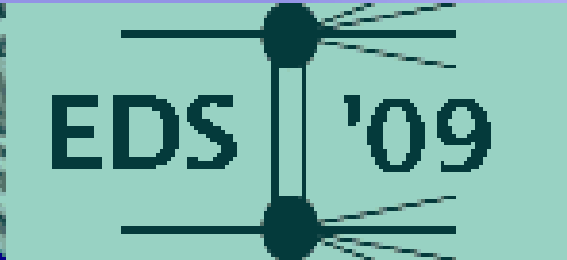


Factorization Breaking in Diffraction

Konstantin Goulios
The Rockefeller University



**13th International Conference on Elastic & Diffractive Scattering
(13th "Blois Workshop")**
CERN, 29th June - 3rd July 2009

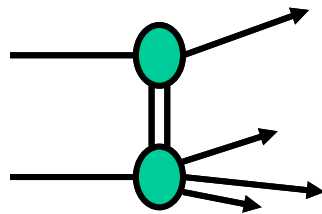
Contents

- pp and $\bar{p}p$ results
- γp and γ^*p results
- renormalization:
the common thread

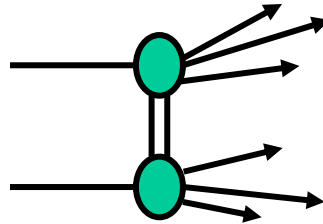
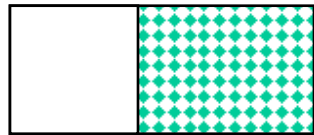
pp and $\bar{p}p$ results

...many $\bar{p}p$ results from CDF!

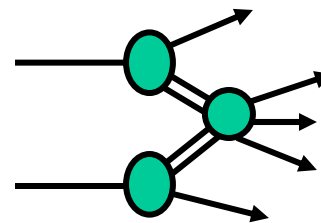
Gaps in soft and hard processes



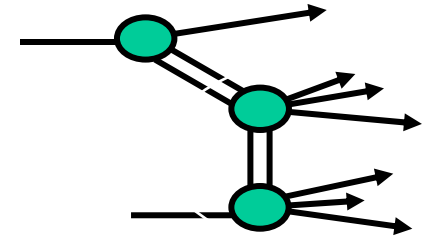
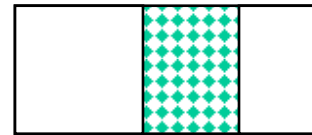
Single Diffraction dissociation (SD)



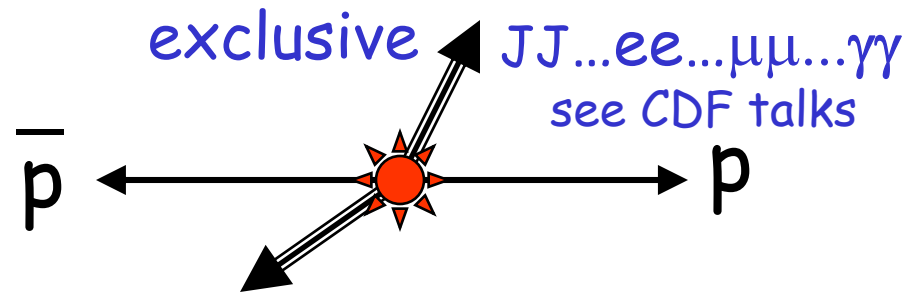
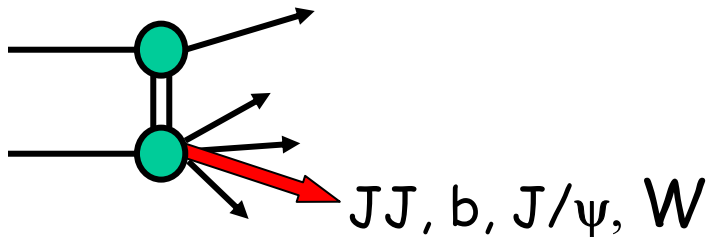
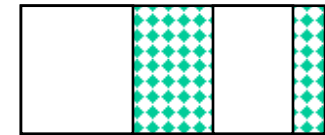
Double Diffraction dissociation (DD)



Double Pomeron Exchange (DPE)

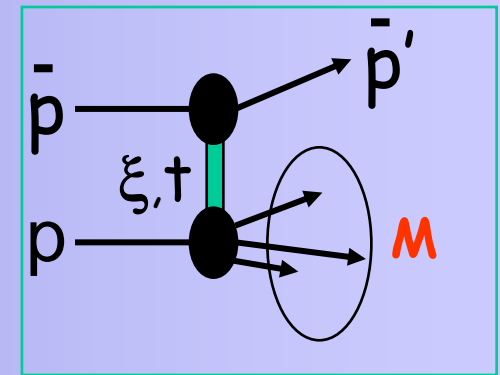


Single + Double Diffraction (SDD)

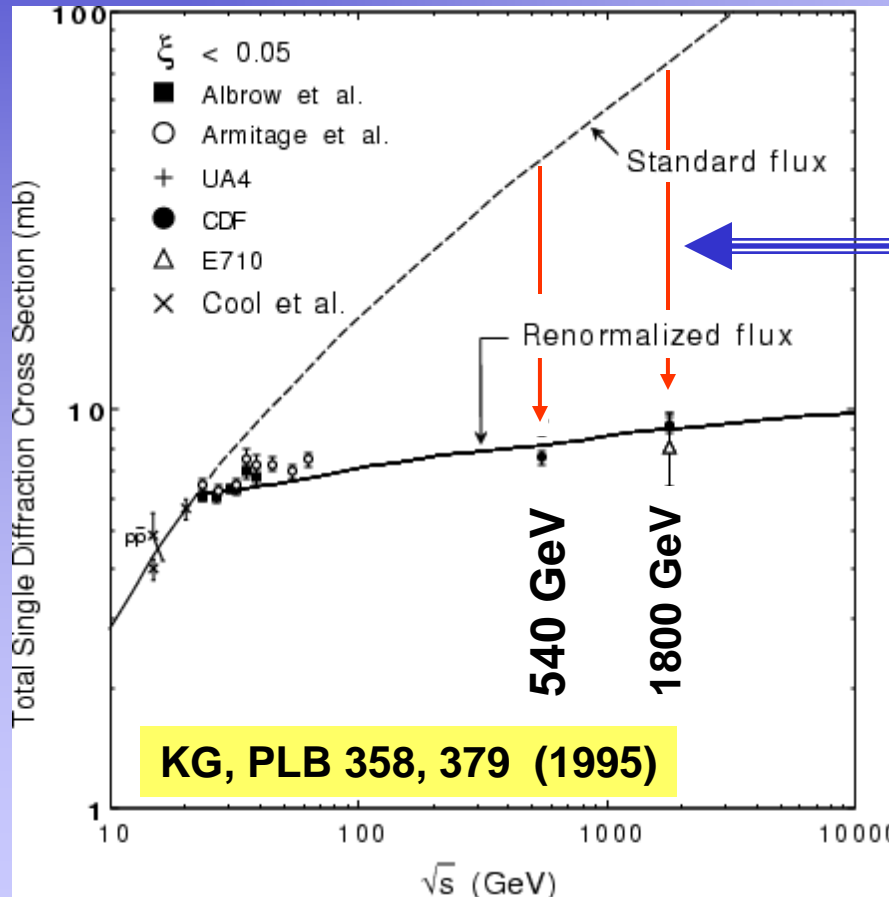


σ_{SD}^T (pp & $\bar{p}p$)

→ suppressed relative Regge prediction



σ_{SD}^T mb



Factor of ~8 (~5)
suppression at
 $\sqrt{s} = 1800$ (540) GeV

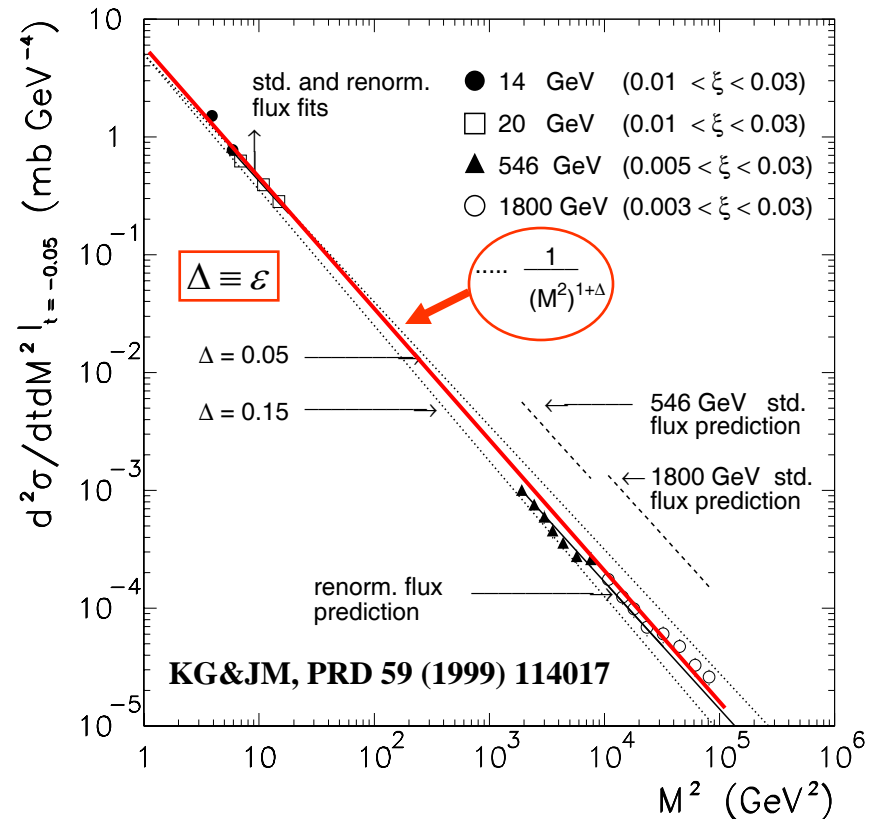
M² scaling

→ ds/dM² independent of s over 6 orders of magnitude!

renormalization

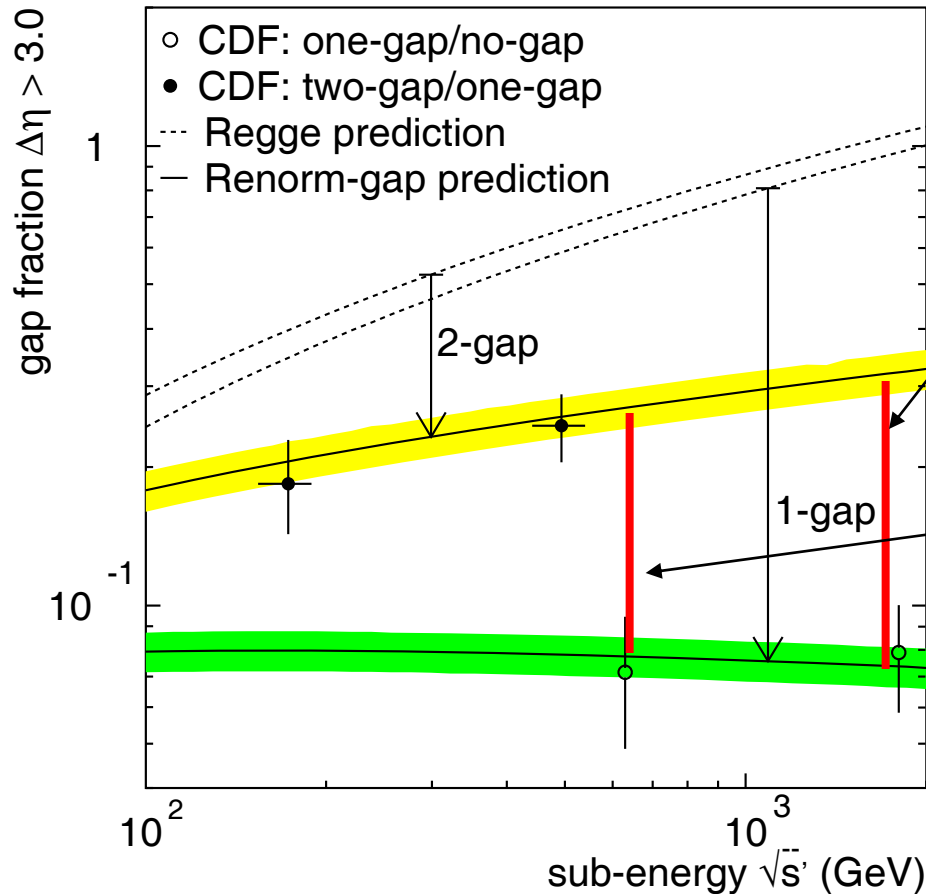
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dM^2} \propto \frac{s^{2\varepsilon}}{(M^2)^{1+\varepsilon}} \xrightarrow{\varepsilon \rightarrow 1} 1$$

→ Independent of s over 6 orders of magnitude in M²!



