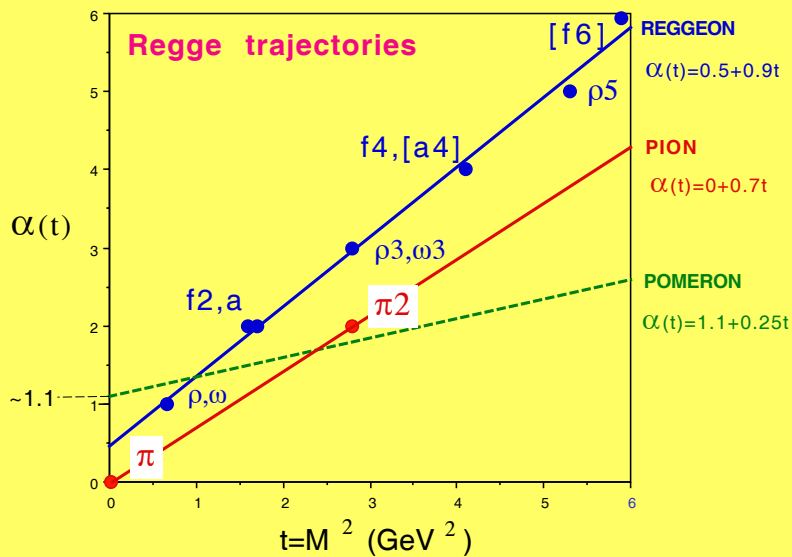
Breakdown of Regge factorization

Regge Theory

REGGE THEORY



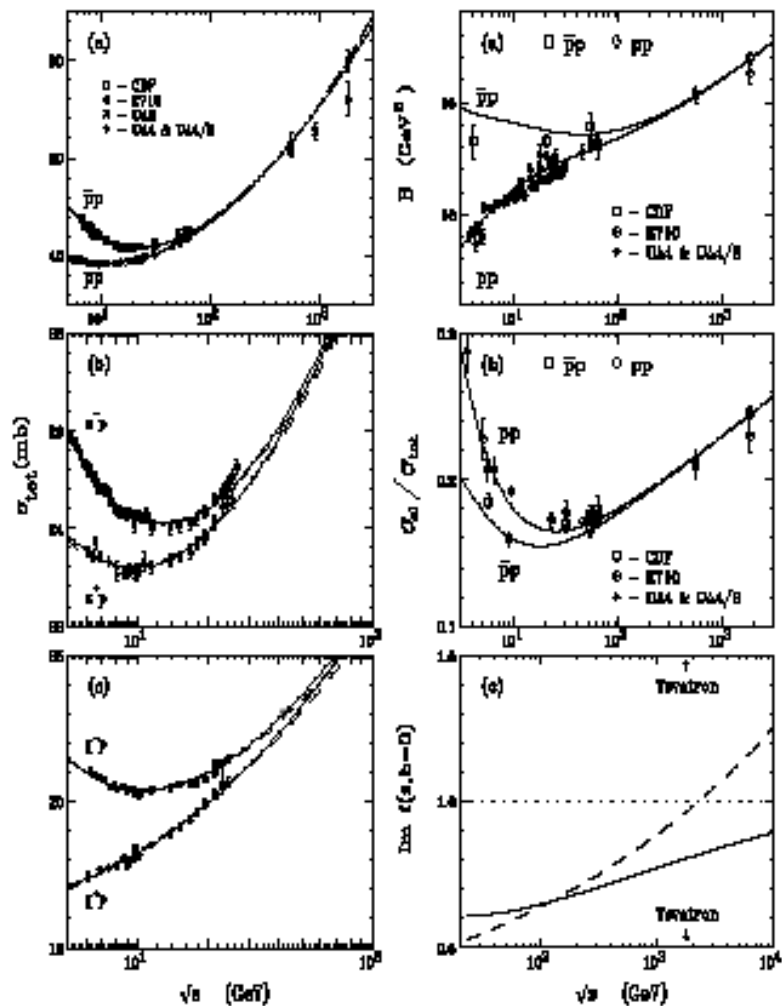
$$T(s,t) = \frac{1}{S} \beta_1(t) \beta_2(t) S^{\alpha(t)} \phi_{-a}(t) \quad \sigma_T = \beta(0)^2 S^{\alpha(0)-1}$$

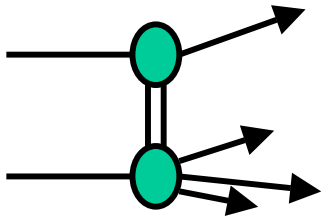


Total and Elastic Cross Sections

Corvalan, Montanha and Goulianos, Phys. Lett. B 389 (1996) 176

$$\alpha_P = 1 + \epsilon (\Rightarrow 0.104) + 0.25t \quad \alpha_{f/a} = 0.68 + 0.82t \quad \alpha_{\omega/\rho} = 0.46 + 0.92t$$





Renormalization

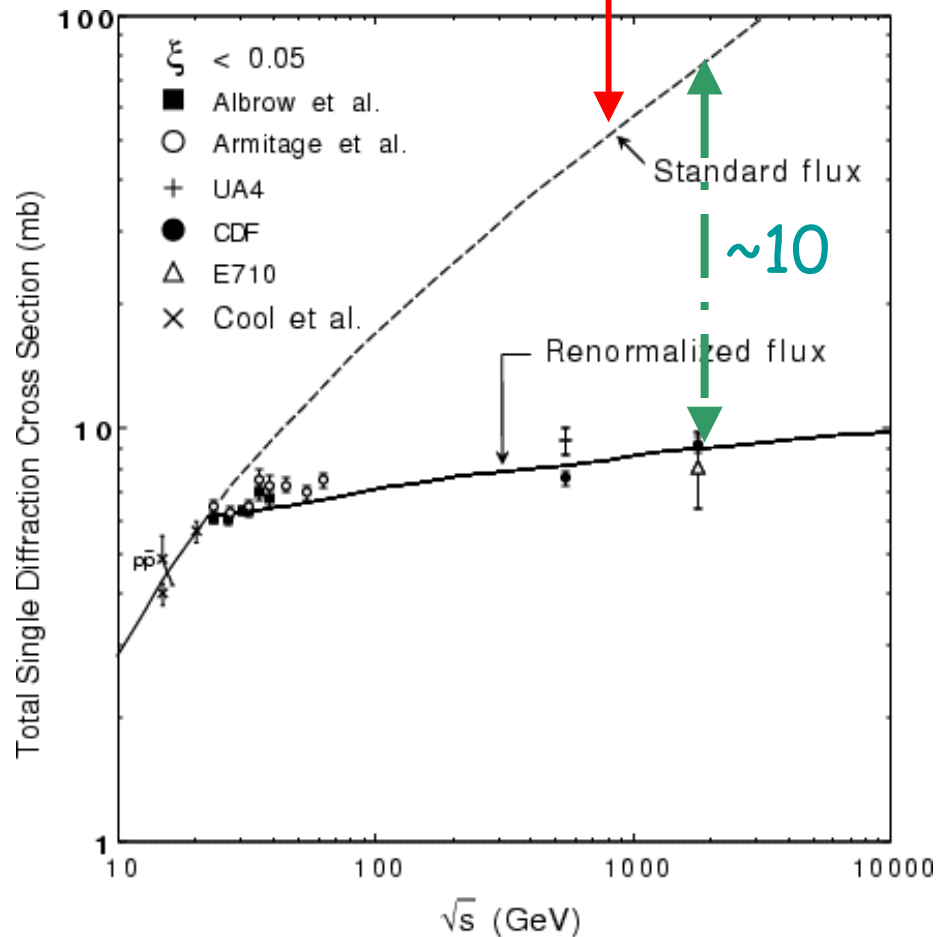
$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{SD}}{dt d\xi} = f_{IP/p}(t, \xi) \cdot \sigma_{IP-\bar{p}}(M_X^2)$$

$$\sigma_{SD} \sim S^{2\varepsilon}$$

- ❖ Unitarity problem:
With factorization and std pomeron flux σ_{SD} exceeds σ_T at $\sqrt{s} \approx 2 \text{ TeV}$.
- ❖ Renormalization:
normalize the pomeron flux to unity

KG, PLB 358 (1995) 379

$$\int_{\xi_{\min}}^{0.1} \int_{t=-\infty}^0 f_{IP/p}(t, \xi) d\xi dt = 1$$



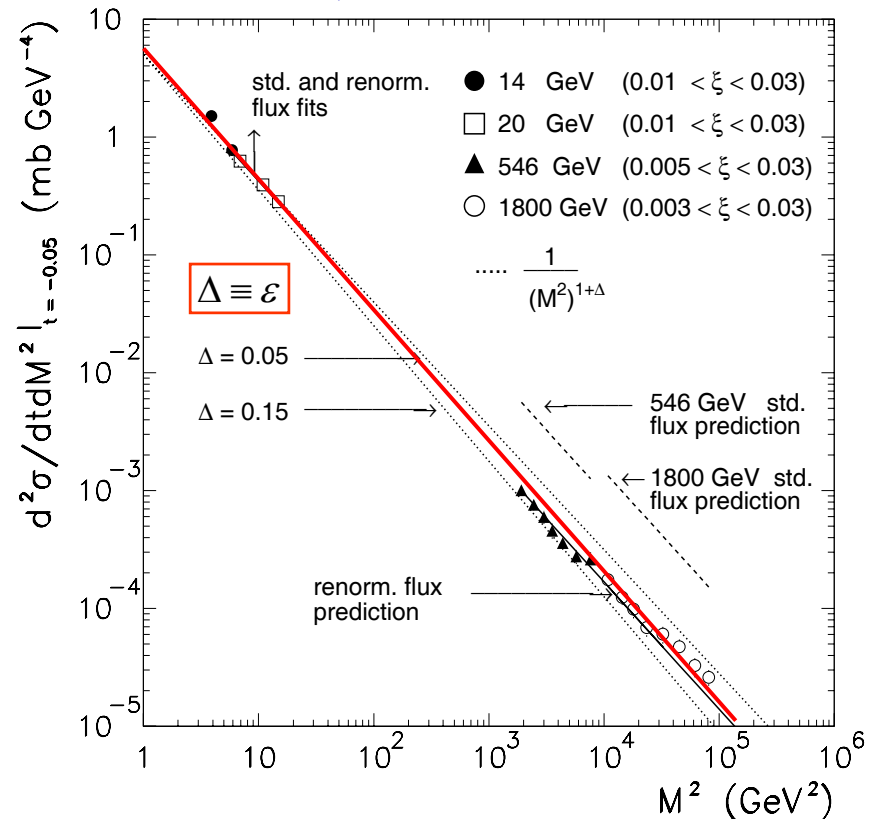
A Scaling Law in Diffraction

Factorization breaks down in favor of M^2 -scaling

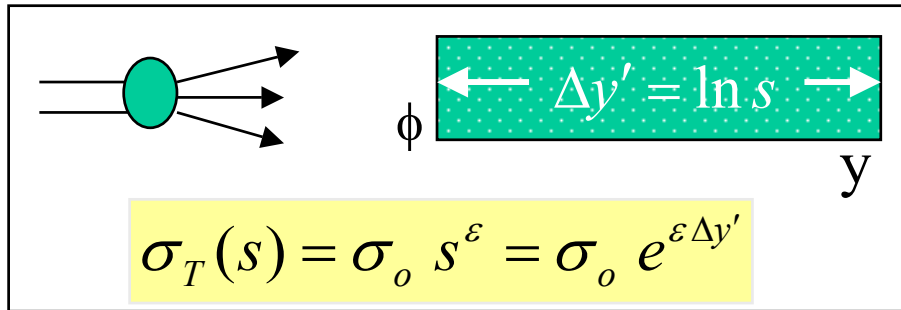
renormalization

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dM^2} \propto \frac{s^{2\varepsilon} \rightarrow 1}{(M^2)^{1+\varepsilon}}$$