→ factorization breaks down to ensure M² scaling!

Gap Survival Probability - S

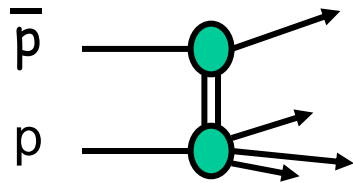


$$S = \frac{\frac{\phi \text{ (two gaps)} \eta}{\phi \text{ (one gap)} \eta} / \frac{\phi \text{ (one gap)} \eta}{\phi \text{ (two gaps)} \eta}}{\frac{\phi \text{ (one gap)} \eta}{\phi \text{ (two gaps)} \eta} / \frac{\phi \text{ (two gaps)} \eta}{\phi \text{ (one gap)} \eta}}$$

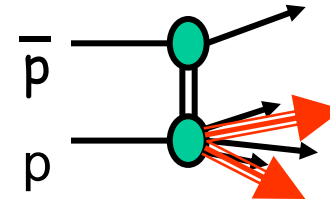
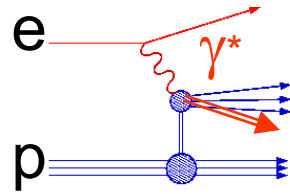
$$S_{2\text{-gap}/1\text{-gap}}^{1\text{-gap}/0\text{-gap}} (1800 \text{ GeV}) \approx 0.23$$

$$S_{2\text{-gap}/1\text{-gap}}^{1\text{-gap}/0\text{-gap}} (630 \text{ GeV}) \approx 0.29$$

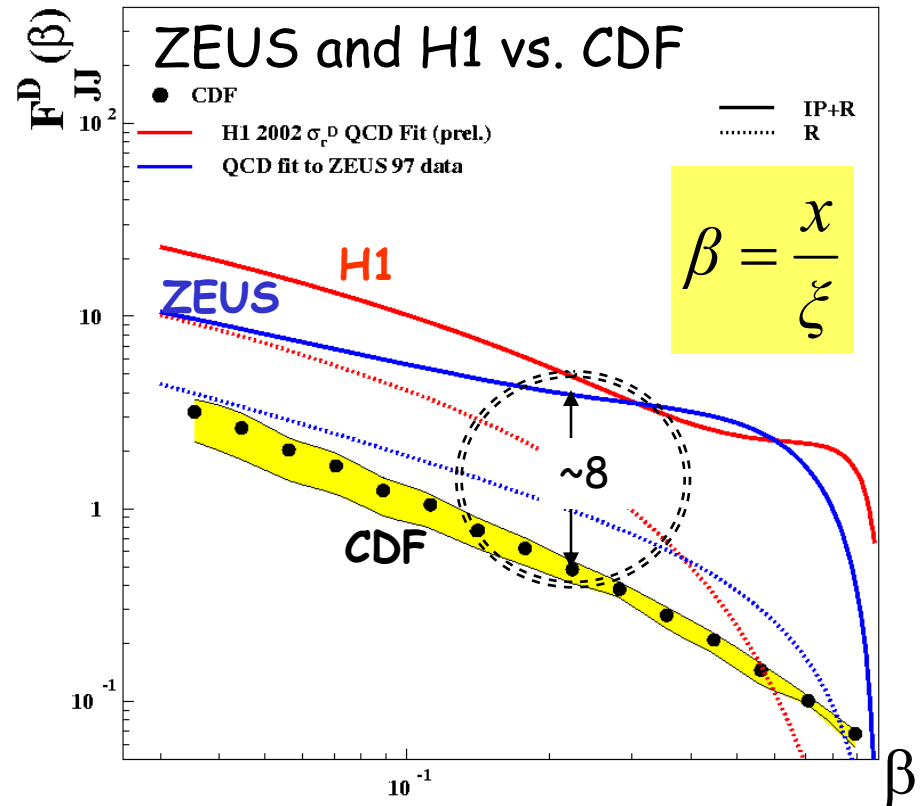
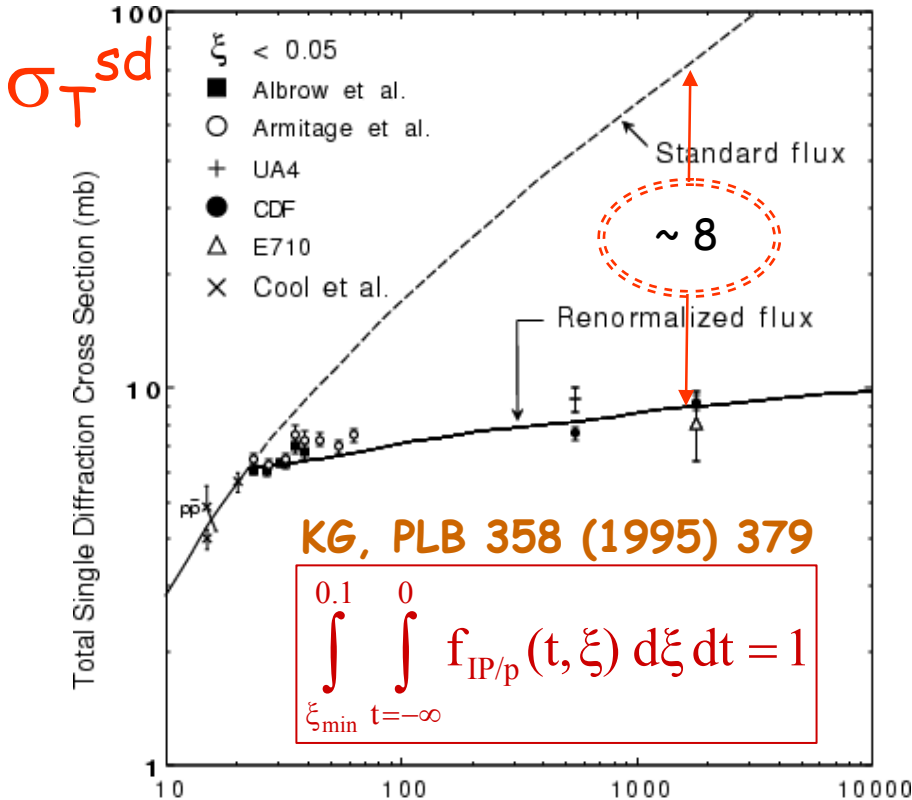
σ_{SD}^T and dijets



soft



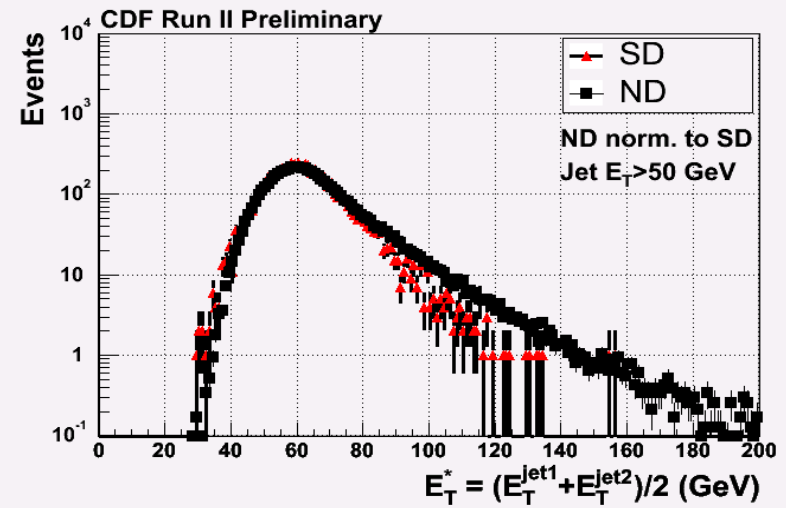
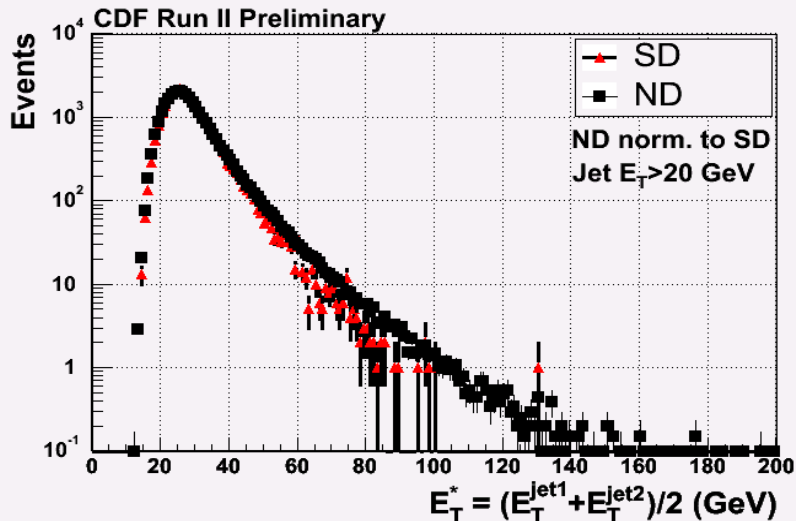
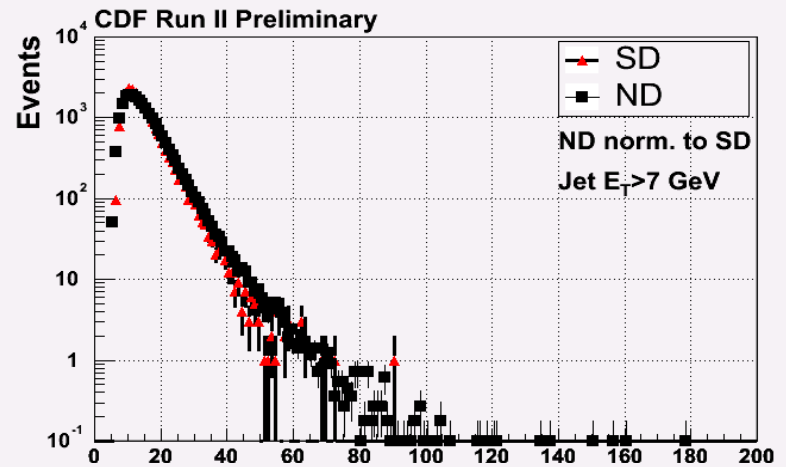
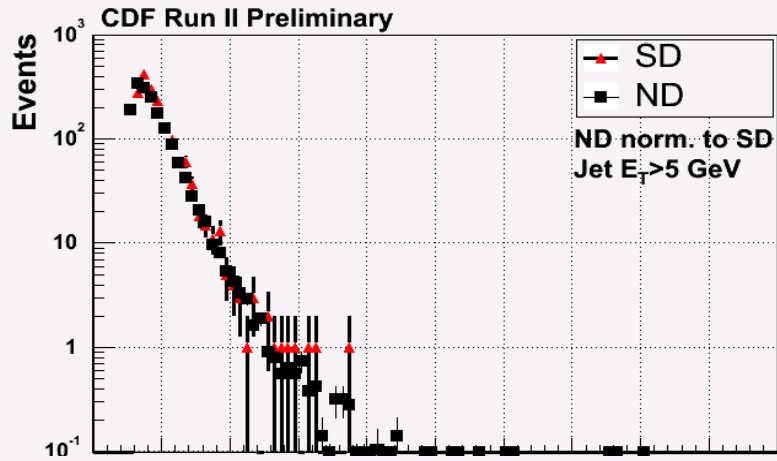
dijet



Magnitude: same suppression factor in soft and hard diffraction!

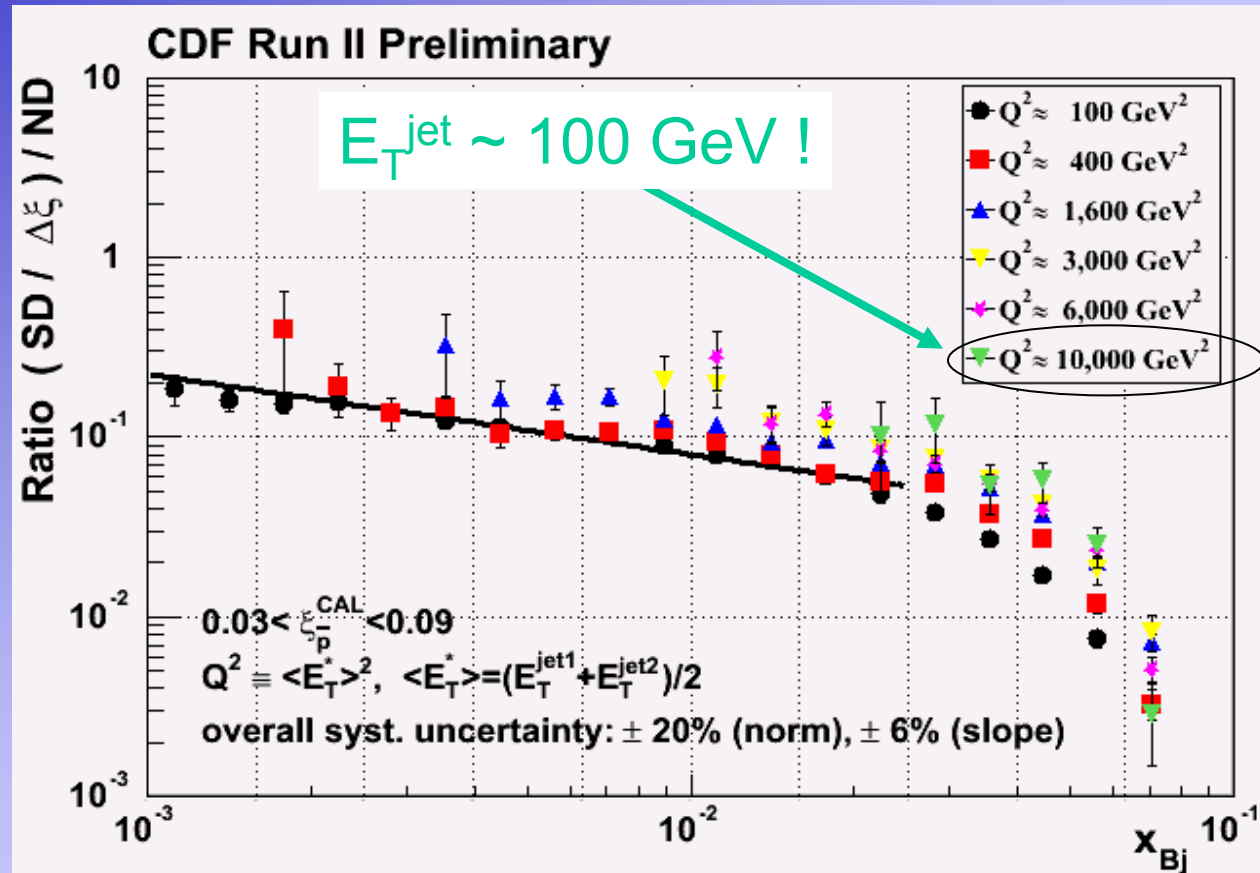
Shape of β distribution: ZEUS, H1, and Tevatron - why different shapes?

Dijets - E_T distribution



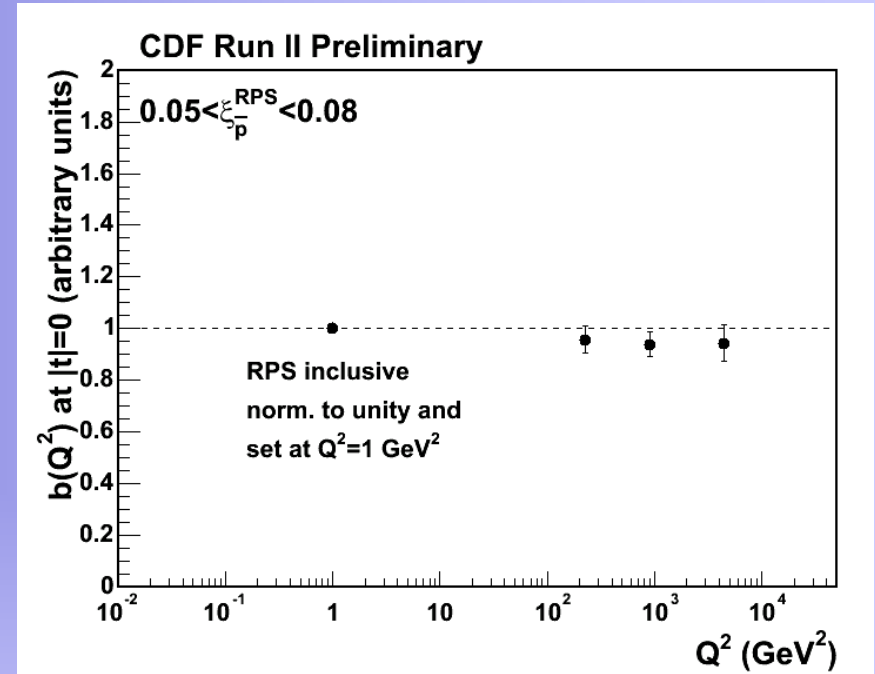
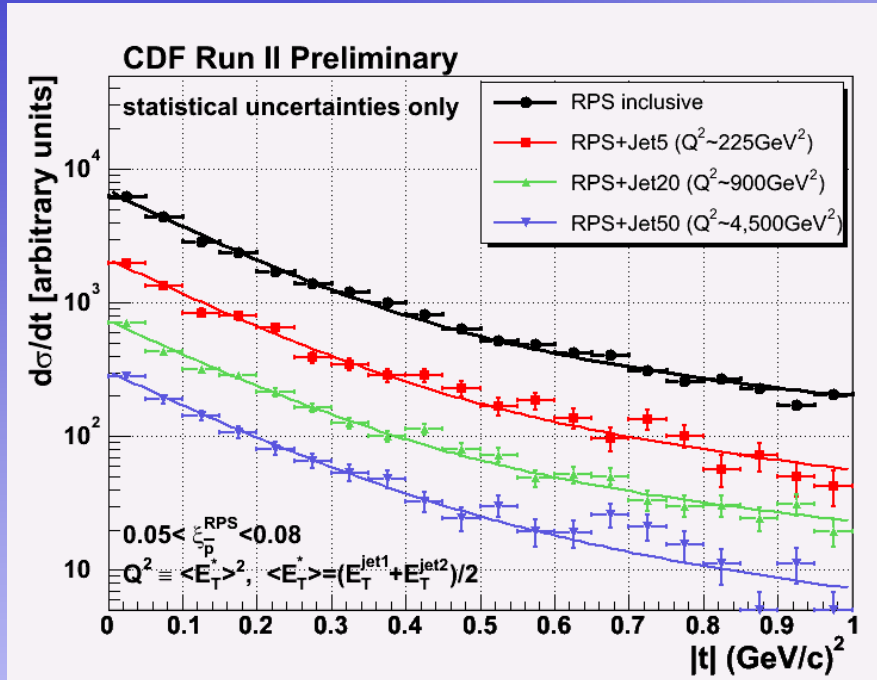
→ similar for SD and ND over 4 orders of magnitude

Dijets-Diffractive Structure Function x_{Bj} and Q^2 dependence



Small Q^2 dependence in region $100 < Q^2 < 10,000 \text{ GeV}^2$
 \Rightarrow Pomeron evolves as the proton!

Dijets - Diffractive Structure Function t- dependence



Fit $d\sigma/dt$ to a double exponential

$$F = 0.9 \cdot e^{b_1 \cdot t} + 0.1 \cdot e^{b_2 \cdot t}$$

➤ No Q^2 dependence in slope
 from inclusive to $Q^2 \sim 10^4 \text{ GeV}^2$

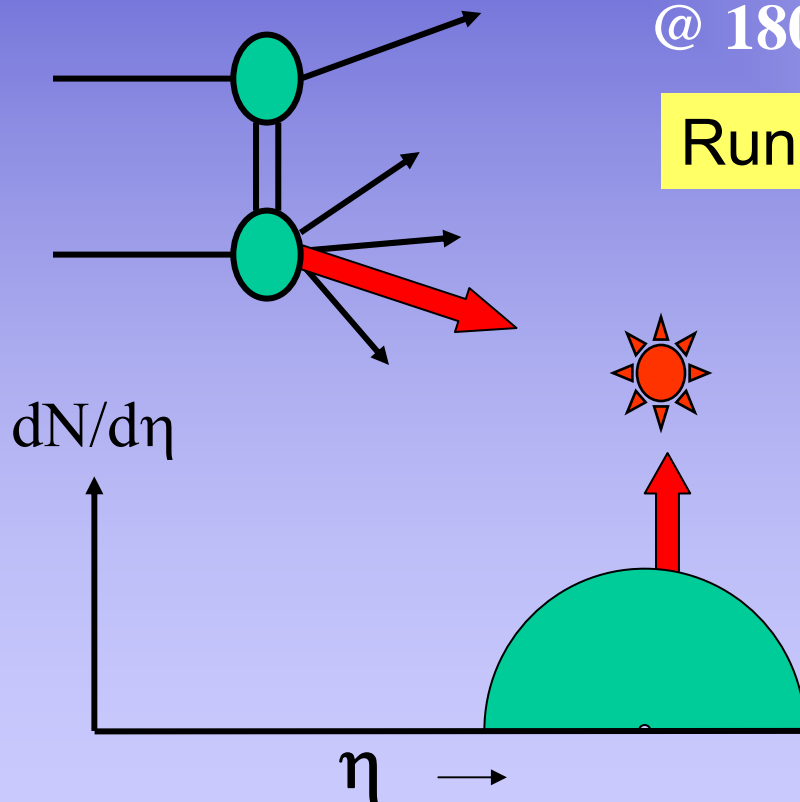
➤ Same slope over entire region of
 $\sim 1 < Q^2 < 4,500 \text{ GeV}^2$


Hard diffractive fractions

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow (\odot + X) + \text{gap}$$

Fraction: SD/ND
@ 1800 GeV

Run I



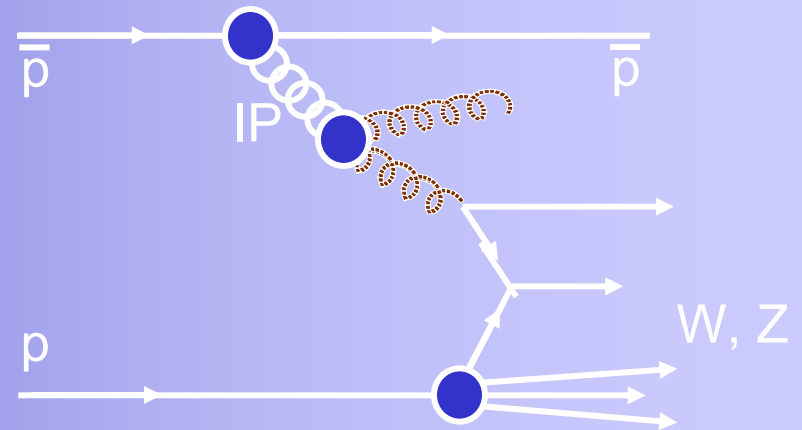
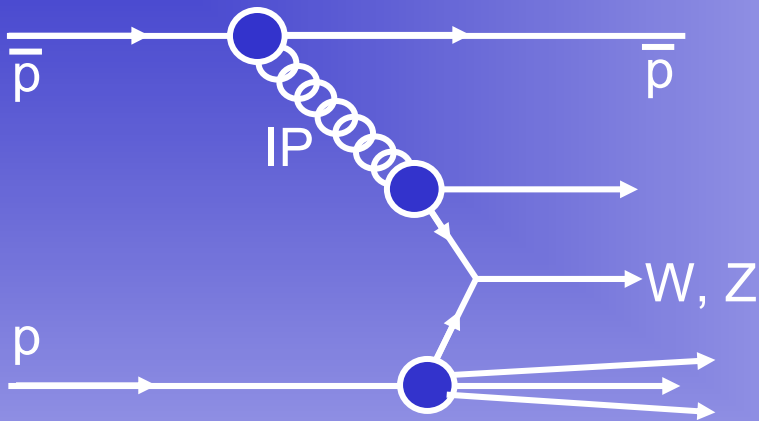
	Fraction (%)
JJ	0.75 +/- 0.10
W	0.115 +/- 0.55
b	0.62 +/- 0.25
J/ψ	1.45 +/- 0.25

All fractions ~ 1%
(differences due to kinematics)

➤ ~ uniform suppression

➤ ~ **FACTORIZATION !** !