KG&JM, PRD 59 (1999) 114017

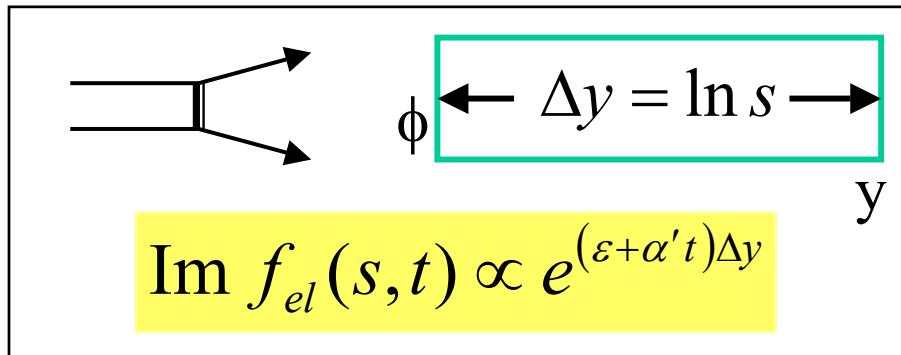


The QCD Connection

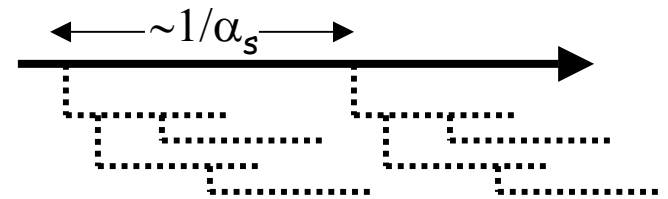


The exponential rise of $\sigma_T(\Delta y')$ is due to the increase of wee partons with $\Delta y'$

(see E. Levin, An Introduction to Pomerons, Preprint DESY 98-120)



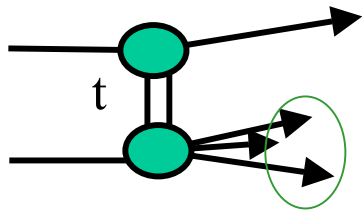
Total cross section:
power law rise with energy



Elastic cross section
forward scattering amplitude

QCD Basis of Renormalization

(KG, hep-ph/0205141)



2 independent variables: $t, \Delta y$

color factor

$$\kappa = \frac{g_{IP-IP-IP}(t)}{\beta_{IP-p-p}(0)} \approx 0.17$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sigma}{dt d\Delta y} = C \cdot F_p^2(t) \cdot \left\{ e^{(\varepsilon + \alpha' t) \Delta y} \right\}^2 \cdot \kappa \cdot \left\{ \sigma_0 e^{\varepsilon \Delta y'} \right\}$$

Gap probability

$$\sim e^{2\varepsilon \Delta y}$$

$$\int_{\Delta y_{\min}}^{\Delta y = \ln s} s^{2\varepsilon \Delta y} \approx s^{2\varepsilon}$$

Renormalization removes the s-dependence → SCALING

The Factors κ and ε

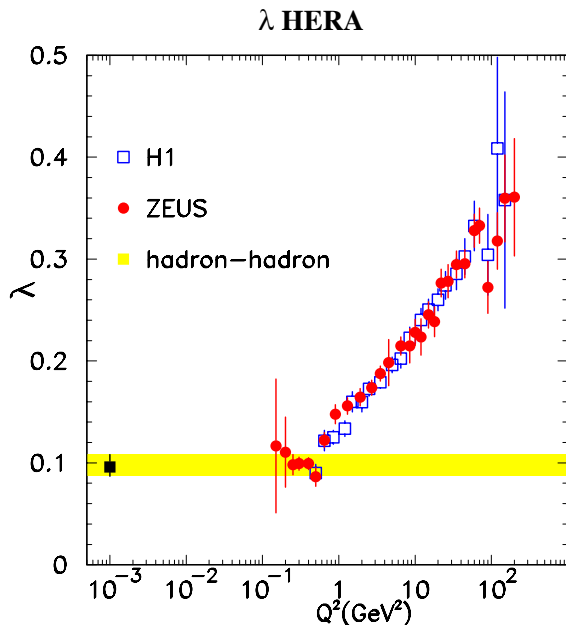
Experimentally:

$$\kappa = \frac{g_{IP-IP-IP}}{\beta_{IP-p}} = 0.17 \pm 0.02, \quad \varepsilon = 0.104$$

KG&JM, PRD 59 (114017) 1999

Color factor: $\kappa = f_g \times \frac{1}{N_c^2 - 1} + f_q \times \frac{1}{N_c} \xrightarrow{Q^2=1} \approx 0.75 \times \frac{1}{8} + 0.25 \times \frac{1}{3} = 0.18$

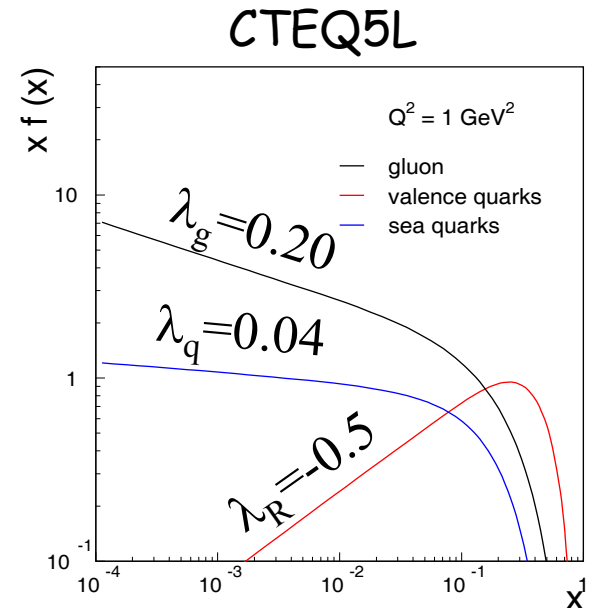
Pomeron intercept: $\varepsilon = \lambda_g \cdot w_g + \lambda_q \cdot w_q = 0.12$



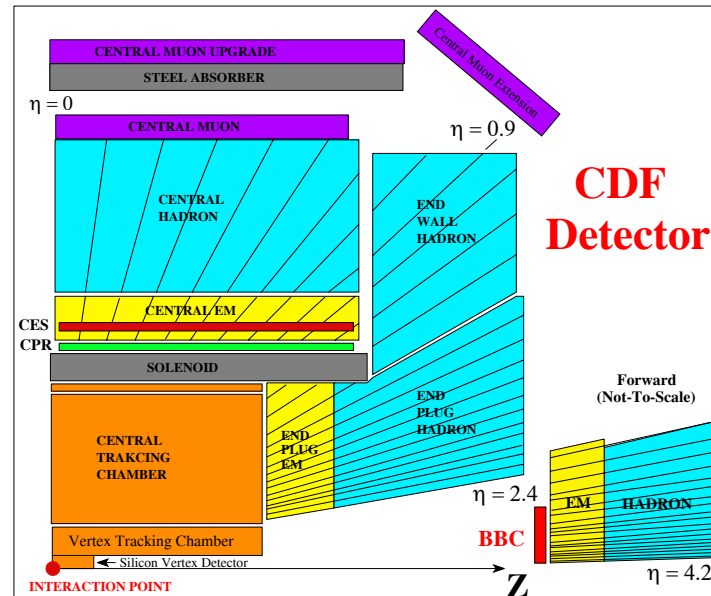
$$x \cdot f(x) = \frac{1}{x^\lambda}$$

f_g = gluon fraction
 f_q = quark fraction

$$\int_{x=1/s}^1 f(x) dx \sim s^\lambda$$



Run-I A,B: Rapidity Gap Studies

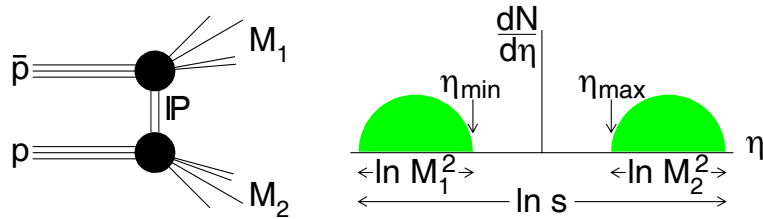


Forward Detectors

BBC $3.2 < \eta < 5.9$

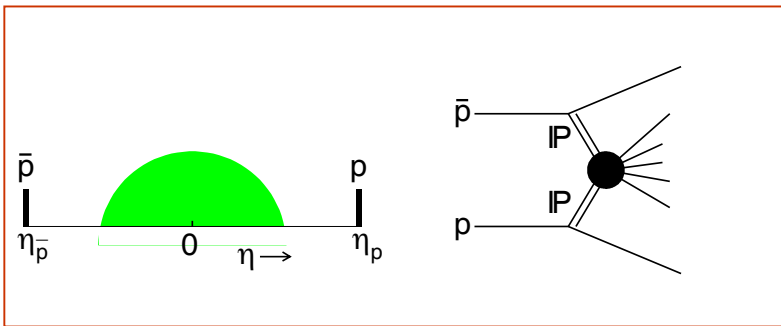
FCAL $2.4 < \eta < 4.2$

Central and Double Gaps



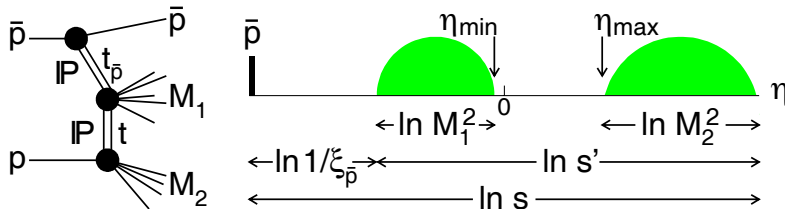
□ Double Diffraction Dissociation

➤ One central gap



□ Double Pomeron Exchange

➤ Two forward gaps

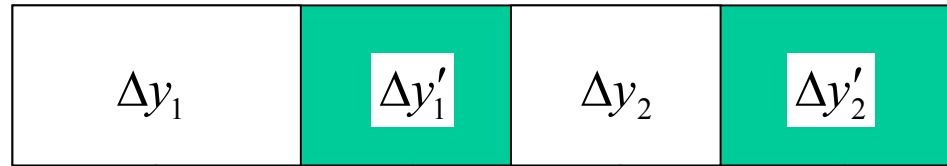
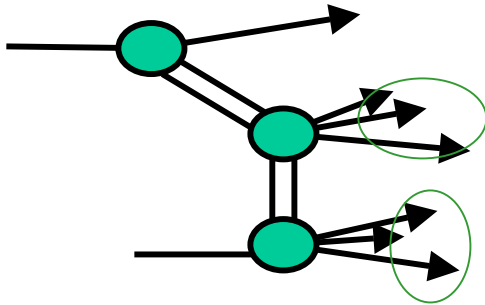


□ SDD: Single+Double Diffraction

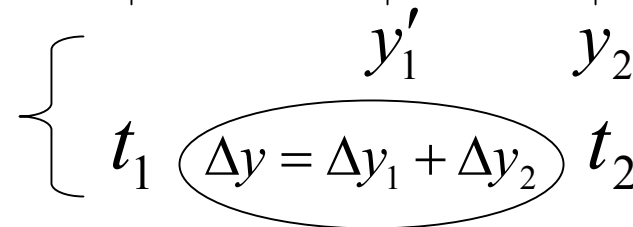
➤ One forward + one central gap

Multigap Renormalization

(KG, hep-ph/0205141)



5 independent variables



color factors

$$\frac{d^5 \sigma}{\prod_{i=1-5} dV_i} = C \times F_p^2(t_1) \prod_{i=1-2} \left\{ e^{(\varepsilon + \alpha' t_i) \Delta y_i} \right\}^2 \times \kappa^2 \left\{ \sigma_o e^{\varepsilon(\Delta y'_1 + \Delta y'_2)} \right\}$$

Gap probability
 $\sim e^{2\varepsilon \Delta y}$

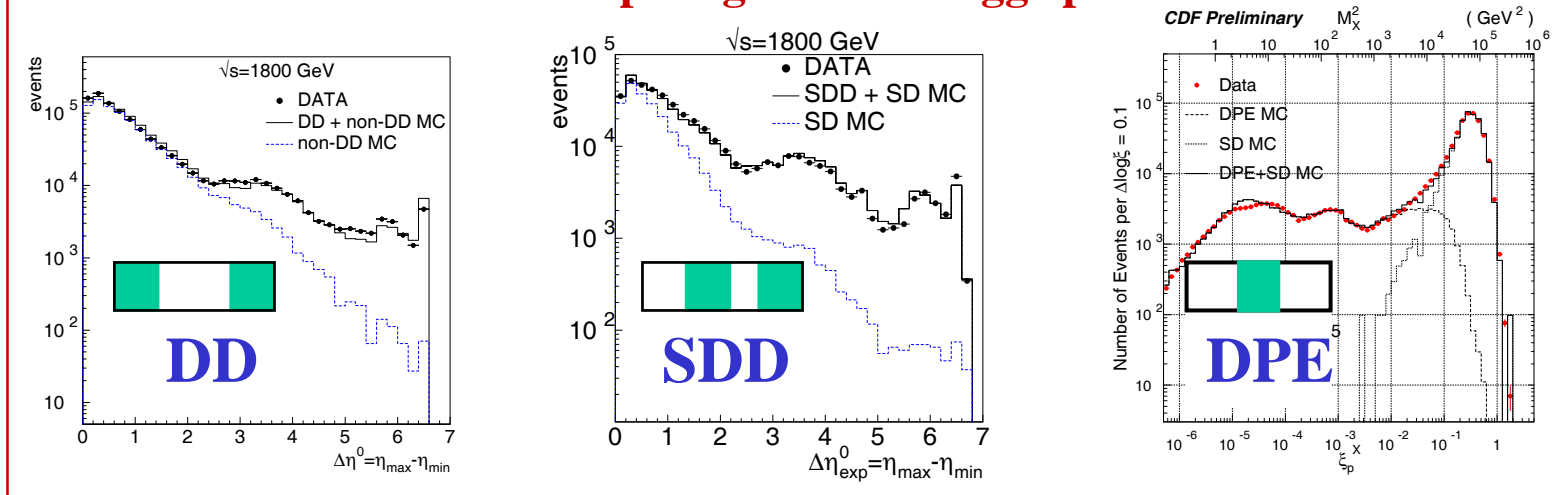
Sub-energy cross section
 (for regions with particles)

$$\int_{\Delta y_{\min}}^{\Delta y = \ln s} s^{2\varepsilon \Delta y} \approx s^{2\varepsilon}$$

Same suppression as for single gap!