Diffraction W/Z production - Run II



- Diffractive W production probes the quark content of the Pomeron

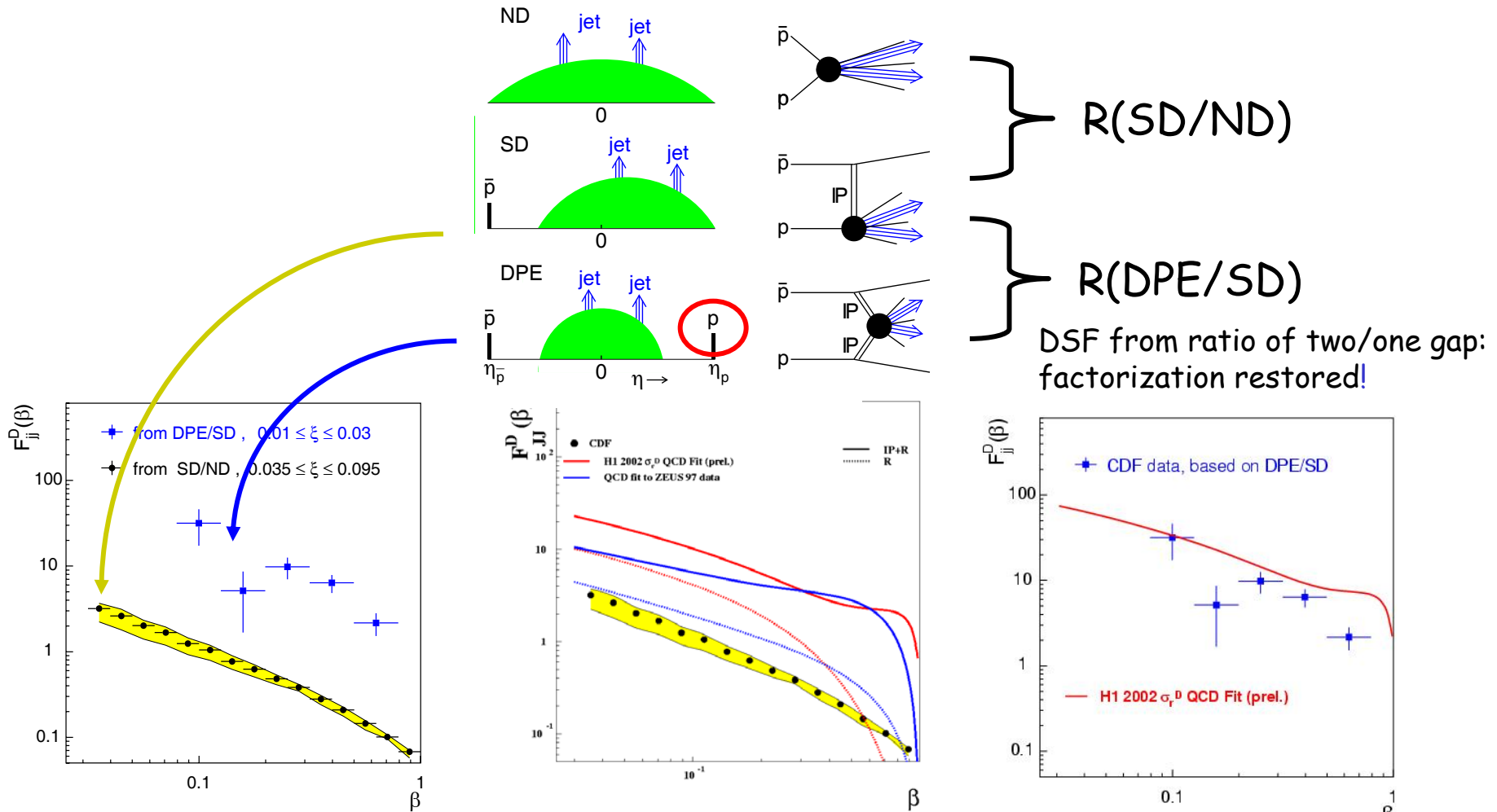
- Production by gluons is suppressed by a factor of α_S

$$R^W (0.03 < \xi < 0.10, |t| < 1) = [0.97 \pm 0.05(\text{stat}) \pm 0.11(\text{syst})]\%$$

Run I: $R^W = 1.15 \pm 0.55\%$ for $\xi < 0.1 \rightarrow$ estimate $0.97 \pm 0.47\%$ in $0.03 < \xi < 0.10$ & $|t| < 1$

$$R^Z (0.03 < x < 0.10, |t| < 1) = [0.85 \pm 0.20(\text{stat}) \pm 0.11(\text{syst})]\%$$

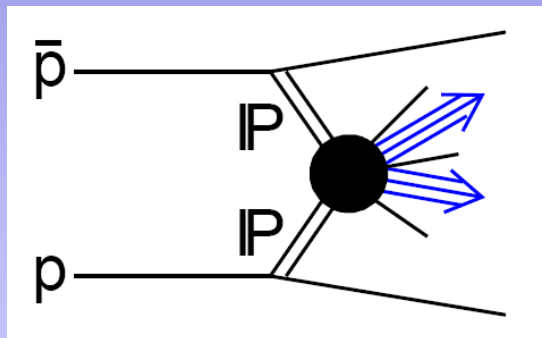
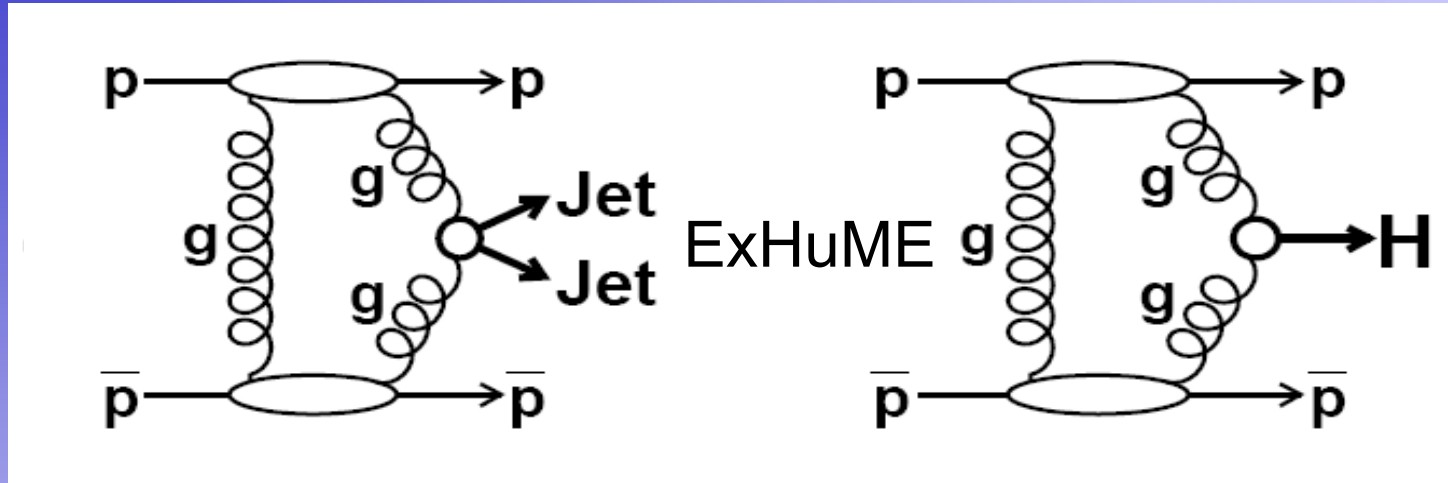
Multi-gap dijets - factorization restored!



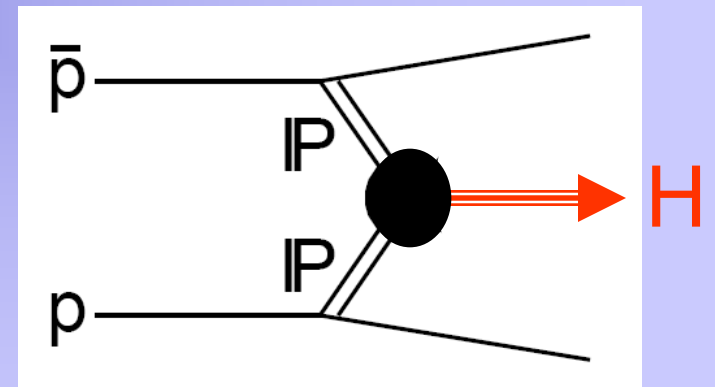
The diffractive structure function measured on the proton side in events with a leading antiproton is NOT suppressed relative to predictions based on DDIS