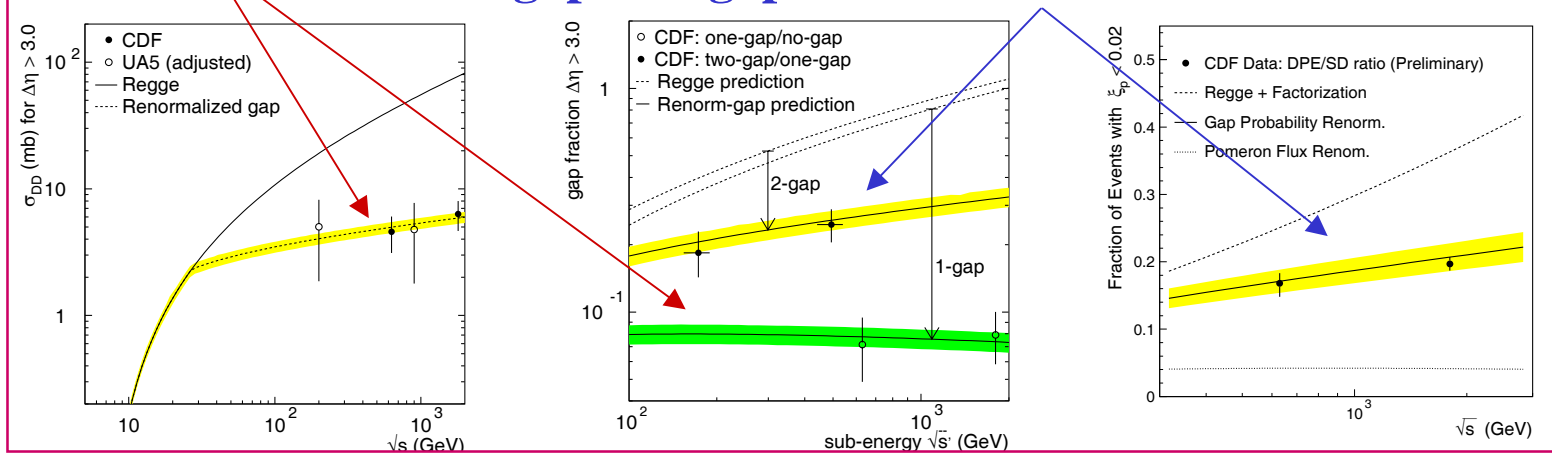
Central & Double-Gap Results

Differential shapes agree with Regge predictions

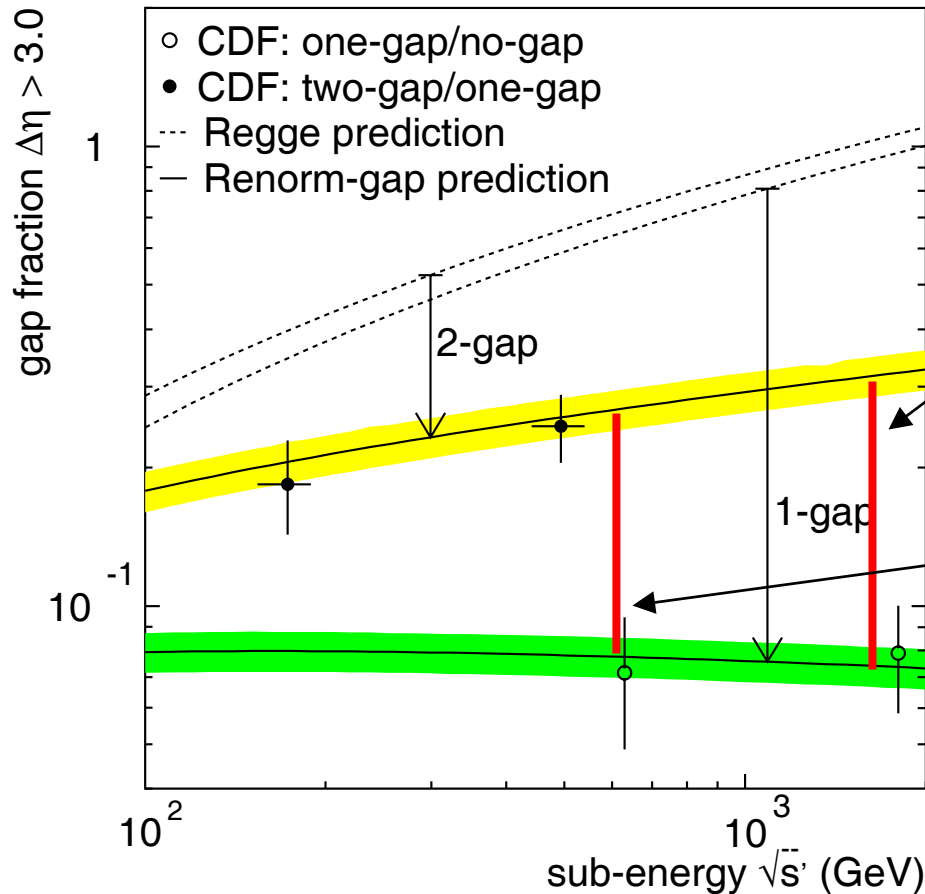


➤ One-gap cross sections are suppressed

➤ Two-gap/one-gap ratios are $\approx \kappa = 0.17$



Gap Survival Probability



$$S = \frac{\phi \left[\begin{array}{c} \eta \\ \eta \end{array} \right] / \phi \left[\begin{array}{c} \eta \end{array} \right]}{\phi \left[\begin{array}{c} \eta \\ \eta \end{array} \right] / \phi \left[\begin{array}{c} \eta \\ \eta \end{array} \right]}$$

$$S_{2\text{-gap}/1\text{-gap}}^{1\text{-gap}/0\text{-gap}} (1800 \text{ GeV}) \approx 0.23$$

$$S_{2\text{-gap}/1\text{-gap}}^{1\text{-gap}/0\text{-gap}} (630 \text{ GeV}) \approx 0.29$$

Results similar to predictions by:
 Gotsman-Levin-Maor
 Kaidalov-Khoze-Martin-Ryskin
 Soft color interactions

Soft Diffraction Summary

Experiment:

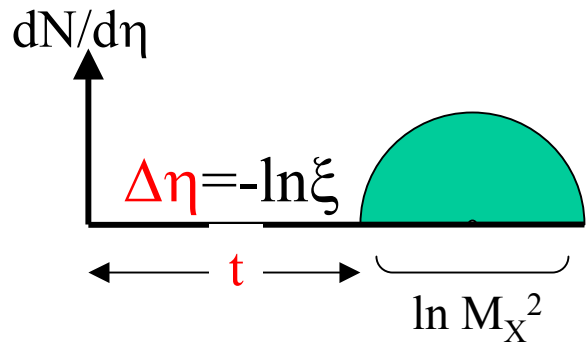
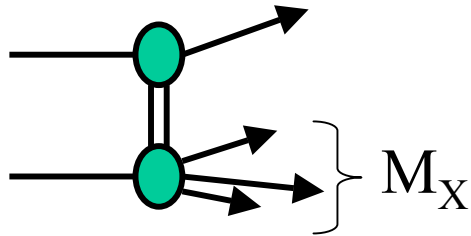
- M^2 - scaling
- Non-suppressed double-gap to single-gap ratios

Phenomenology:

- Generalized renormalization
- Obtain Pomeron intercept and tripe-Pomeron coupling from inclusive PDF's and color factors

Hard Diffraction @ CDF

SOFT DIFFRACTION

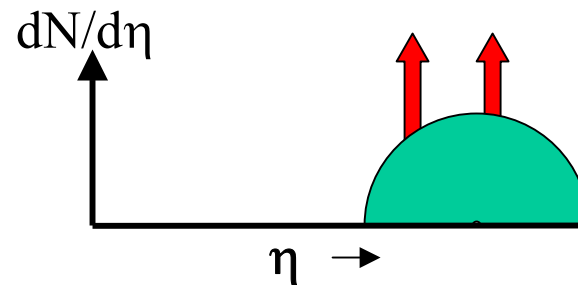
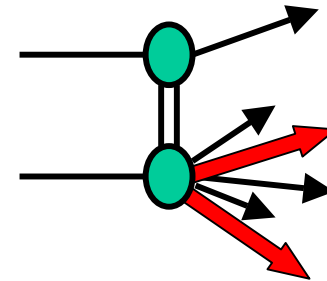


$$\xi = \Delta P_L / P_L$$

ξ = fractional momentum loss
of scattered (anti)proton

Variables: (ξ, t) or $(\Delta\eta, t)$

HARD DIFFRACTION



Additional variables: (x, Q^2)

$$x_{Bj} = \sum E_T^{jet} e^{-\eta^{jet}} / \sqrt{s}$$

$$x = \beta \xi, \quad Q^2 = (E_T^{jet})^2$$

Diffraction Fractions @ CDF

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow X + \text{gap}$$

SD/ND fraction at 1800 GeV

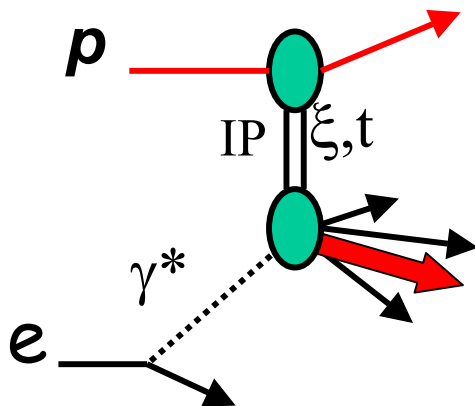
X	Fraction(%)
W	1.15 (0.55)
JJ	0.75 (0.10)
b	0.62 (0.25)
J/ ψ	1.45 (0.25)

All fractions ~ 1%
→ Factorization ~ OK @ Tevatron
at fixed c.m.s. energy.

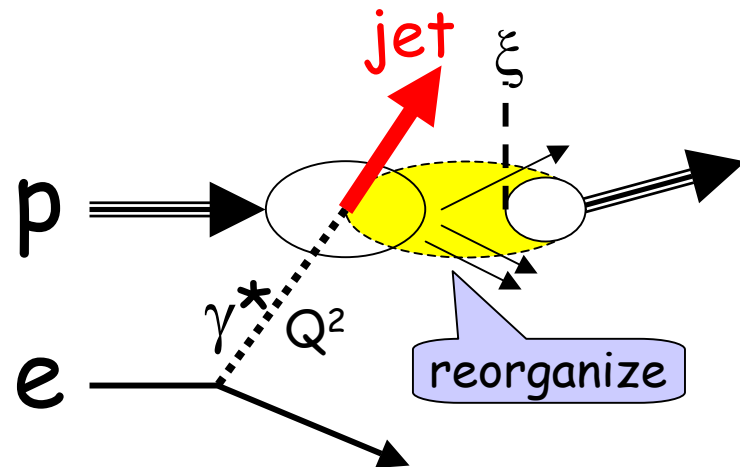
Diffraction DIS @ HERA

J. Collins: Factorization should hold

Pomeron exchange



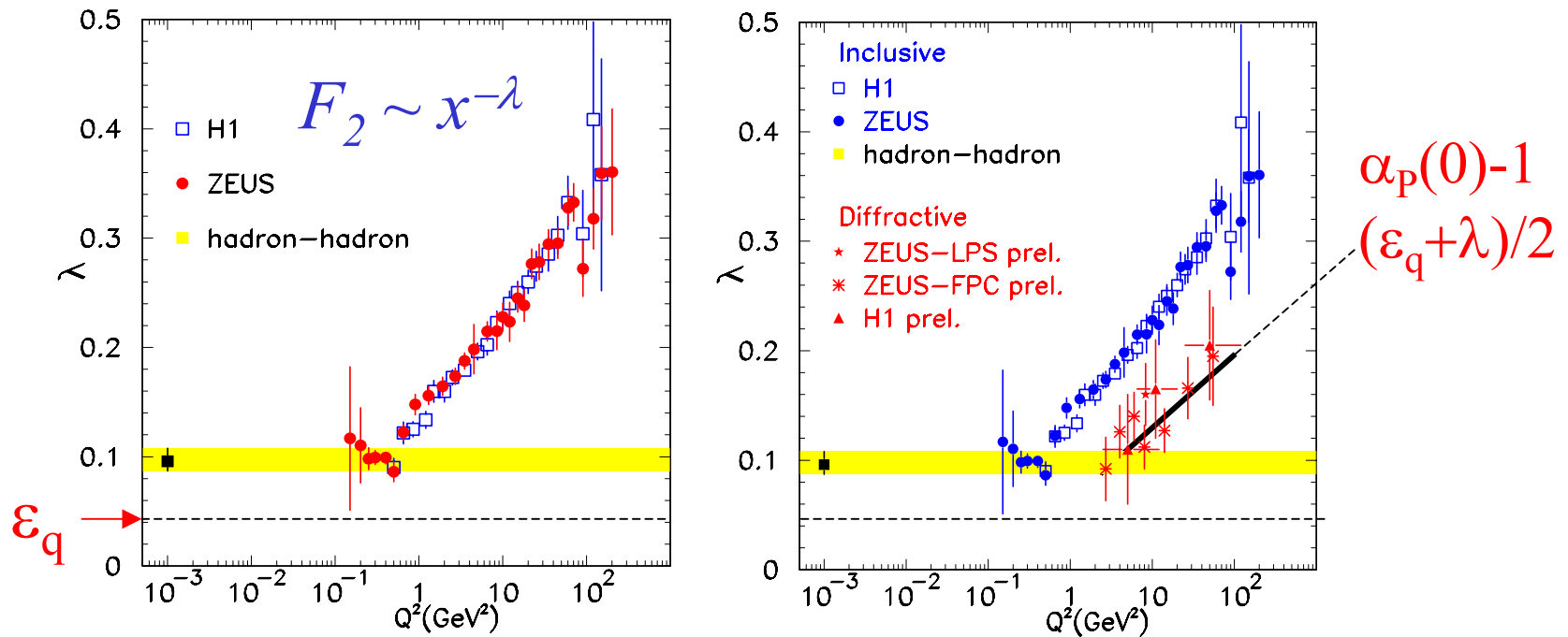
Color reorganization



$$F_2^{D(3)}(\xi, x, Q^2) \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+\epsilon}} \cdot F_2(x, Q^2)$$

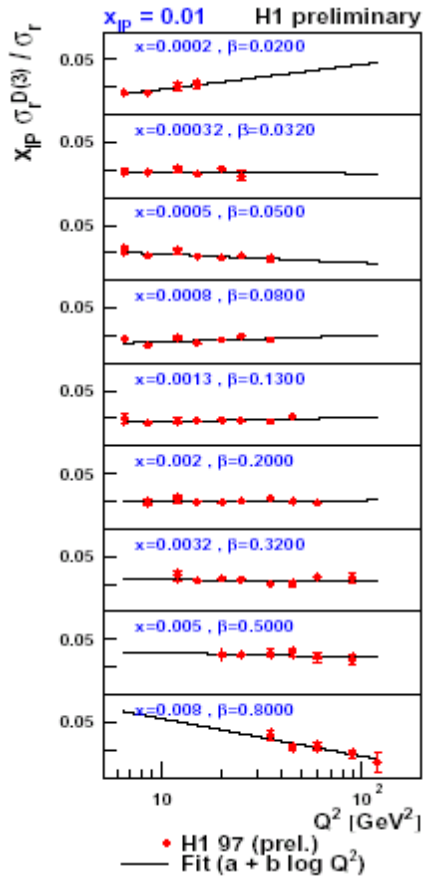
Inclusive vs Diffractive DIS

KG, "Diffraction: a New Approach," J.Phys.G26:716-720,2000 e-Print Archive: hep-ph/0001092



$$F_2^{D(3)}(\xi, \beta, Q^2) \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+\epsilon}} \cdot \frac{C(Q^2)}{(\beta\xi)^\lambda(Q^2)} \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+\epsilon+\lambda}} \cdot \frac{C}{\beta^\lambda}$$

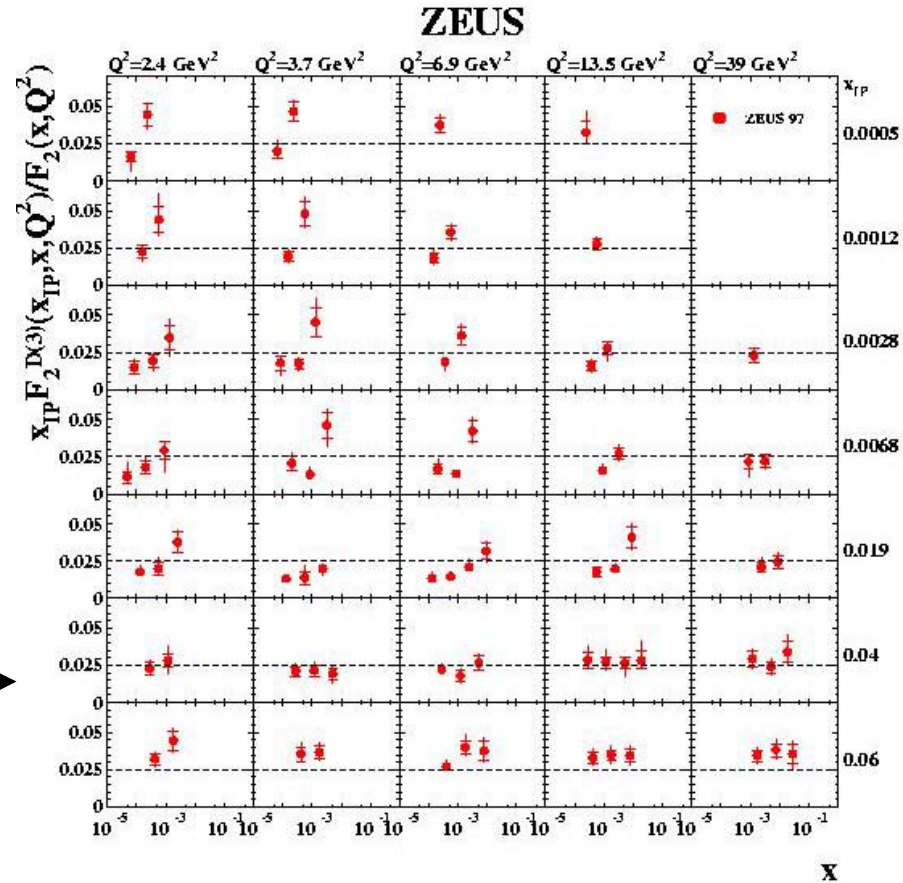
$\sigma^{\text{diff}}/\sigma^{\text{incl}}$ DIS at HERA



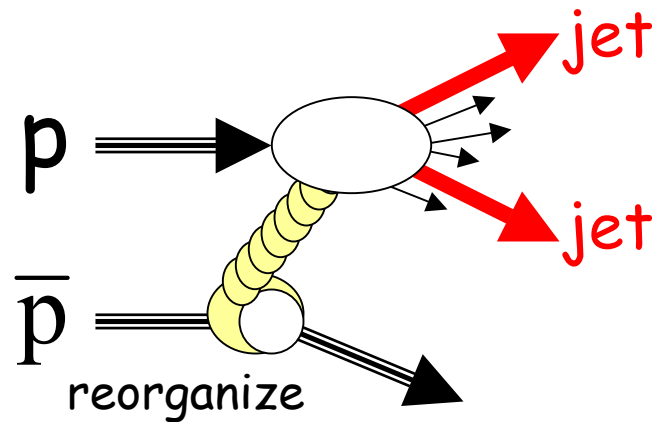
At fixed x :
flat Q^2 -dependence



At fixed Q^2 :
flat x -dependence



Diffractive Dijets @ Tevatron

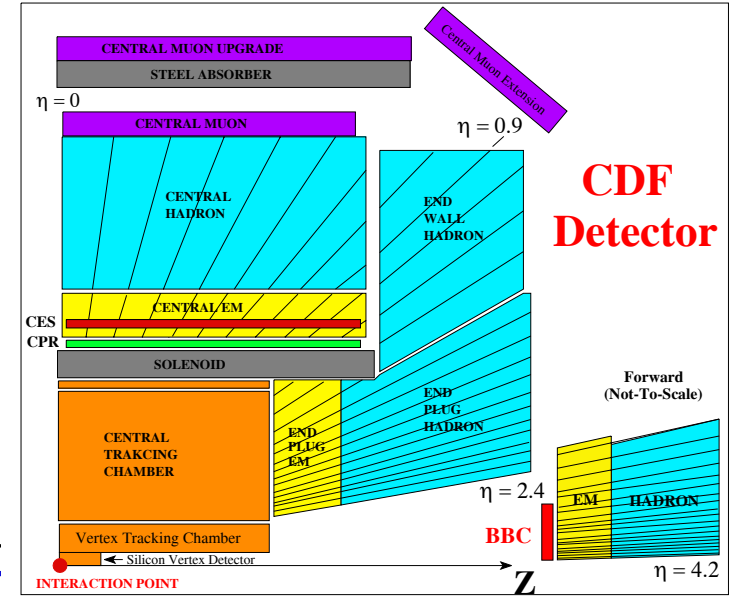
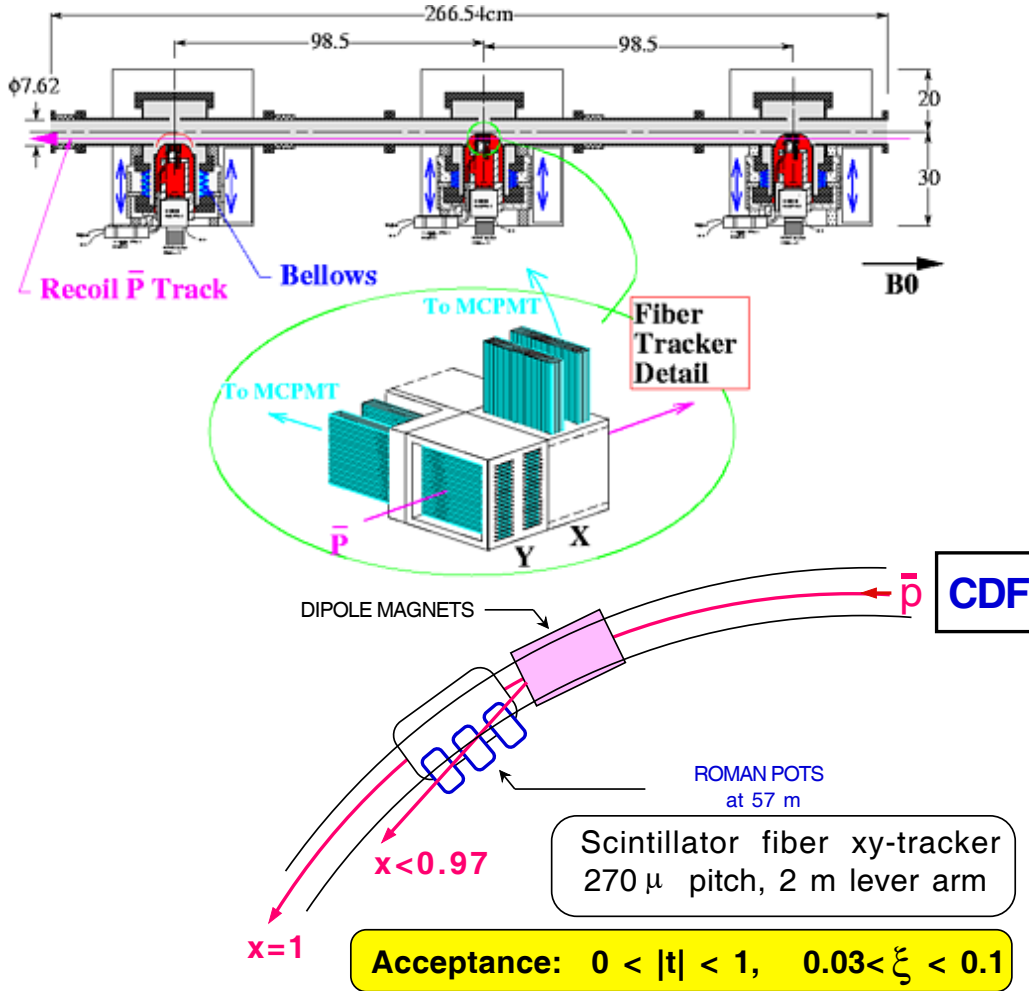


$$F^D(\xi, x, Q^2) \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+2\varepsilon}} \cdot F(x/\xi, Q^2)$$