Exclusive Dijet and Higgs Production

Phys. Rev. D 77, 052004

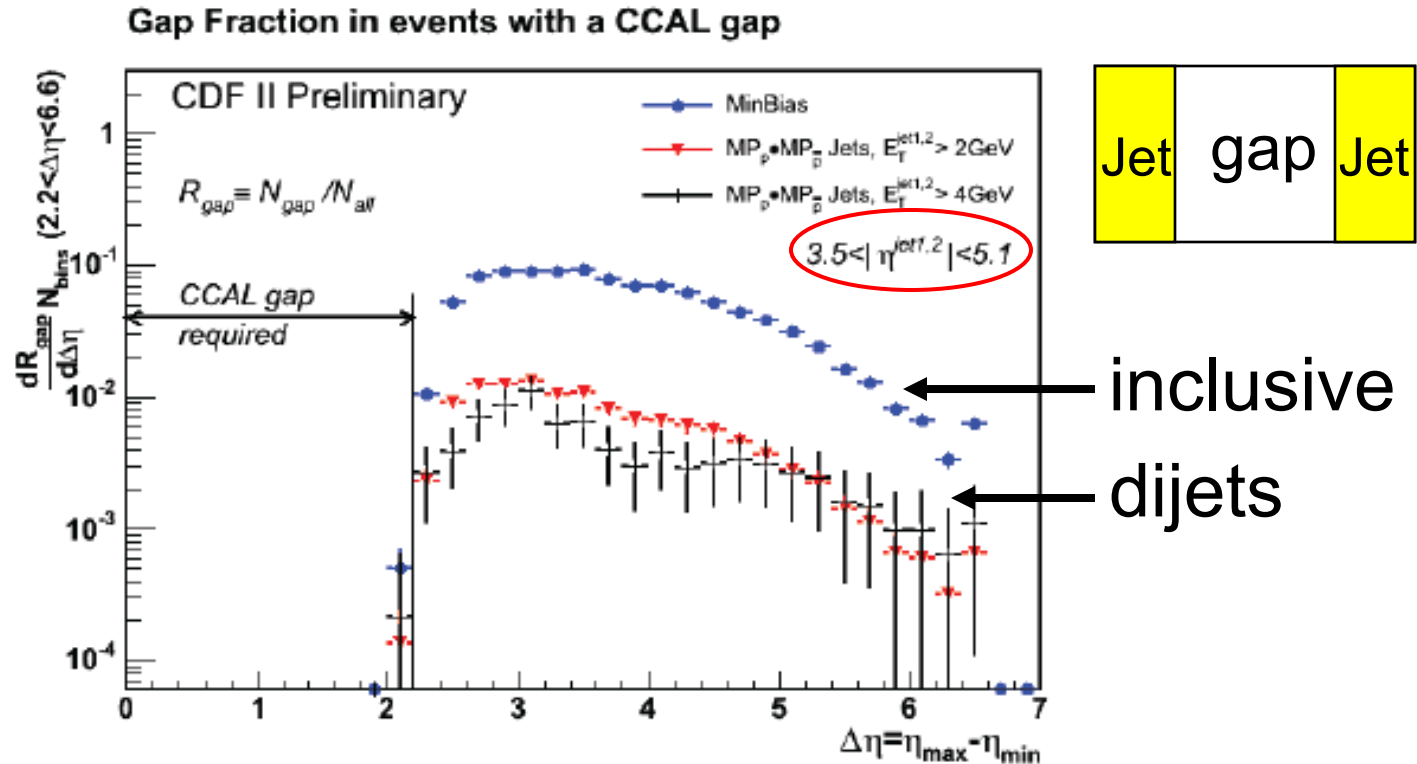


DPEMC



suppression factor ~ 50

Central gaps

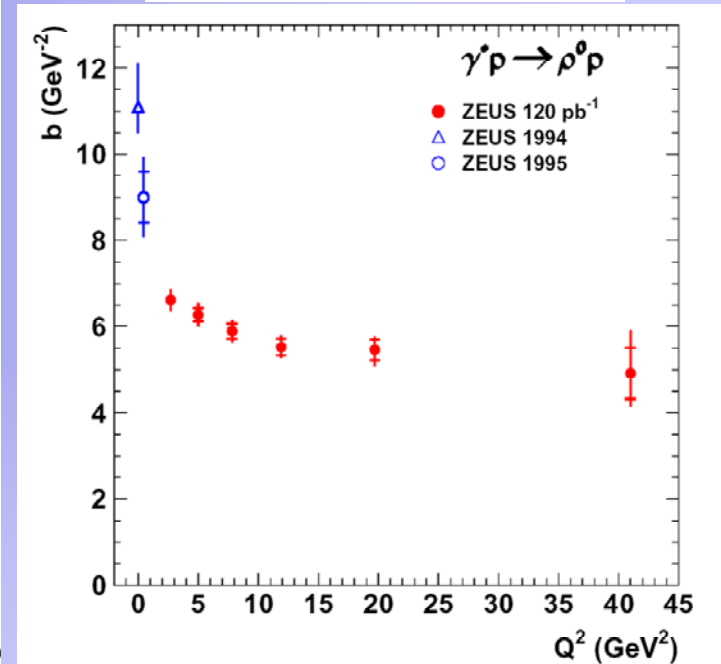
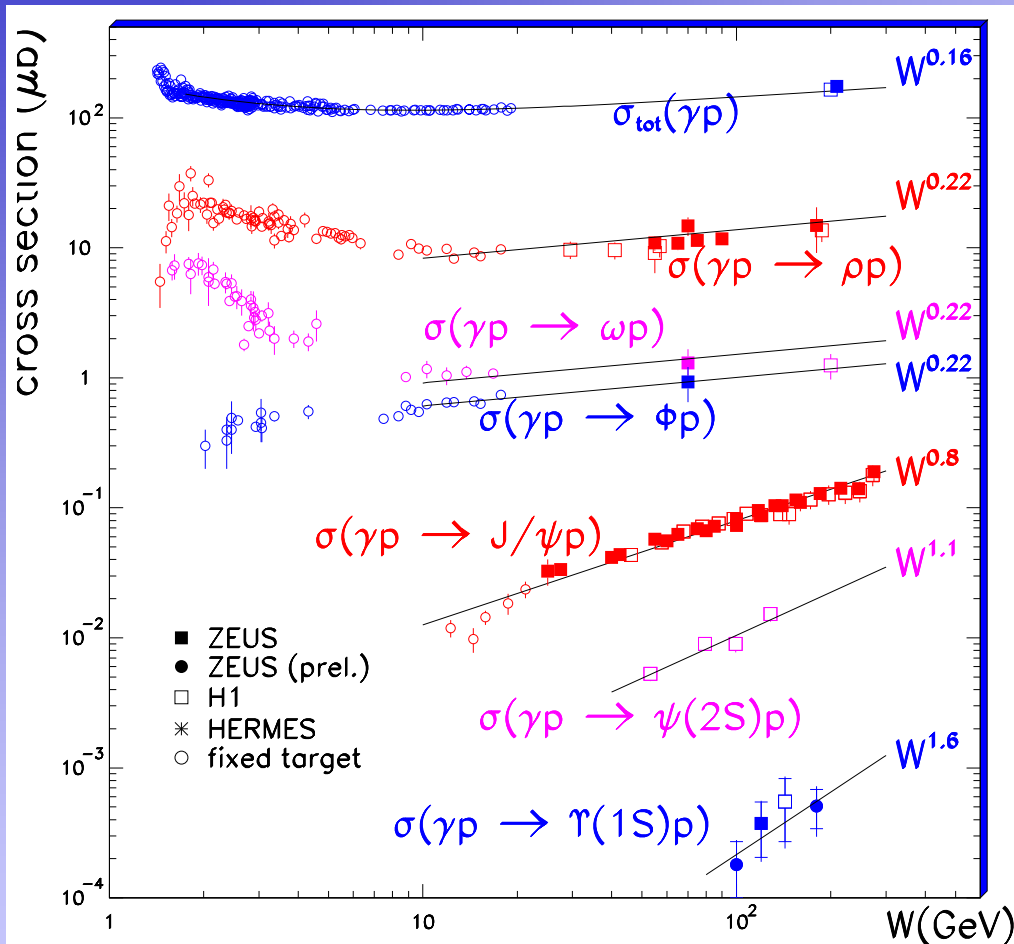
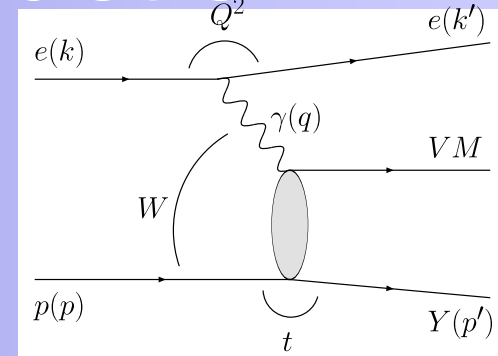


The distribution of the gap fraction $R_{\text{gap}} = N_{\text{gap}} / N_{\text{all}}$ vs $\Delta\eta$ for MinBias ($CLC_p \bullet CLC_{pbar}$) and MiniPlug jet events ($MP_p \bullet MP_{pbar}$) of $E_{T(\text{jet}1,2)} > 2 \text{ GeV}$ and $E_{T(\text{jet}1,2)} > 4 \text{ GeV}$.
The distributions are similar in shape within the uncertainties.

γp and $\gamma^* p$ results

Vector meson production

(Pierre Marage, HERA-LHC 2008)

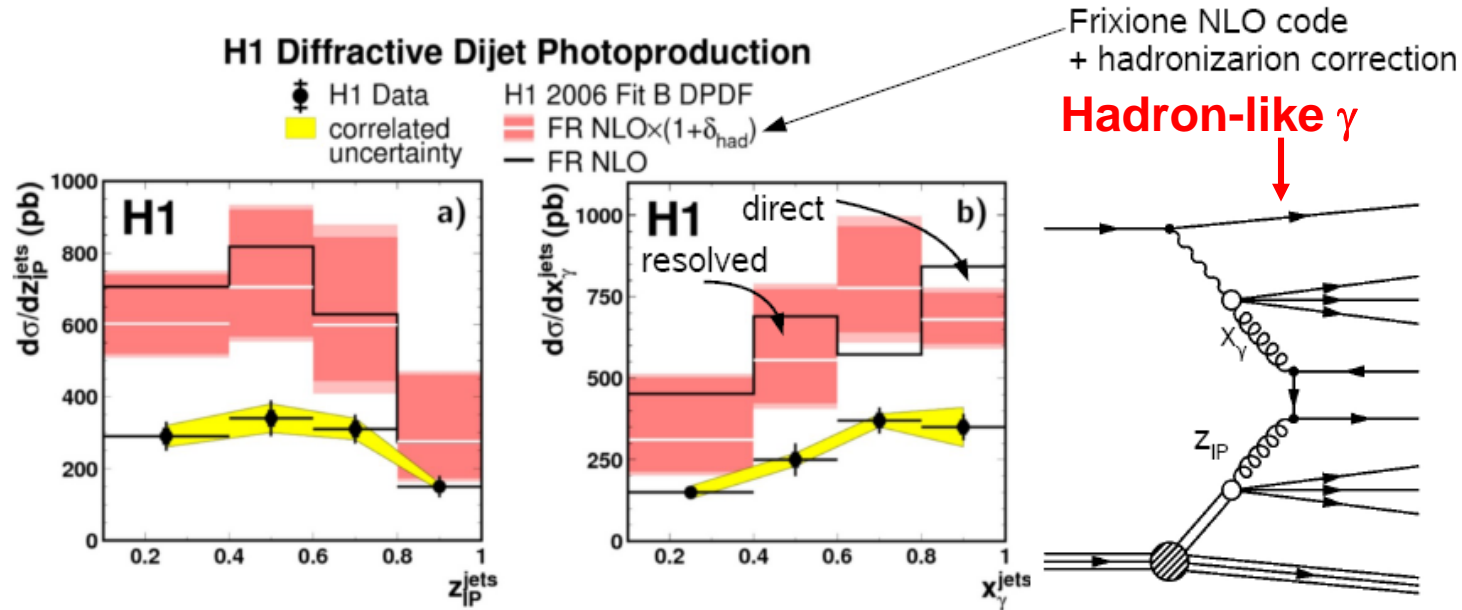


- *left* - why different σ vs. W slopes?
- *right* - why smaller b -slope in γ^*p !?

Dijets in γp at HERA - 2007

[slide from summary of the HERA/LHC Workshop of March 14, 2007]

Dijets in γp



- large violation of naive factorization observed
- factorization breaking occurs in direct and resolved processes

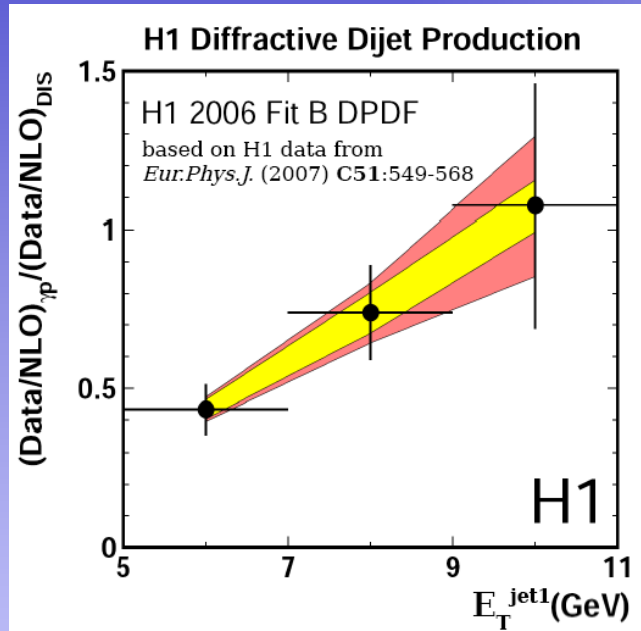
QCD factorisation not OK

Unexpected, not understood

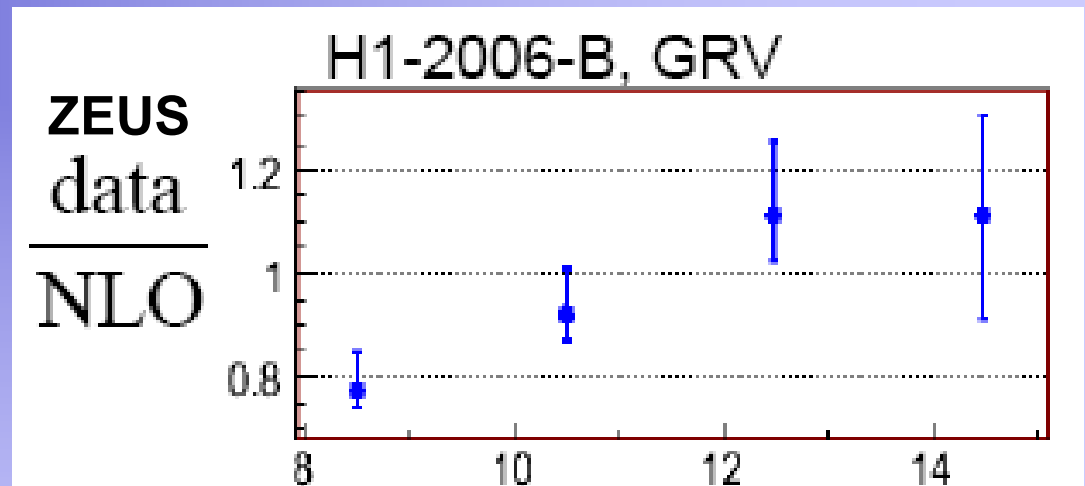
Matthias Mozer, HERA-LHC 2007

12

Dijets in γp at HERA - 2008



DIS 2008 talk by W. Slomiński,



□ 20-50 % rise (?) from $E_T^T 5 \rightarrow 10$ GeV

Renormalization: *the common thread*

→ works for pp , $\bar{p}p$, γp and γ^*p

→ removes overlapping gaps!