CDF-IC

Run-IC

Run-IA,B



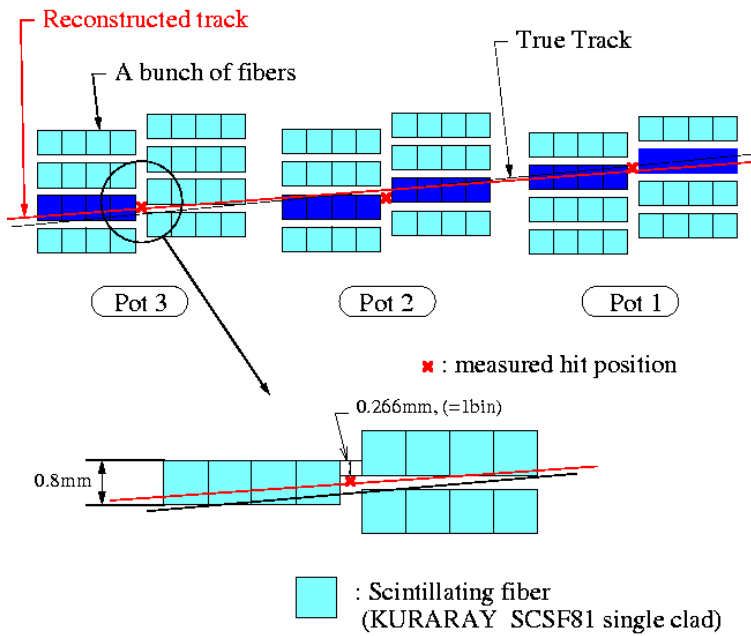
Forward Detectors

BBC $3.2 < \eta < 5.9$

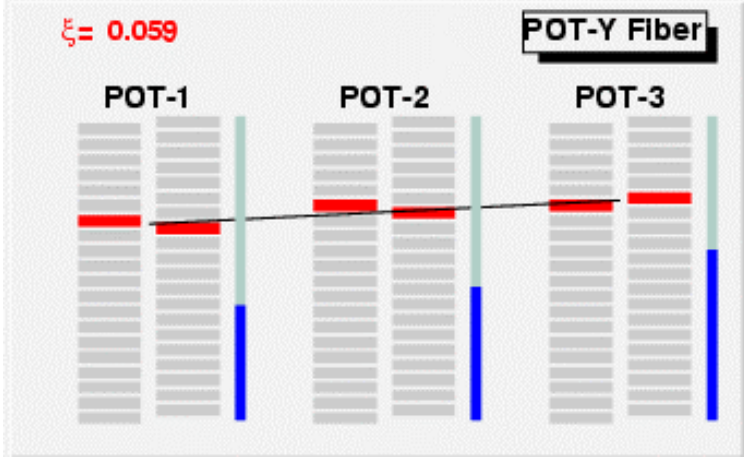
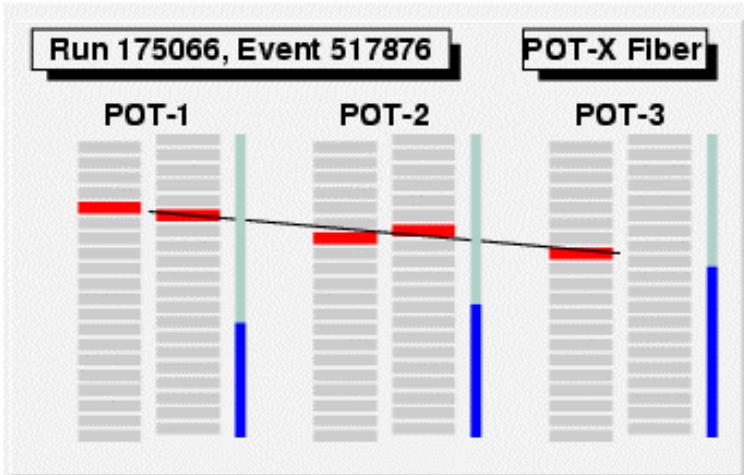
FCAL $2.4 < \eta < 4.2$

Roman Pot tracking

FIBER TRACKER



Expected position resolution	80 μm
Expected angle resolution	60 μrad



Diffractive Structure F'n @CDF

$$\bar{p} + p \rightarrow \bar{p} + Jet + Jet + X$$

- Measure ratio of SD/ND dijet rates as a f'n of $x_{\bar{p}}$

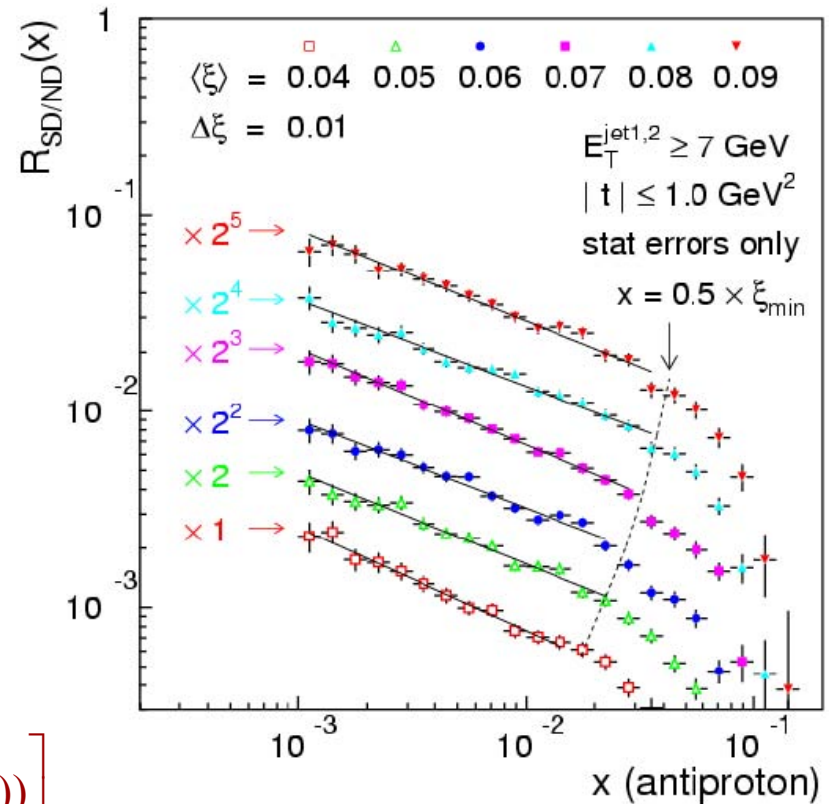
$$x_{\bar{p}} \equiv p_{g,q}/p_{\bar{p}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{2(3)} E_T^i \cdot e^{-\eta^i}}{\sqrt{s}}$$

$$\frac{R_{SD}}{R_{ND}}(x_{\bar{p}}) \approx R_0 \cdot x_{\bar{p}}^{-0.45}$$

- In LO-QCD ratio of rates equals ratio of structure fn's

$$F_{jj}(x_{\bar{p}}) = x_{\bar{p}} \left[g(x_{\bar{p}}) + \frac{C_F}{C_A} \sum (q_i(x_{\bar{p}}) + \bar{q}_i(x_{\bar{p}})) \right]$$

SD/ND Rates vs $x_{\bar{p}}$



$F^D_{JJ}(\xi, \beta, Q^2)$ @ Tevatron

$$F^D(\xi, \beta, Q^2) \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+2\varepsilon}} \cdot \frac{C(Q^2)}{(x/\xi)^{\lambda(Q^2)}} \propto \frac{1}{(\beta s)^{2\varepsilon}} \cdot \frac{1}{\xi^{1+2\varepsilon}} \cdot \frac{C}{\beta^\lambda}$$

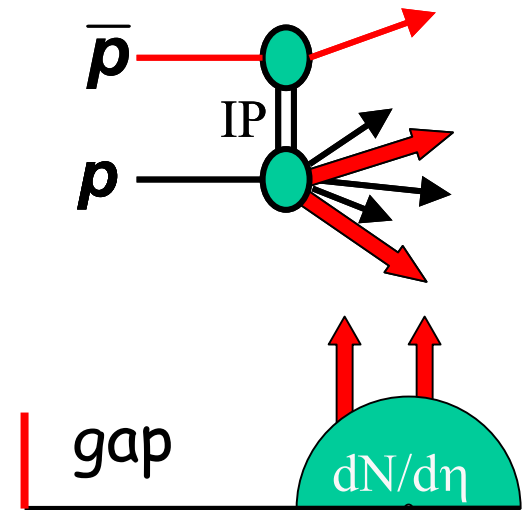
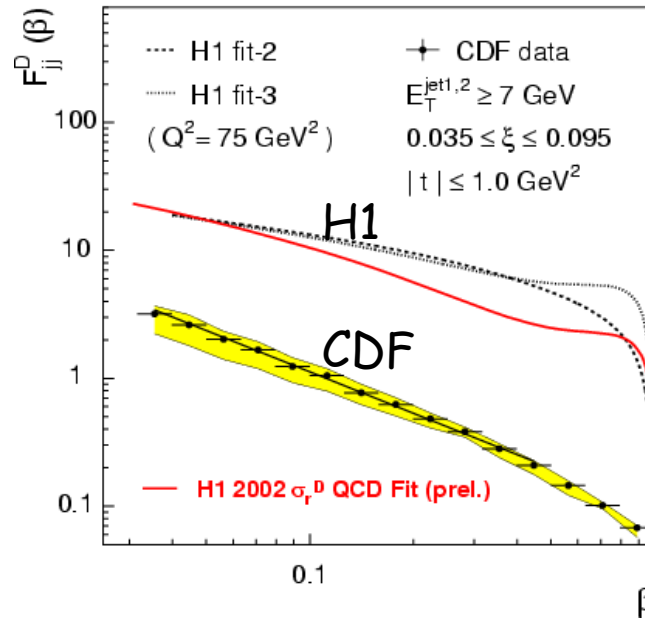
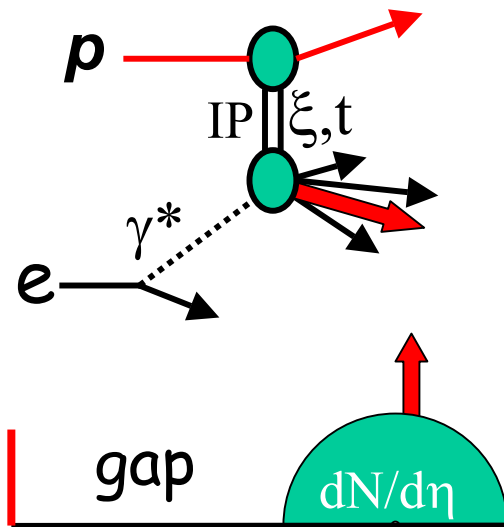
$$N_{\text{renorm}}^{-1} = \int_{\xi_{\min}}^1 \frac{d\xi}{\xi^{1+2\varepsilon}} \xrightarrow{\xi_{\min} = \frac{x_{\min}}{\beta} \sim \frac{1}{\beta s}} (\beta s)^{2\varepsilon}$$

$$\text{RENORM} \Rightarrow R_{ND}^{SD}(x) \sim \frac{1}{s^{2\varepsilon}} \frac{1}{\xi^{1-\lambda(Q^2)}} \cdot x^{-(2\varepsilon)}$$

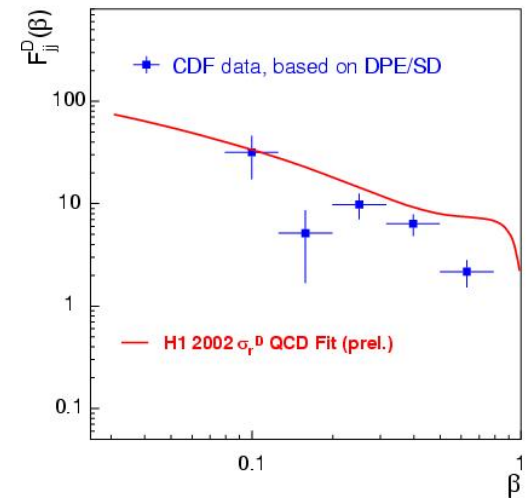
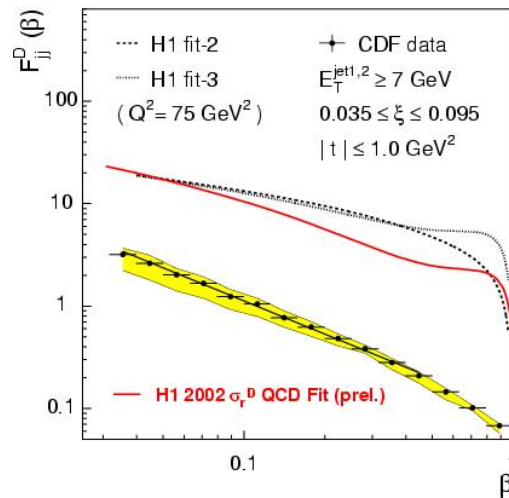
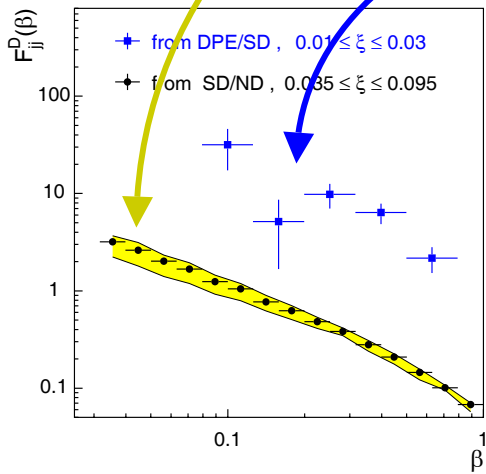
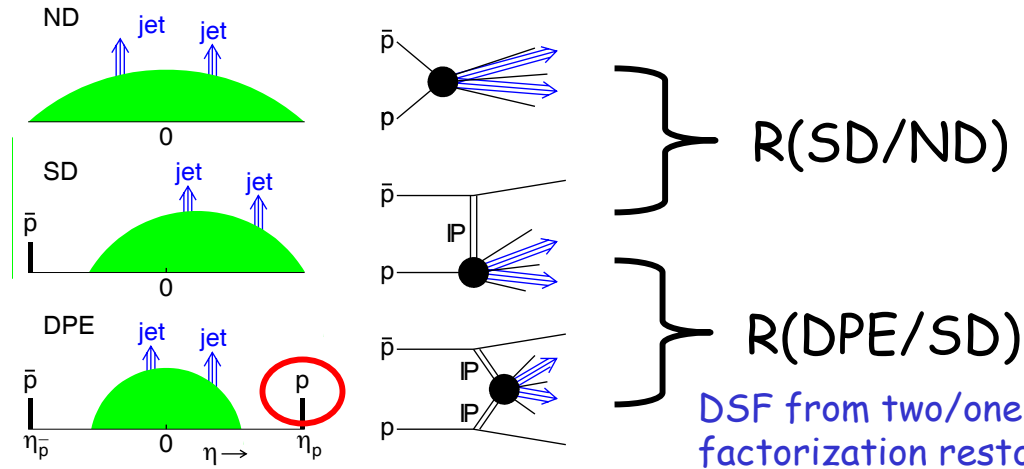
$$\varepsilon_g = 0.2 \rightarrow x^{-0.4}$$

Tevatron vs HERA: Factorization Breakdown

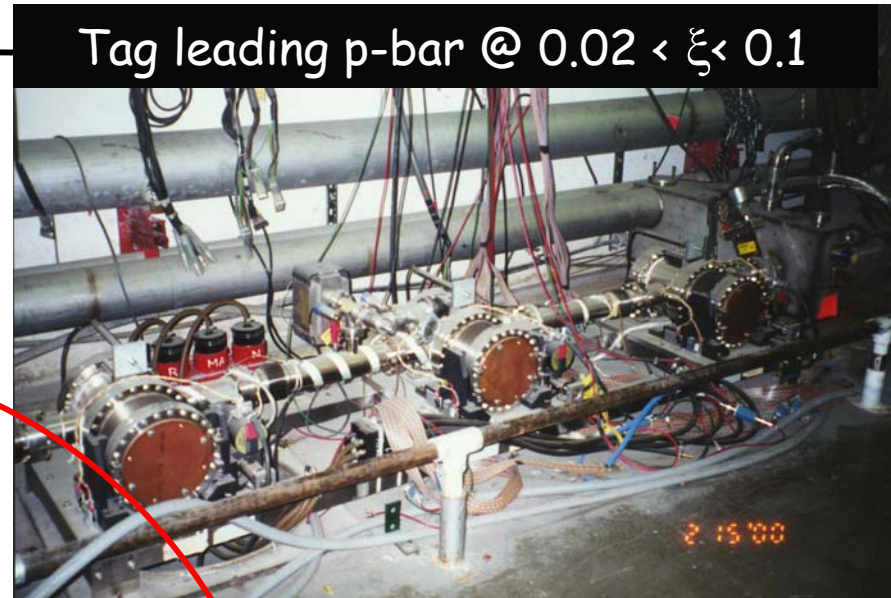
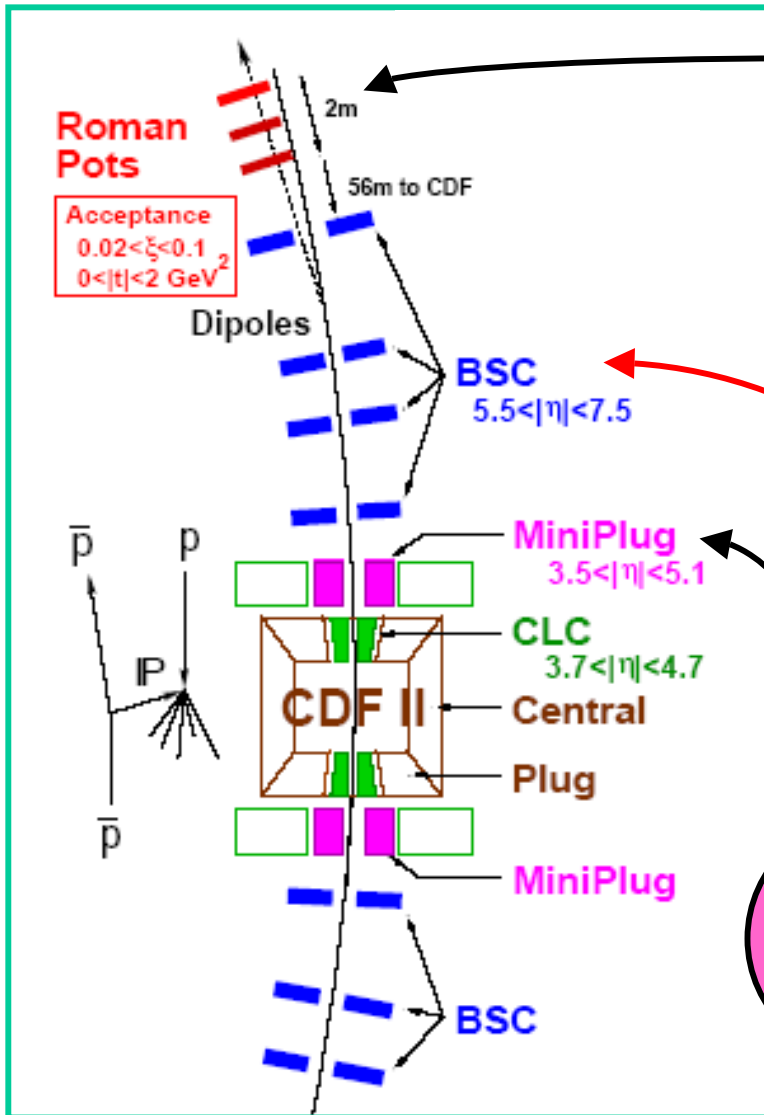
Predicted in KG, PLB 358 (1995) 379