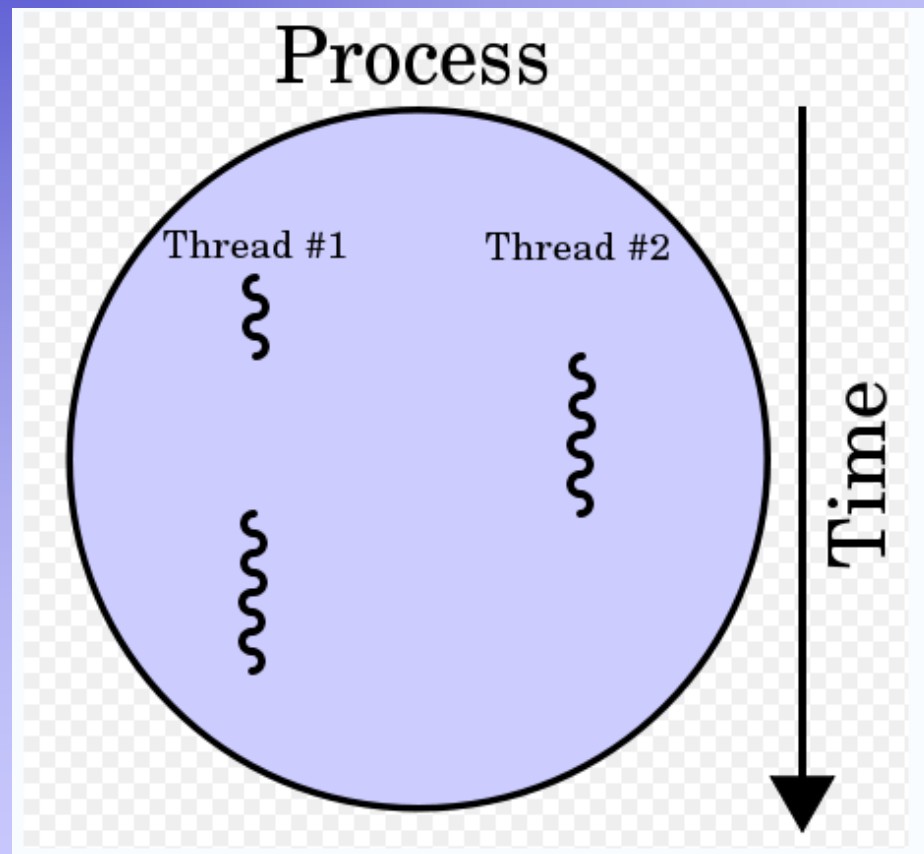
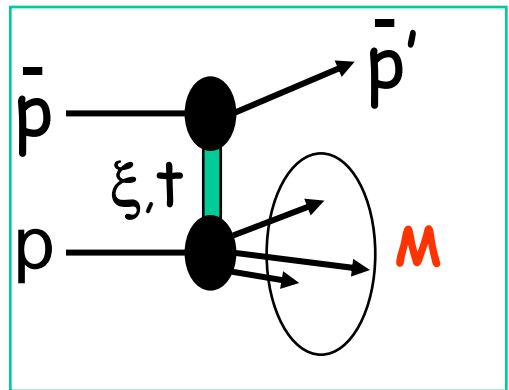
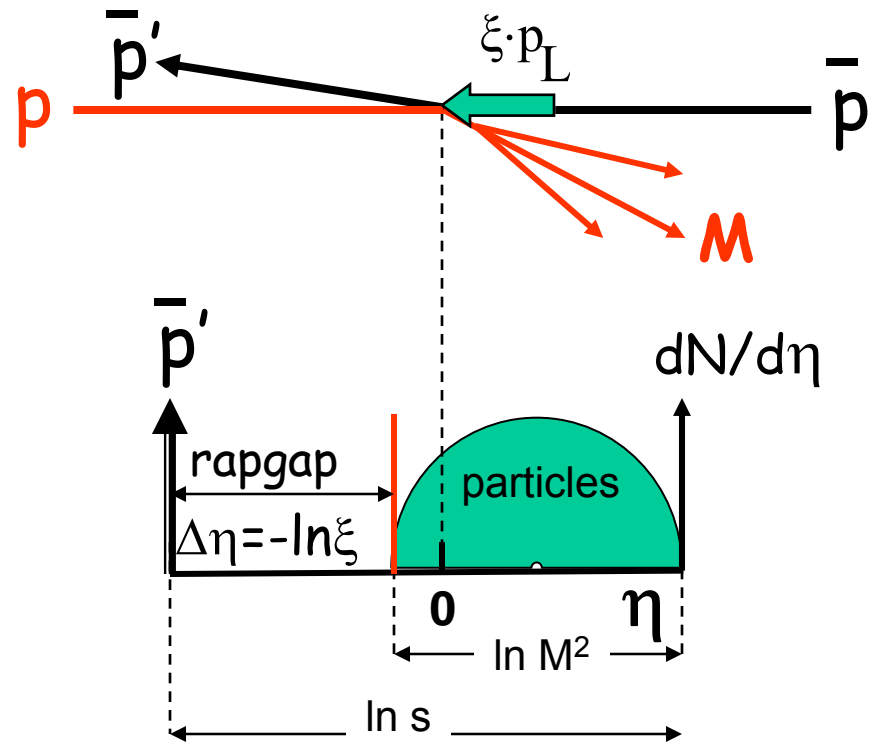


figure from [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thread_\(computer_science\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thread_(computer_science))



$$1 - x_L \equiv \xi = \frac{M^2}{s}$$

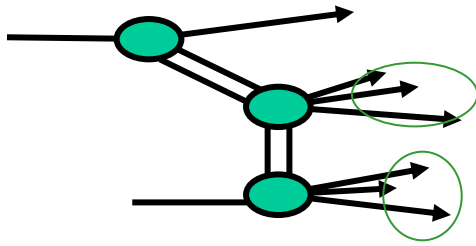


vacuum exchange

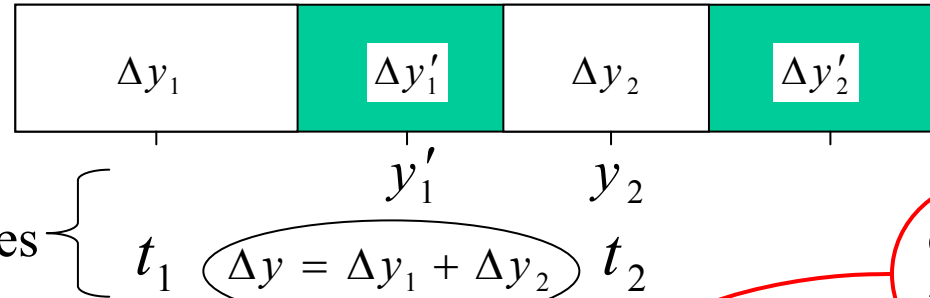


$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Delta\eta} \right)_{t=0} \approx \text{constant} \Rightarrow \frac{d\sigma}{d\xi} \propto \frac{1}{\xi} \Rightarrow \frac{d\sigma}{dM^2} \propto \frac{1}{M^2}$$

Multigap Cross Sections



5 independent variables



$$\Delta y = \Delta y_1 + \Delta y_2$$

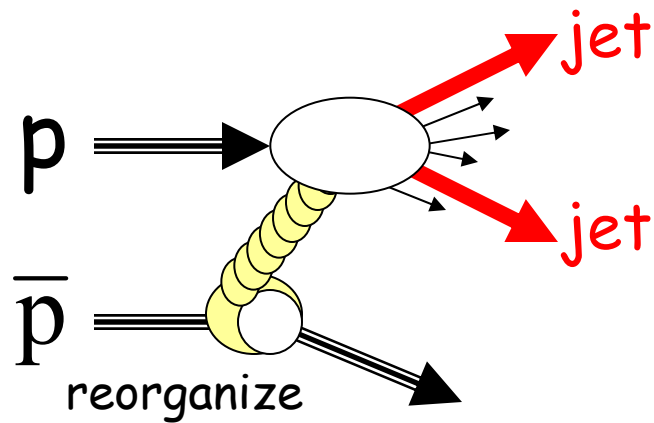
$$\prod_{i=1-5} \frac{d^5 \sigma}{dV_i} = C \times F_p^2(t_1) \prod_{i=1-2} \left\{ e^{(\varepsilon + \alpha' t_i) \Delta y_i} \right\}^2 \times \kappa^2 \left\{ \sigma_o e^{\varepsilon(\Delta y'_1 + \Delta y'_2)} \right\}$$

Gap probability
 $\int_{\Delta y, t} \sim s^{2\varepsilon} / \ln s$

Sub-energy cross section
 (for regions with particles)

Same suppression
 as for single gap!

Diffraction dijets @ Tevatron



$$F^D(\xi, x, Q^2) \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+2\varepsilon}} \cdot F(x/\xi, Q^2)$$

$F^D_{JJ}(\xi, \beta, Q^2)$ @ Tevatron

$$F^D(\xi, \beta, Q^2) = N_{\text{renorm}} \frac{1}{\xi^{1+2\varepsilon}} \cdot \frac{C(Q^2)}{(x/\xi)^{\lambda(Q^2)}} = \frac{2\varepsilon}{(\beta s)^{2\varepsilon}} \cdot \frac{1}{\xi^{1+2\varepsilon}} \cdot \frac{C(Q^2)}{\beta^{\lambda(Q^2)}}$$

$$N_{\text{renorm}}^{-1} = \int_{\xi_{\min}}^1 \frac{d\xi}{\xi^{1+2\varepsilon}} \xrightarrow{\xi_{\min} = \frac{x_{\min}}{\beta} \approx \frac{1}{\beta s}} \frac{(\beta s)^{2\varepsilon}}{2\varepsilon}$$