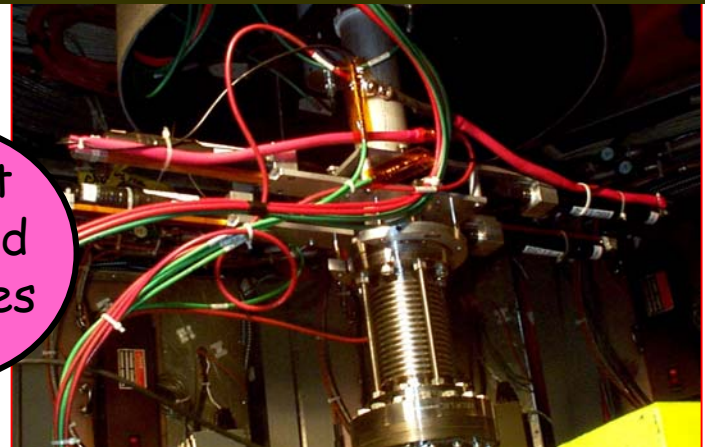
Restoring Factorization



CDF-II



Reject (retain) 95% of ND (SD) events



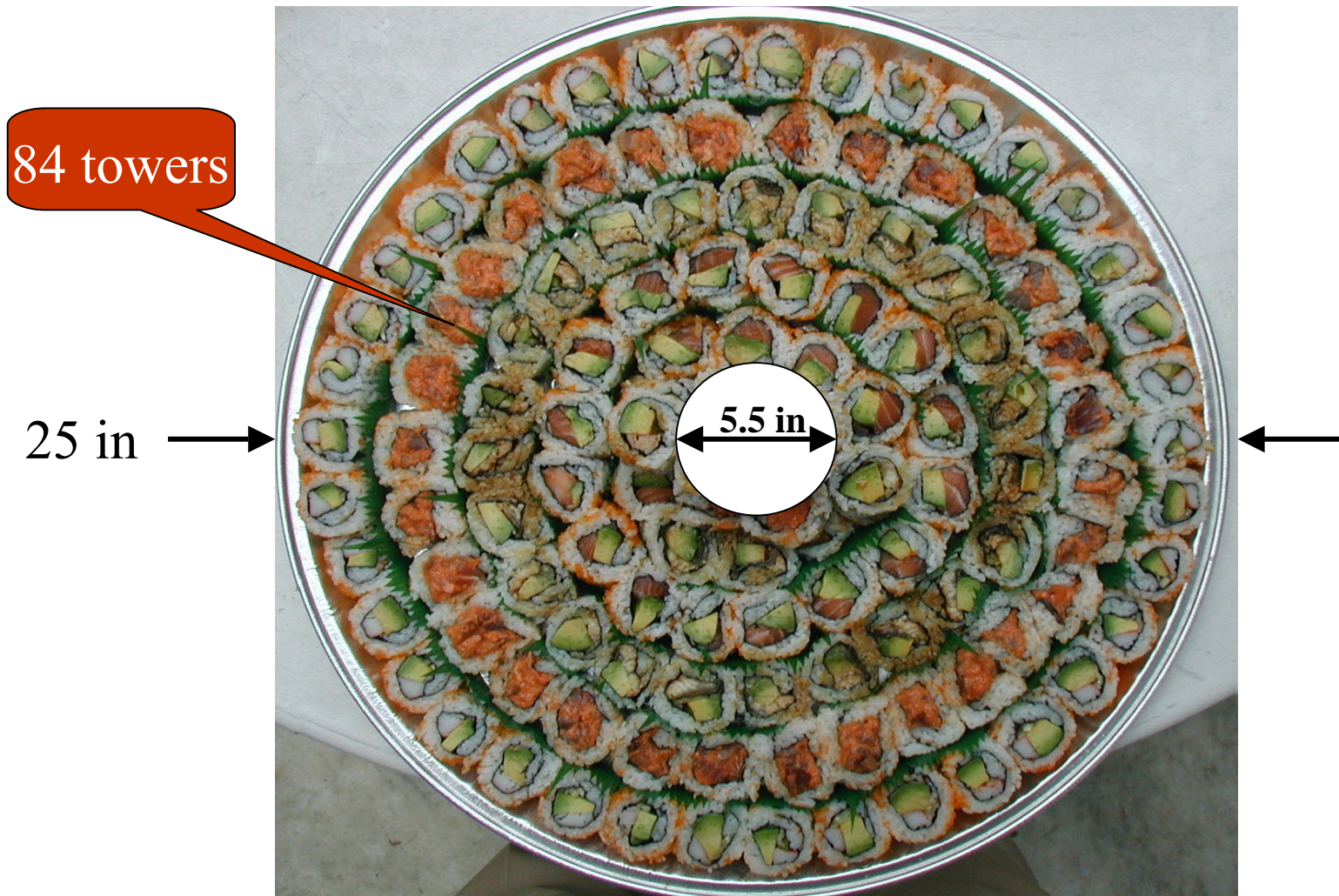
detect forward particles

MiniPlug Calorimeter

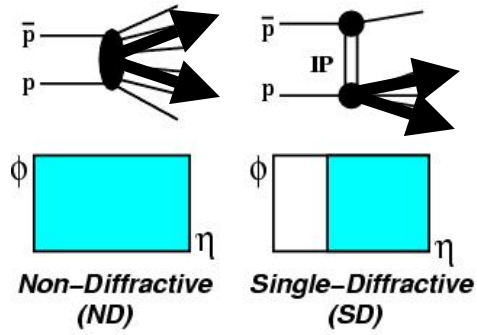


About 1500 wavelength shifting fibers of 1 mm dia. are 'strung' through holes drilled in $36 \times \frac{1}{4}$ " lead plates sandwiched between reflective Al sheets and guided into bunches to be viewed individually by multi-channel photomultipliers.

Artist's View of MiniPlug

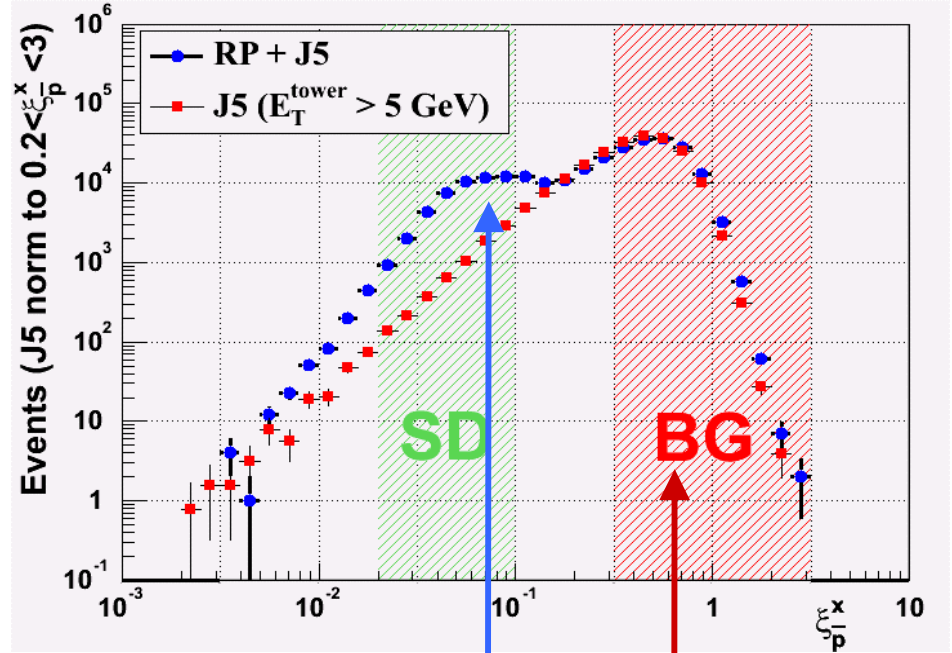


Diffractive dijets



ξ : momentum loss fraction of pbar

$$\xi = \frac{\sum_{(\text{all towers})} E_T e^{-\eta}}{\sqrt{s}}$$

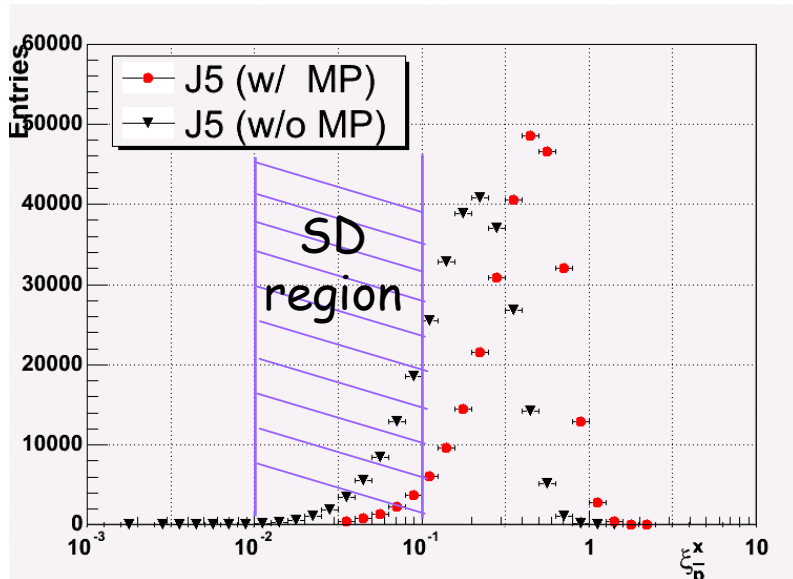


Approx. flat at $\xi < 0.1$

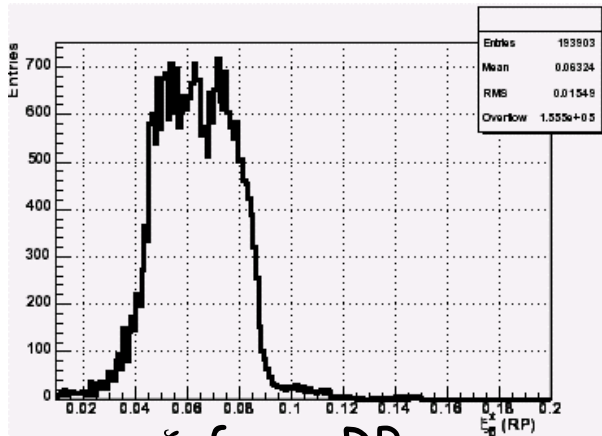
$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\xi} \propto \frac{1}{\xi} \rightarrow \frac{d\sigma}{d(\log \xi)} = \text{const}$$

overlap events

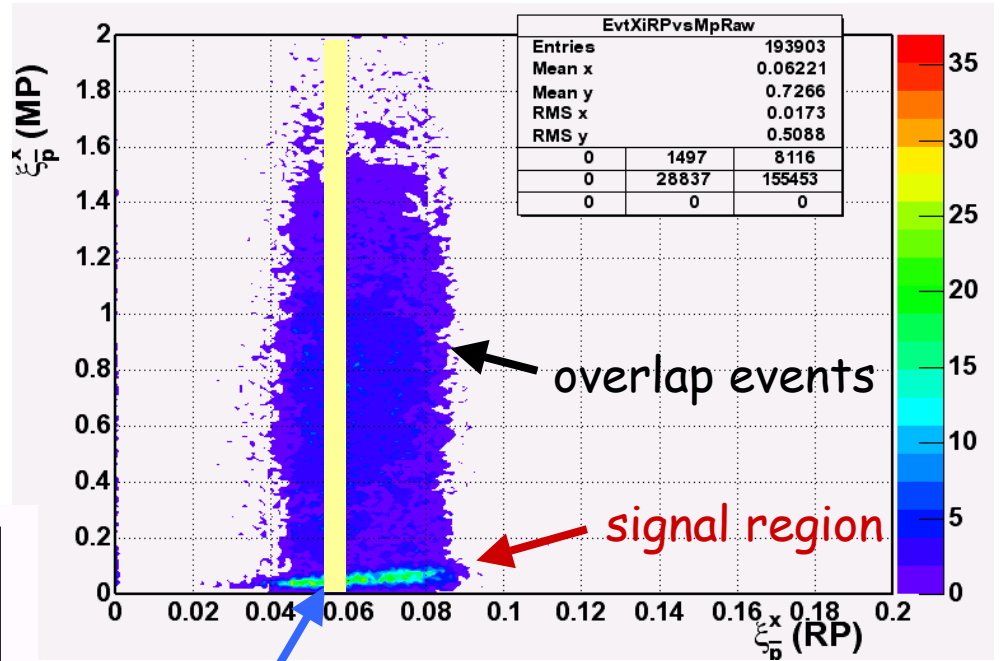
MP energy scale: $\pm 25\% \rightarrow \Delta \log \xi = \pm 0.1$
 RP acceptance ($0.03 < \xi < 0.1$) $\sim 80\%$ (Run I)



ξ : RP vs calorimeter

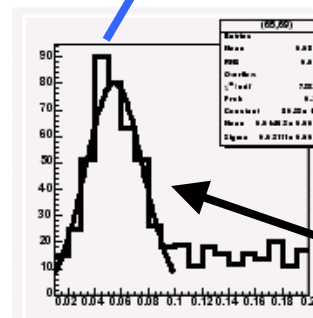
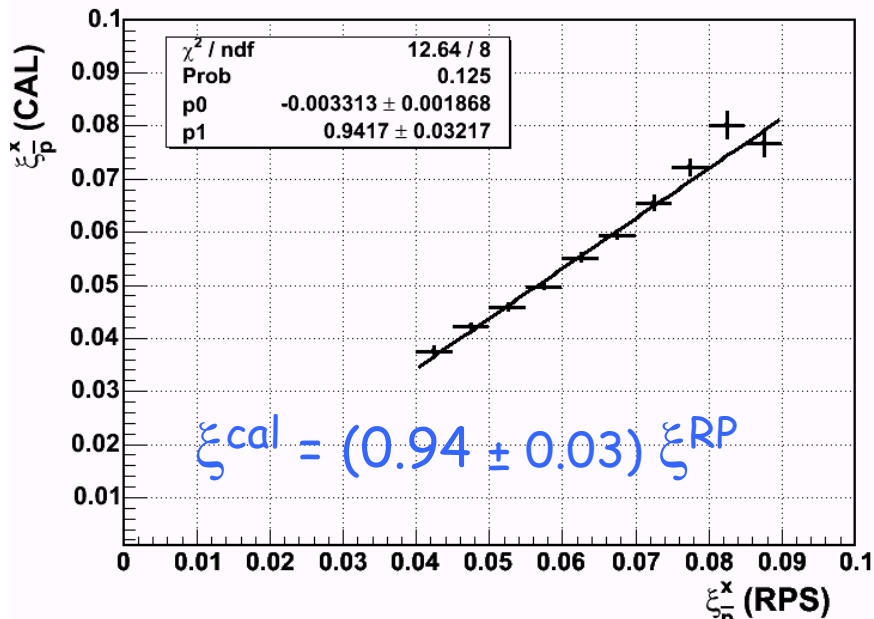