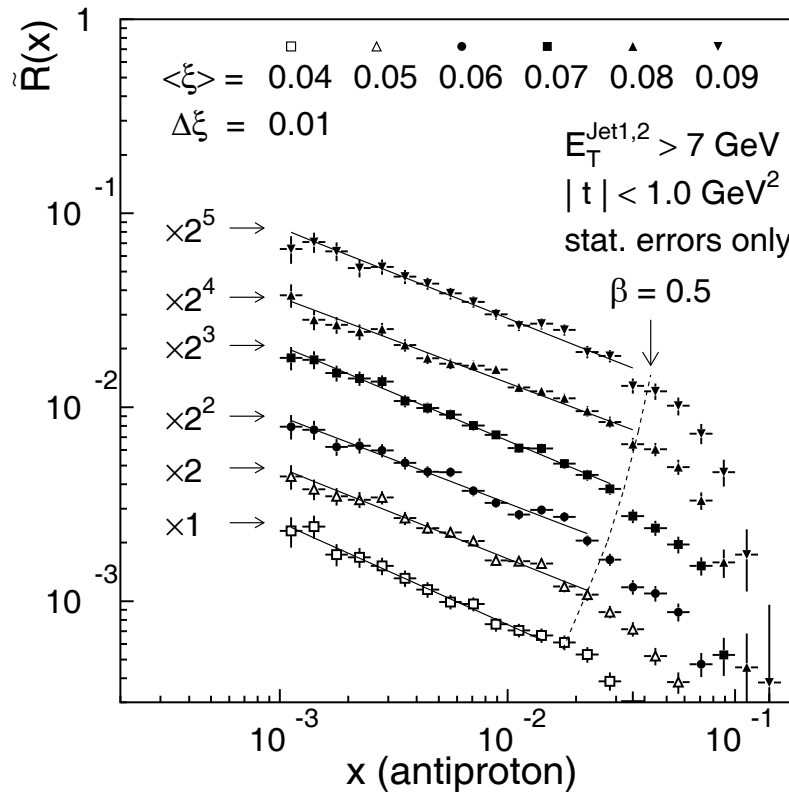
$$\text{RENORM} \Rightarrow R_{ND}^{SD}(x) = \frac{2\varepsilon}{s^{2\varepsilon}} \frac{1}{\xi^{1-\lambda(Q^2)}} \cdot x^{-(2\varepsilon)}$$

$$\varepsilon_g = 0.2 \rightarrow x^{-0.4}$$

SD/ND dijet ratio vs. x_{Bj} @ CDF

CDF Run I

$$R(x) = \frac{F_{jj}^{SD}(x)}{F_{jj}^{ND}(x)}$$



$$0.035 < \xi < 0.095$$

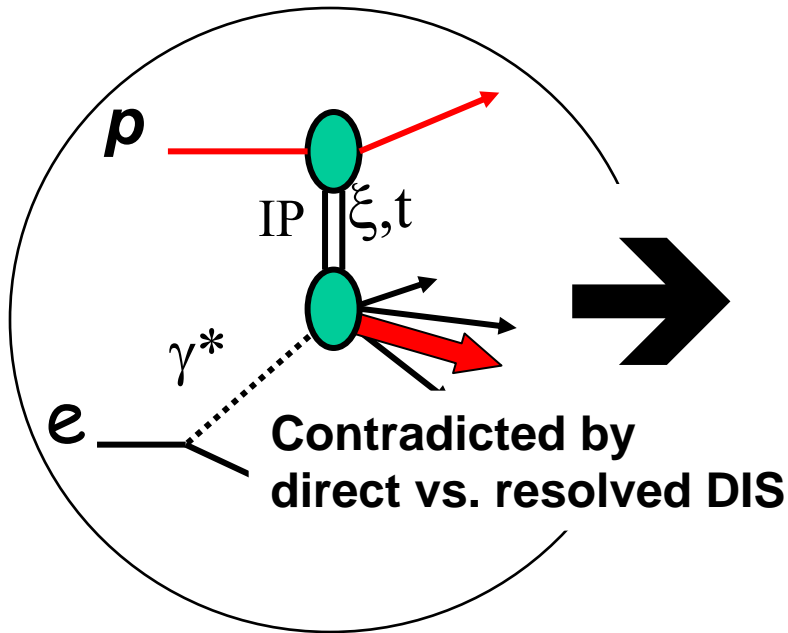
Flat ξ dependence
for $\beta < 0.5$

$$R(x) = x^{-0.45}$$

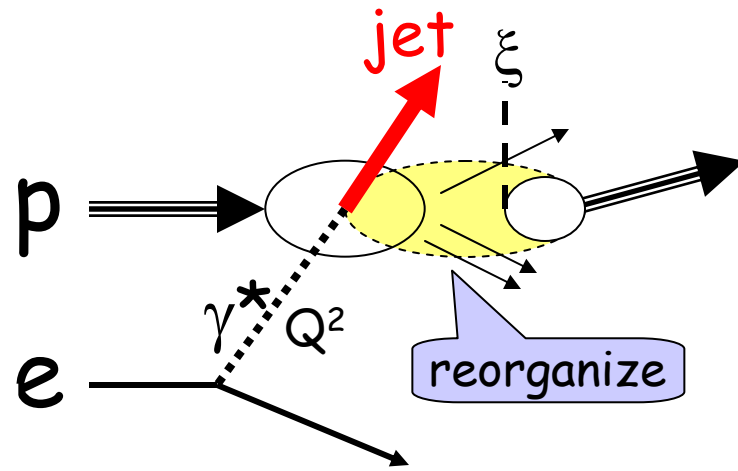
Diffractive DIS @ HERA

J. Collins: factorization holds (but under what conditions?)

Pomeron exchange



Color reorganization

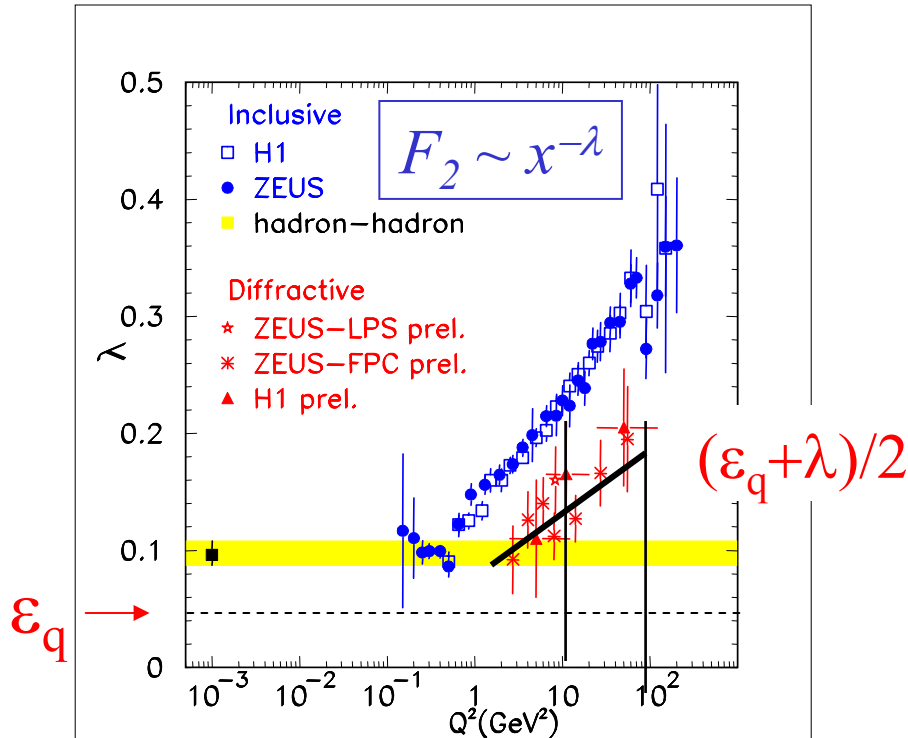


$$F_2^{D(3)}(\xi, x, Q^2) \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+\varepsilon}} \cdot F_2(x, Q^2)$$

$$F_2^{D(3)}(\xi, \beta, Q^2) \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+\varepsilon}} \cdot \frac{C(Q^2)}{(\beta\xi)^\lambda(Q^2)} \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+\varepsilon+\lambda(Q)^2}} \cdot \frac{C}{\beta^\lambda}$$

Inclusive vs. diffractive DIS

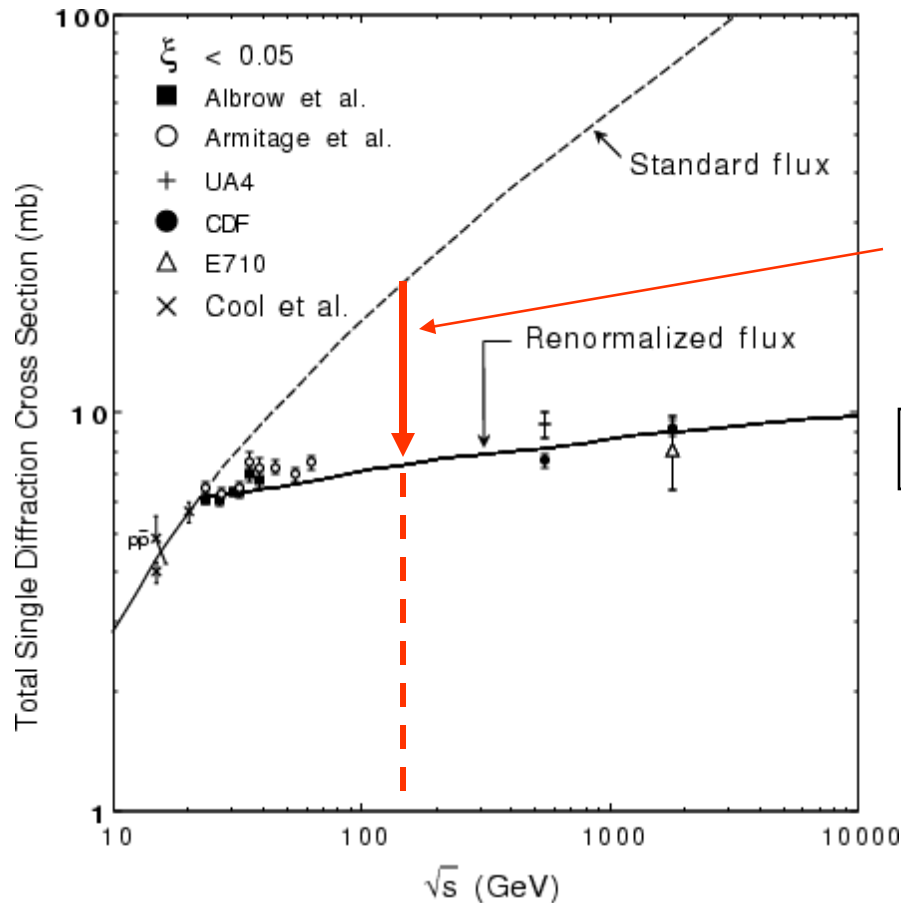
KG, "Diffraction: a New Approach," J.Phys.G26:716-720,2000 e-Print Archive: hep-ph/0001092



$$F_2^{D(3)}(\xi, \beta, Q^2) \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+\epsilon}} \cdot \frac{C(Q^2)}{(\beta\xi)^\lambda(Q^2)} \propto \frac{1}{\xi^{1+\epsilon+\lambda}(Q)^2} \cdot \frac{C}{\beta^\lambda(Q^2)}$$

Dijets in γp at HERA: the expectation

K. Goulios, POS (DIFF2006) 055 (p. 8)

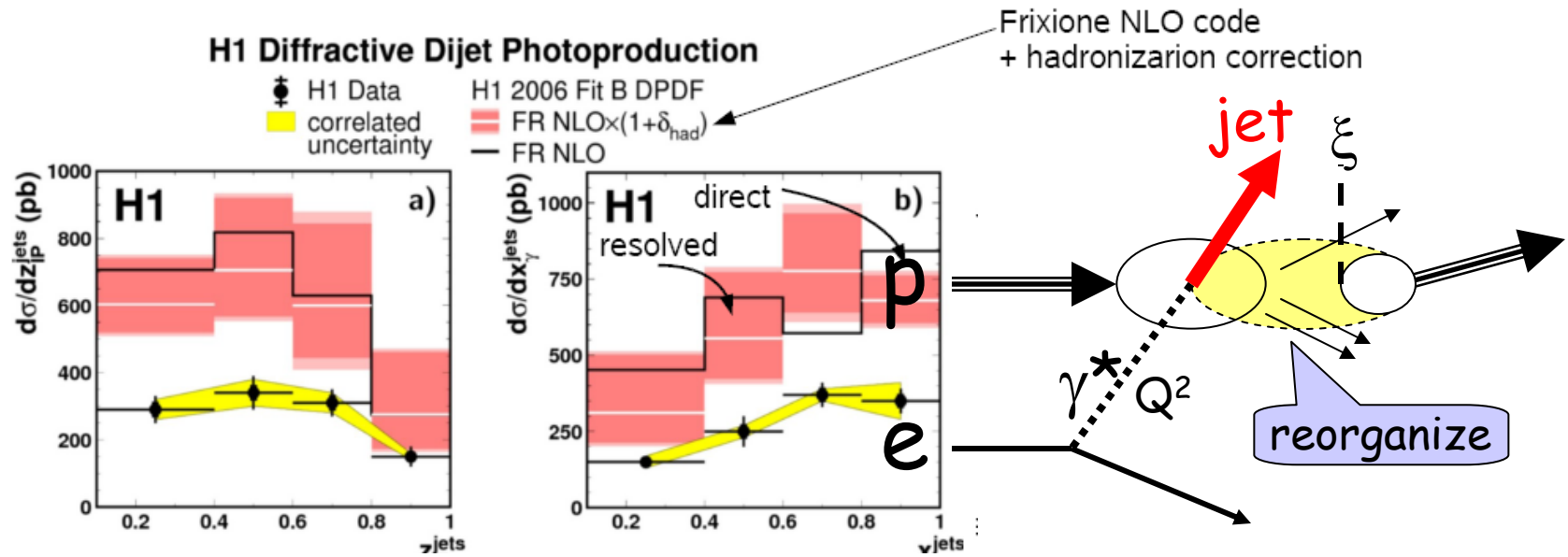


Factor of ~ 3 suppression
expected at $W \sim 200$ GeV
(just as in pp collisions)