ξ from RP



overlap events

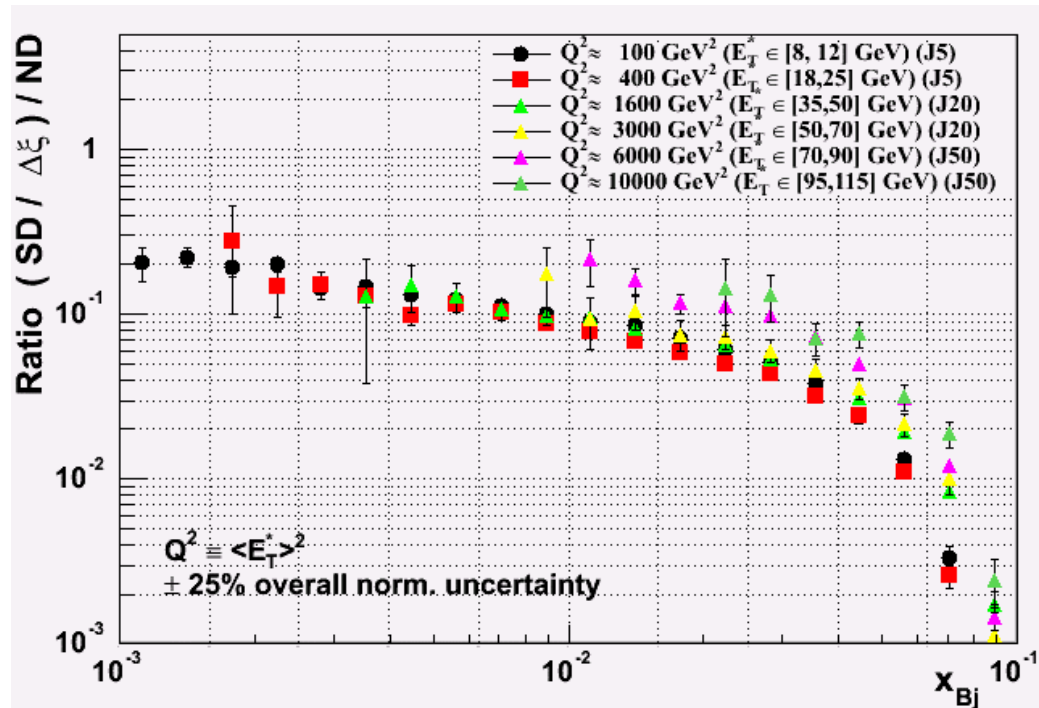
signal region



ξ^{cal} distribution for slice of ξ^{RP}

$\sigma / \text{mean} \sim 30\%$

Q²-dependence of SD/ND ratio

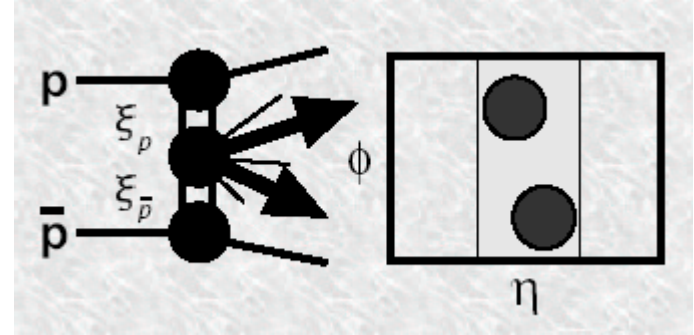


- No appreciable Q^2 dependence
within $100 < Q^2 < 10,000 \text{ GeV}^2$
- ⇒ Pomeron evolves similarly to proton

Exclusive Dijets in DPE

Interest in diffractive Higgs production

Calibrate on exclusive dijets



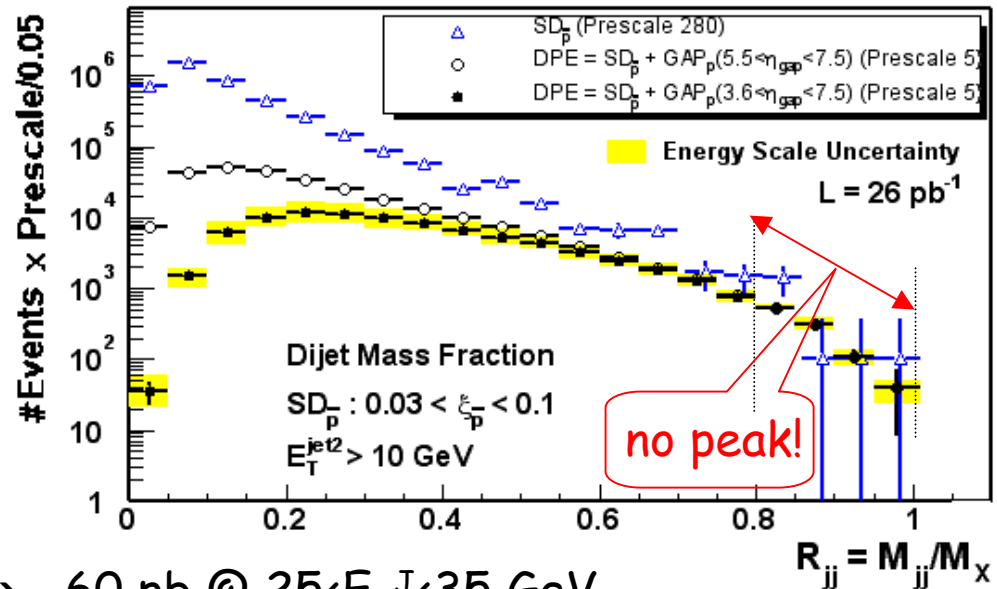
Dijet mass fraction

$$R_{jj} = \frac{M_{jj}^{\text{cone}}}{M_X}$$

E_T^{jet}	$\sigma_{\text{DPE}}^{\text{excl jj}} (R_{jj} > 0.8)$
10 GeV	$970 \pm 65 \pm 272 \text{ pb}$
25 GeV	$34 \pm 5 \pm 10 \text{ pb}$

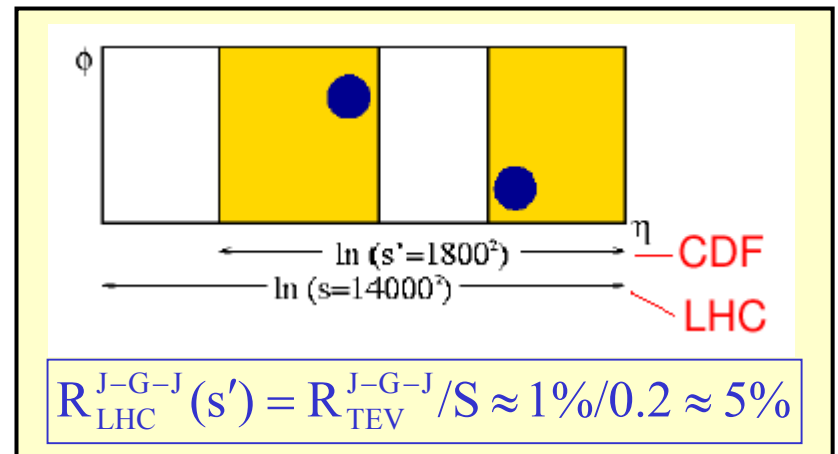
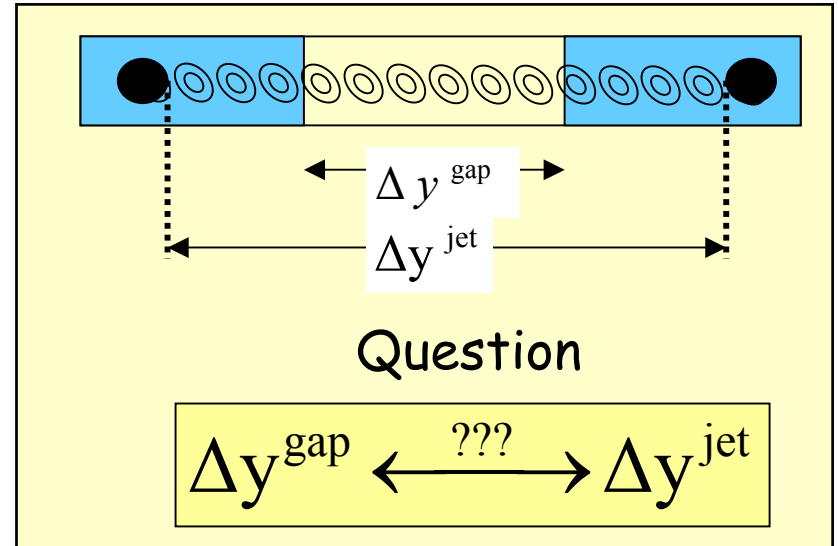
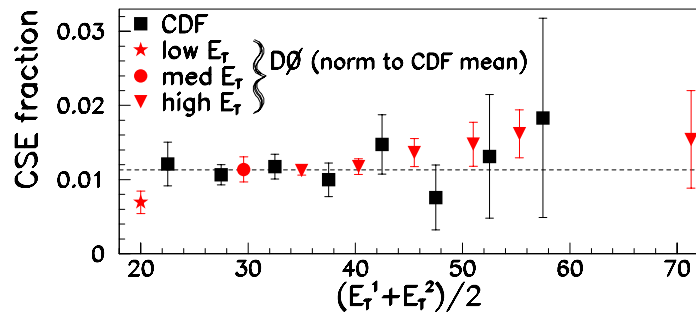
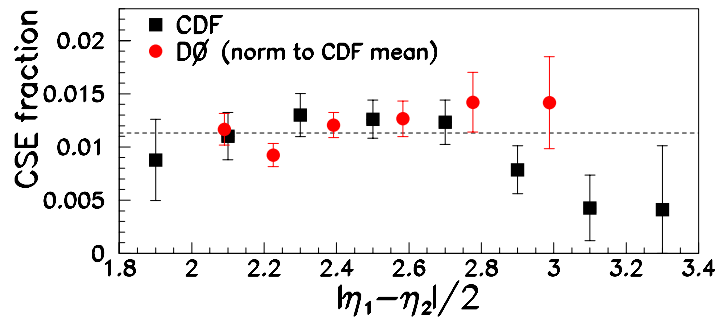
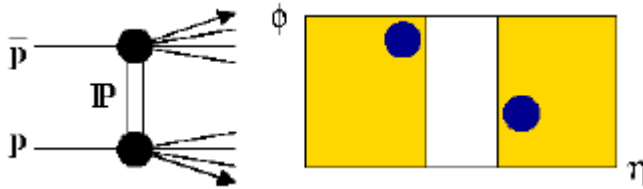
Upper limit for excl DPE-jj consistent with theory: KMR $\rightarrow 60 \text{ pb} @ 25 < E_T^J < 35 \text{ GeV}$

CDF Run II Preliminary



Gap Between Jets

$\bar{p} + p \rightarrow \text{Jet} + \text{Gap} + \text{Jet}$



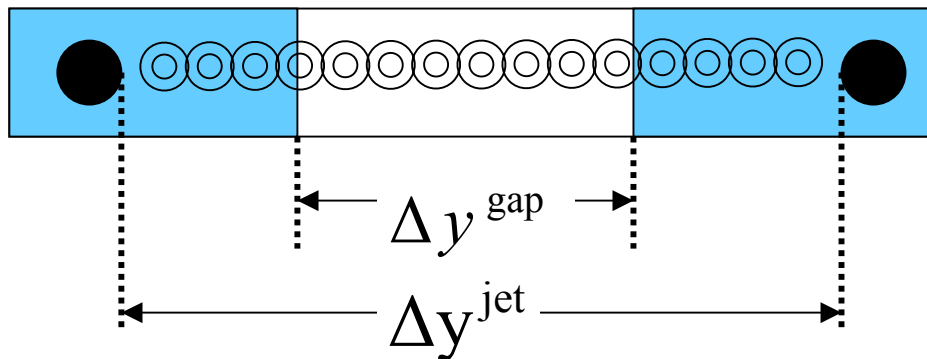
CDF2LHC

TOPIC

- (Q^2, t) dependence of DSF
- Exclusive χ_c production
- Low mass states in DPE
- Exclusive b-bbar production in DPE
- ξ -dependence of DSF
- Jet-gap-Jet ^{w/} jets in miniplugs

STATUS

- close to ready
- close to ready
- need good trigger
- need b-trigger
- need low lum run
- need low lum run



$$\Delta y^{\text{gap}} = \Delta y^{\text{jet}} \Rightarrow \text{BFKL}$$

$$\Delta y^{\text{gap}} \neq \Delta y^{\text{jet}} \Rightarrow \text{composite}$$

Summary

SOFT DIFFRACTION

- M^2 - scaling
- Non-suppressed double-gap to single-gap ratios

HARD DIFFRACTION

- Flavor-independent SD/ND ratio
- Little or no Q^2 -dependence in SD/ND ratio

- ✓ Universality of gap prob. across soft and hard diffraction
- ✓ Pomeron evolves similarly to proton

Diffraction appears to be a low-x partonic exchange subject to color constraints