for both direct and resolved components

Dijets in γp at HERA - 2007

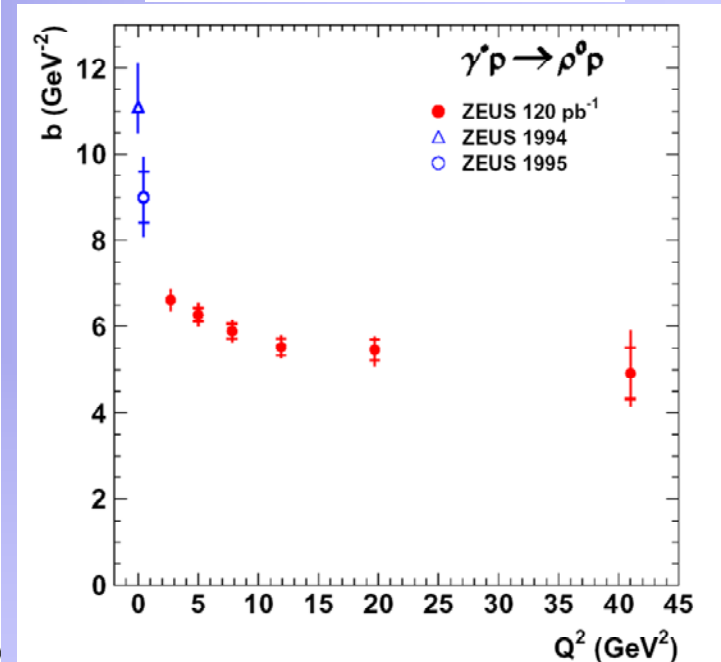
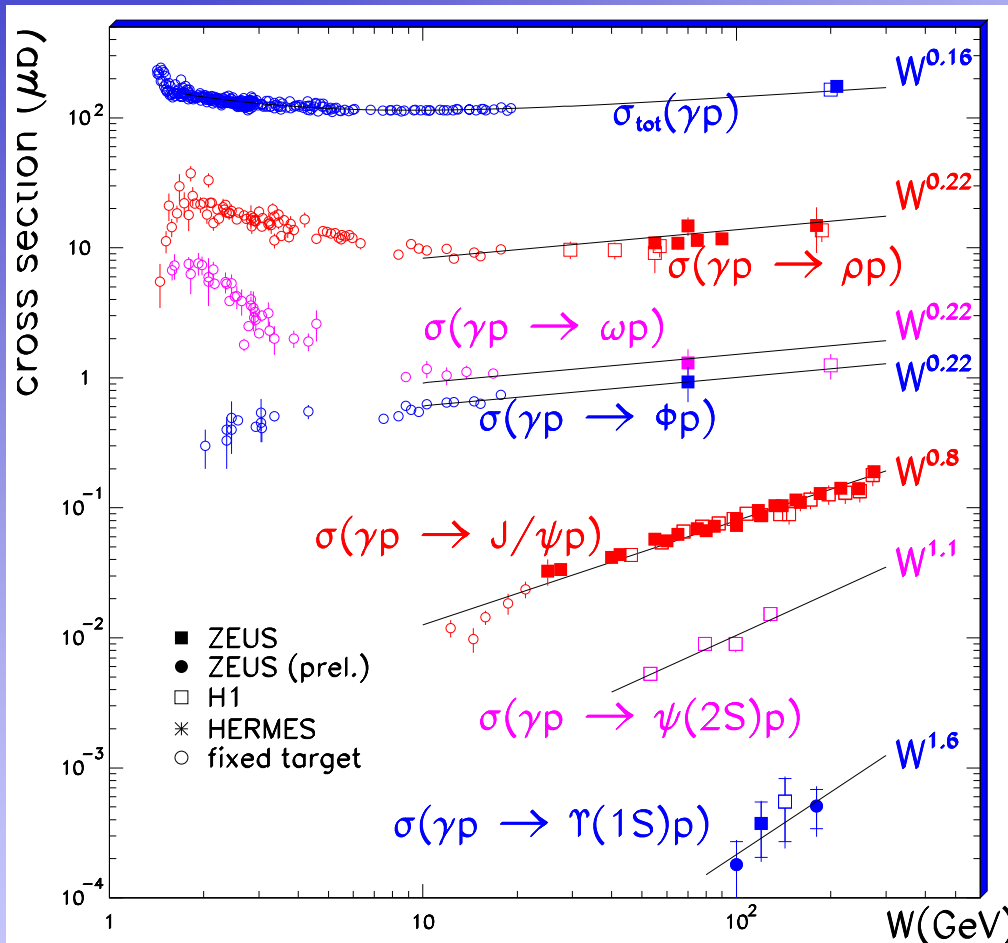
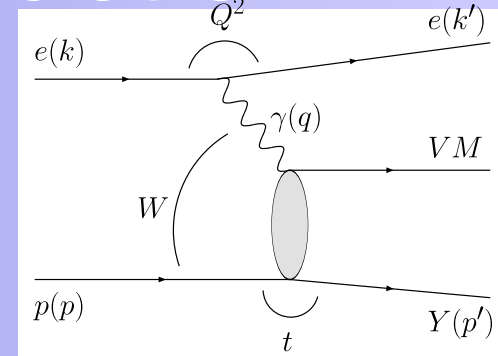
Dijets in γp



- see figure on right:
- → same suppression for direct and resolved processes
- → suppression at low v_{jets} since larger $\Delta\eta$ available for particles

Vector meson production

(Pierre Marage, HERA-LHC 2008)



- *left* - suppression of 20-50 % at high $W \rightarrow$ more room for particles
- *right* - suppression at low $|t|$ for high $Q^2 \rightarrow$ same reason

thank you

thank you

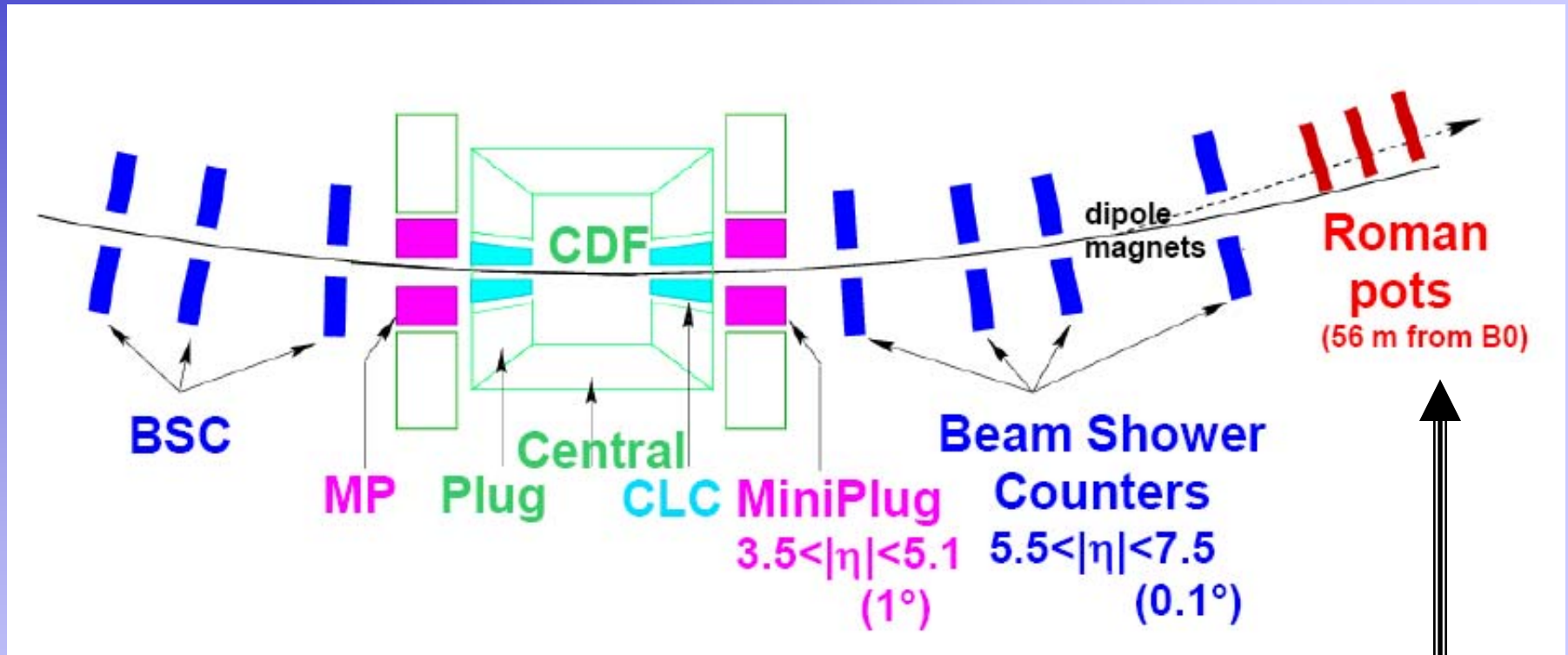


DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS?

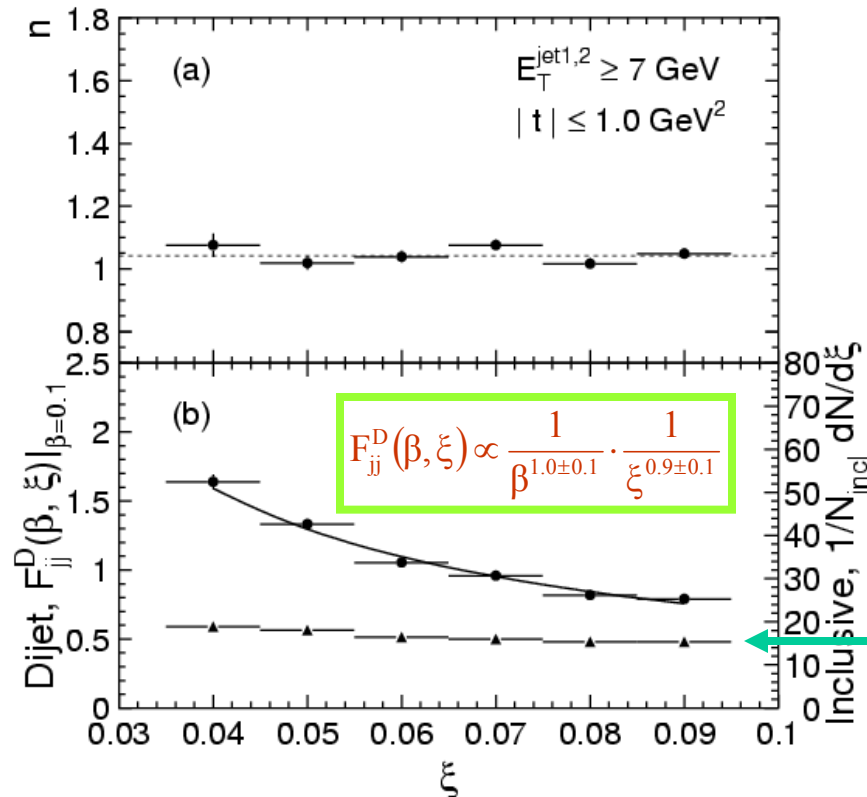
BACKUP

The CDF II detectors



RPS acceptance $\sim 80\%$ for $0.03 < \xi < 0.1$ and $|t| < 0.1$

ξ & β dependence of F_{jj}^D – Run I



$$\frac{d\sigma_{\text{incl}}}{d\xi} \propto \text{constant}$$

$$F_{jj}^D(\beta, \xi) \sim \frac{1}{\beta} \cdot \frac{1}{\xi}$$

Pomeron dominated